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NO. 11

BATTLE WITH BANK ROBBERS

DESPERADOES FORCED TO ABANDON LOOT

Three Men Blow Open Vaults With Nitro-Glycerine—Escape After Fight

Newport Beach, Cal., Jan. 13.—Three bandits, equipped with large quantities of nitro-glycerine, destroyed the supposedly burglar-proof safe of the State Bank of Newport Beach at 2:30 a. m. to-day, but in a battle with citizens who were aroused by the explosions, they were forced to drop their loot, amounting to about \$2,000, before they got outside of the bank building. One of the robbers was wounded, but all escaped, although they are now closely pursued by a posse of Orange county deputies, with their ultimate capture apparently only a matter of a short time.

Port Kimball, a fisherman, who pushed to a point near the bank when the explosions occurred, was mistaken for one of the robbers and was seriously wounded by a load of buckshot fired into him by William Hall, a saloonkeeper, who also wounded one of the bandits. Kimball is now in a hospital at Santa Ana, five miles from here. The wounded bandit was knocked down by Hall's volley of buckshot, but was picked up by his pals and rushed to a rig eight blocks away, in which they escaped.

Four charges were exploded in the safe before it yielded. The first explosion aroused Hall and a number of citizens. Procuring a shotgun, Hall hid himself behind an oil barrel standing on the curb opposite the bank, and when the bandits emerged with their loot the saloonkeeper fired at them. The shot from the big-bore gun shattered the wall over the head of the robber who was carrying the cash in a horse nose-bag. He dropped the sack and fled. Hall fired again as the robbers sped down the street, and one of the fugitives tumbled over. Parts of a burglar's kit of tools rolled out of his pockets, but he was helped by his pals and got to the buggy.

Before they tried to blow the bank safe the bandits entered the post office and after robbing the till there of \$10, they cut every telephone wire leading into the Newport Beach exchange, which is located in the same building. Having thus isolated the town, they ventured leisurely to work on the bank building. In their haste the bandits left behind them large quantities of nitro-glycerine lying about in the vicinity of the looted bank.

When Charles Wallace, cashier of the institution arrived, he found two bottles of the explosive standing on the table in the directors' room. The presence of the highly-dangerous bottles deterred everyone from entering the bank. After Wallace made his discovery constables established a cordon about the place to await the coming of detectives, who later joined in the chase for the robbers.

This was the second time the State Bank of Newport has been attacked by robbers.

FRENCH BARONESS SENTENCED TO DEATH

Implicated in Murder of Husband—Son Gets Twenty Years

Paris, Jan. 13.—At a late hour last night Robert Decourvigny and his mother, the Baroness Decourvigny, were found guilty by a jury at Cannes. The youth was charged with shooting and killing his father and the baroness with complicity in the crime and with attempting to poison the baron.

The jury reported that there were extenuating circumstances in the case of the son. The court sentenced the baroness to death and the son to twenty years' imprisonment.

The Decourvigny family lived at Fresno Lamere, and it is alleged the baroness, whose allowance had been cut off by her husband, because she was a confirmed drunkard, cooly had a family council which discussed the best means of removing the baron. Three attempts to poison the baron were made, although they proved unsuccessful, and the baroness is charged with having made her son Robert intoxicated with absinthe and induced him to shoot his father. After the deed she calmly examined the baron's body to make sure that he was dead.

THREE KILLED.
Bulgarians Throw Bombs Into Turkish Open-Air Meeting.

Vienna, Jan. 13.—A band of Bulgarians threw three bombs into a Turkish open-air meeting at Zeligewka, near Uscub, European Turkey, killing three persons and injuring 22.

SOCIALISTS MAKE GAINS IN GERMANY

RADICALS ROUTED IN GENERAL ELECTION

Clericals and Conservatives Lose Twenty-Four Seats

Berlin, Jan. 13.—An unprecedented heavy Socialist vote, which probably reached four million, and heavy Socialist gains proved, as expected, the feature of the 1912 elections to the Reichstag, held throughout the Empire yesterday. The election was marked also by the disastrous rout of the Radicals and far smaller inroads into the Clerical and Conservative majority of the last Reichstag than was anticipated.

At daybreak to-day, with returns from yesterday's election practically complete, it was apparent that the re-bellions for the new Reichstag would be definitely known to-day. The results, with only 47 districts missing, are as follows:
Socialists, seats won, 61, a net gain of 24. Re-balls, 113.
Conservatives, seats won, 32, a net loss of 18. Re-balls, 65.
Centrists, seats won, 52, a net loss of 6. Re-balls, 59.
National Liberals, seats won, 4, a net loss of 43. Re-balls, 52.
Radicals, seats won, none, a net loss of 12. Re-balls, 51.
The Socialist gains appear to be mainly at the expense of the Radicals, who are greatly disappointed at their showing. They will have hardly more than three-fifths of their former strength.

REPORT ON FISHERIES.

Ottawa, Jan. 13.—Hon. J. D. Hazen, minister of marine and fisheries, has received the report of the commission which inquired into the Saskatchewan and Alberta fisheries. It is being considered and will probably be made public in the course of a day or two. The commission consisted of Judge McGuire, Dr. Scouler and Prof. Prince.

AMERICANS MUST GIVE UP OFFICE

MORE TROUBLE OVER PERSIAN TREASURY

Officials Threatened With Punishment If They Refuse to Obey Orders

Tehran, Jan. 13.—The treasury crisis has taken an extraordinary turn. Acting under the instructions of the cabinet, M. Mornard, the Belgian ex-director of Persian customs, to-day summarily took possession of the treasury office, refusing to recognize the status of F. E. Cairns, the American who was left in charge by W. Morgan Shuster, the deposed treasurer-general, when the latter left Tehran for the United States.

Mornard, in acquitting Mr. Cairns and the other American officials of the contents of the cabinet's message, told them that if there was further delay in turning over the treasury not only would they be dismissed from their positions, but punished.

Claims of Americans.
Washington, D. C., Jan. 13.—The state department has issued a statement indicating the nature of the response that will be made by the department of an inquiry by Representative Shuster, to whom the Americans connected with the Persian treasury have sent their cablegrams.

The statement makes it appear that Mr. Shuster, the American controller, had been paid \$35,000 by the Persian government in full settlement of his claims. He had a contract calling for a compensation of \$10,000 a year for three years, that the contract was to be voidable upon six months' notice, for that period of time, so, although Mr. Shuster has served less than a year, the Persian government paid him for three years and six months service.

The other American employees under Shuster wish to quit the service of Persia under the same conditions, although some of them have served only a month and none of them more than six months.

As the Persian government had not dismissed the men, Secretary Knox saw no legal grounds for supporting their claims.
Cairns in his message to Chairman Sulzer charged that the Persian government was refusing to release the other Americans from their contracts and said the state department at Washington was "influenced by American Minister Charles W. Russell, against their release."



THE UNWELCOME GUEST
RUSSIA—I will for the present, Miss Persia, occupy one of your back rooms. But shall require more accommodation very shortly. Our relations have not of late been very pleasant, but soon, I hope, they may be much closer.

FROST KING GRANTS BRIEF RESPIRE

WEATHER MODERATES IN MIDDLE LAKES REGION

Another Cold Wave Will Probably Spread Over Territory on Monday

Chicago, Jan. 13.—After almost two weeks of the coldest weather experienced in years the temperature of the middle lakes region and the northwest is gradually rising to-day. The cold wave is passing eastward and southward.

According to the local weather bureau, the respite is to be short, and a cold wave is believed to be forming in the British northwest, and by Monday, after two days of moderate temperature, the stinging winds will be back. The coming cold spell may not be as severe as the one which is passing, it is said, but it will not fall far short of it.

Beginning early last night, the temperature here broke away from the zero region and at 9 o'clock had climbed to five above. A maximum temperature of 16 degrees above was expected to-day. In the Canadian northwest, temperatures of from about 4 to 12 below zero make the weather feel warm compared with some of the low marks that were set recently.

Northwest sections of this country report temperatures of from 10 above to 8 below and the mercury is rising. Little snow is falling at any point in the northwest. Trains which have been running behind schedule for many days gradually are approaching their normal rate of speed.

One of the odd features in the application for aid during the ten days of zero weather here is the number of newly-married couples who have applied to the charity of the county for sustenance. On one day here there were received twenty-eight applications from such couples for aid. The oldest applicant of these was 22 years.

Deaths Reported.
St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 13.—A number of deaths resulting from the cold wave was reported to-day. At Fargo there was three and one at Valley City. The thermometer here registered 20 degrees below last night. Railway traffic is blocked worse than at any previous time this winter.

Veteran Found Dead.
Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 13.—Huddled to the dead embers of a fire made from the last scrap of furniture in the house,

MANCHUS PREPARE FOR ABDICATION

CHINA'S EMPEROR WILL RETIRE TO JEHAL

Revolutionary Leaders Declare Advance on Peking Will Soon Begin

Peking, Jan. 13.—The abdication of the throne has been practically decided on and the retirement to Jehol will take place almost immediately.

A prolonged meeting of the principal members of the government this afternoon partly arranged the details for the abdication.

Owing to the growing disorders in the provinces the Manchus' princes of the imperial clan, the Manchus officials and the soldiery agree that this is the only course open to the throne.

The decision of the princes has aroused apprehension of a possible transfer of the Chinese capital to Nanking, which would open a wide field for foreign adventure in northern China. It would also accentuate the disorganization of trade.

It is hoped that in the event of the downfall of the imperial government, the foreign powers interested in maintaining the integrity of China will point out that the transfer of the capital from Peking to Nanking will be inimical to the interests of China, and the general situation become more disturbed than it is at present.

Preparing to Advance.
Shanghai, Jan. 13.—The revolutionary leaders, say, the advance toward the north will be commenced, and a large order for fur coats and warm clothing for the soldiers has been issued.

New Appeal.
San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 13.—According to a cablegram from Nanking, received by the Chinese Free Press here to-day, General Wong Hung has been appointed military chief of staff by President Sun Yat Sen, the position formerly was held by Chu Sen Ching. The latter has been appointed governor of Nanking. Wong Chong Wu has been appointed minister of commerce.

Another dispatch from Canton says Governor Chin Quing Ming of Canton personally will lead the Canton army against Peking.

MUST BE PREPARED FOR EMERGENCY

Lord Rosebery Urges Nation to Support Country's Foreign Policy

London, Jan. 13.—Lord Rosebery, in a speech at Glasgow University to-day, warned the nation of the necessity of backing up the country's foreign policy, which, he said, for good or evil, had now involved Great Britain in the continental system, and might at any moment bring the country into contact with armies numbering millions.

Lord Rosebery said he did not desire to make the flesh creep, but the position was one of extreme danger and for which it was impossible to be over-prepared.

ONE-MAN COMMISSION.
Ottawa, Jan. 13.—Charles Young, of Winnipeg; Colin Macdonald, former M.P. for Antigonish, and W. H. Calvert, formerly chief Liberal whip, three members of the National Transcontinental Railway Commission, were formally notified yesterday that the government prefers to reduce the number of the commissioners from four to one, and that as soon as the necessary legislation is passed their services will no longer be required. Major Leonard, chairman of the commission, will complete the work of construction of the line himself, assisted by a staff.

APOSTOLIC DELEGATE.
Rome, Jan. 13.—The appointment of Monsigneur Boggiani, bishop of Adria as apostolic delegate to Mexico, has been confirmed.

FORT CHURCHILL MAY BE TERMINUS

SURVEYOR'S REPORT IS IN ITS FAVOR

Work Will Soon Be Commenced on the Hudson Bay Railway

Ottawa, Jan. 13.—It is understood that it has been practically decided by the government to select Fort Churchill as the terminal of the Hudson Bay route. The report of the surveyors and hydrographers who accompanied the steamer Stanley to the Bay in 1910 is strongly in favor of Fort Churchill. It was stated that Port Nelson was too shallow and the ship could not get even within sight of land. The haul to Fort Churchill is just as short and it is stated that a better route could be secured. Nothing definite in this respect has been decided, but everything points to Fort Churchill as the terminus.

J. D. McArthur of Winnipeg, who held the contract under the old government for the first section of the Hudson Bay line from the Pas to Split Lake, arrived in the city yesterday. As was announced some time ago the contract will be renewed. He will hold conferences with Hon. Frank Cochrane, minister of railways, and other members of the government and it is understood that orders will be issued as result for full steam ahead on the Hudson Bay.

Mr. McArthur will start at once getting supplies into the North country so as to be ready to commence full operations in the spring. The first section for which Mr. McArthur has the contract, consists of 185 miles. It is understood that Mr. Cochrane has decided as a result of considerable investigations and many conferences with the engineers to follow the original plan to build the line from the Pas. Even if it is not finally the main line, it is a much needed branch which will be necessary to tap Eastern Saskatchewan.

ITALIAN SOLDIERS TELL OF REVERSES

SUFFER SEVERELY IN FIGHTING IN TRIPOLI

Two Regiments Nearly Wiped Out by Turks and Arabs

Rome, Jan. 13.—Letters from Italian officers and men serving with the invading army in Tripoli, received by their friends in Italy, describe in detail the extremely unpleasant position of the Italian troops at the front.

Fights which have been claimed as Italian victories in official advices from the commander-in-chief of the Italian expedition are said by the correspondents to have been reverses. The Italians appear to be suffering more severely in the vicinity of Derna than at other points. The troops who are engaged in protecting the engineers employed in the construction of aqueducts into the town, have frequent engagements with the Turks and their Arab allies. Detachments of the latter make harassing attacks on the Italian outposts day after day.

One Italian officer writing to his father says that the Italian army has lost a large number of men in these engagements.

Another letter from a private says that in one battle regiments of the Grenadiers and Bersagliers were nearly wiped out.

Still another letter says that the Italians on one occasion ran out of ammunition while the Turkish troops and Arabs, well-supplied, succeeded in killing and wounding 100 of the Italian soldiers, many of whom were mere boys who in their panic cried for their mothers.

Vessels Had Been Disarmed.
London, Jan. 13.—The Turkish vessels destroyed by Italian warships in the Red Sea were those which took refuge at Suez several weeks ago, according to a dispatch to a news agency from Rome.

As a result of protests by Italy, the dispatch adds, the Egyptian authorities disarmed the vessels, and the Turkish commander subsequently obtained permission to leave. While departing, the flotilla was overtaken by the Italian warships and sunk.

FRENCH AVIATOR KILLED.
Paris, Jan. 13.—The French aviator Buchonnet was killed yesterday while landing in his monoplane at Sentis, about 32 miles from Paris. A false manoeuvre with the levers caused the aeroplane to crash to the ground.

FIVE PERSONS LOSE THEIR LIVES

AUTO FALLS THROUGH ICE INTO WATER

Driver Believed to Have Lost Control of Car Which Plunged From Road

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 13.—Two men and three women were drowned early to-day when the automobile in which they were riding broke through the ice-covering of an artificial stream of water used by an ice-plant outside the city.

The men were Reginald Reeds, son of former supreme court judge; Alfred Leeds and Chester A. Vancleave, an automobile salesman.
Two of the girls' bodies were soon recovered and brought to the morgue here. One was Miss Margaret Tindall and the other Helen Mulvey, said to be from New Haven, Conn. The third is believed to have been Anna Haxel.

Frederick M. Foster, a third man in the party who was running the car, escaped drowning, but is suffering from exposure.

The accident happened at a point where there is a sharp bend in the road, and it is believed Foster had become numb from the cold and that he was unable to control the steering wheel.

When Foster reached a roadhouse, a mile from the scene of the accident, he was covered with ice and in a critical condition.

Foster, the owner and driver of the car, is a member of a well-known Trenton family.

The three men met the three women here last night and went to the roadhouse, which is several miles north of this city. On their return trip, the thermometer being below zero, the top of the automobile was up and the side and front curtains buttoned. The members of the party, bundled in furs and covered with rugs, had no chance to escape when the machine, bowling homeward at a fast pace, suddenly left the road and plunged on to ice covering the millrace at Brookville.

Foster owes his escape to the fact that he was driving the car. He went under the water's surface with the others, but disentangled himself and struggled ashore. He managed to get to a roadhouse, a mile away, and summoned help. He is, however, threatened with pneumonia, and was brought from the roadhouse to his father's home here.

Up to noon only two bodies had been recovered, those of the Tindall and Mulvey girls.

CANADIAN POLITICS.
London, Jan. 13.—The Times, editorially reviewing Canadian parliamentary prospects, thinks it extremely unlikely that the next few months will see any strikingly new development in the Canadian policy, because the most important problem now before the government is the reference being to the naval and tariff questions. The Times commends Premier Borden's decision to take personal charge of the Imperial and foreign policy.

EXPRESS MESSENGER SAYS HE WAS ROBBED

Employee of Canadian Company is Remanded for Week at Winnipeg

Winnipeg, Jan. 13.—Charles Powers, driver and messenger of the Canadian Express Co., who is charged with robbing that company of a large sum, appeared in the police court this morning, pleaded not guilty and was remanded one week.

The story Powers tells, it sustained, will show he was the victim of the actual robbery. With the thermometer thirty below zero, Powers, according to his story was passing the Empire Hotel on Thursday morning with his satchel of money on his way from the office in the Union Station to make his customary round of the banks when a friend, hitherto unidentified, asked him to have a drink. They had several. Later Powers claims he was up in the Clarendon Hotel, where they had several more. He remembers no more until he found himself walking across the Pacific that evening towards St. James, minus his satchel and the \$6,254 it contained, of which \$2,000 was in cash and the balance cheques and drafts.

FIRE ON STEAMER.
Greenock, Scotland, Jan. 13.—Flames broke out Thursday in the smoking room of the steamer Pretorian, which sailed from Philadelphia December 29 for Glasgow and reached Greenock yesterday, when the liner was about 130 miles from Nain Head. The fire assumed perilous proportions, but prompt work of the crew arrested its spread.

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LARGE FRESH PINEAPPLES, each.....	25c

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MORRELL'S SELECTED PICNIC HAM, Per pound.....	16c
CHIVER'S OLD COUNTRY JAM, all kinds; 4-lb. tin, 65c; or 2 1/2 lb. glass jars.....	35c
CHIVER'S ORANGE MARMALADE, 4-lb. tin, 50c; 4-lb. glass jar.....	15c
CALGARY RISING SUN BREAD FLOUR, Per sack.....	\$1.75
FINEST GRANULATED SUGAR, 20-pound sack.....	\$1.35
PERNELL'S PURE MALT VINEGAR, Quart bottle.....	15c
REINDEER CONDENSED MILK, Two cans for.....	25c
SUPERFINE OATMEAL TOILET SOAP, Nine cakes for.....	25c

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CARNEGIE AGREES WITH ROOSEVELT

Iron Master Gives His Views Regarding the Control of Trusts

Washington, D. C., Jan. 13.—"I am familiar with the views of ex-President Roosevelt on the trust question and I am inclined to agree with him," said Andrew Carnegie before the steel trust investigating committee yesterday.

In the solution of the trust problem," said Mr. Carnegie, "there are two leading thoughts before us. President Taft in his recent message explained the view that dissolution of large units should go on. The other line of thought is expressed by former President Roosevelt, that under the existing Sherman law, we should look to recognition of large units controlled by the government. In which class are you, Mr. Carnegie?"

"I have agreed with Mr. Roosevelt's views," said Mr. Carnegie. "I think for the present that you should allow large organizations to continue and to see how we get along and that you should pass laws regulating these organizations. Then you should be patient and see what further legislation may be necessary. I don't think the Sherman law is drastic enough. Give us a clear, unmistakable law and I believe we will see clearly."

"Do you believe dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation would lessen the price of steel?" "I don't believe it would. It depends very much on what the court might do."

"Suppose congress does not take the step that you advise?" "My opinion is that congress will see the necessity for more government control."

Mr. Carnegie said a government commission should have power to regulate prices from month to month, allowing capital a reasonable profit, thus effecting an ideal condition between capital and labor and producer and consumer.

"I think," he added, "that dissolution and disintegration would force competition and a return to the abusive system of price agreements. You cannot organize new steel companies in this country now. New men could not find the ores of Tennessee are of a value equal to the Superior ores."

He said Mr. Schwab was correct in saying that while they could make pig iron cheaper in Birmingham. There were no available ores in that district not already controlled by Pennsylvania manufacturers.

Carnegie pressed hard by members of the house committee admitted that he recommended the appointment of Philander C. Knox, the present secretary of state, as attorney-general in McKinley's cabinet in 1901. Mr. Knox having been one of the general counsellors for the Carnegie Steel Company after 1890, when the Sherman anti-trust law was passed. Mr. Carnegie repeatedly had declared before the committee that he never knew that the participation of his company in the steel plate pool and other like pools was unlawful, and Representative McGillivray of Maine sought to show that he had recommended to President McKinley the appointment of Mr. Knox after the latter, as counsel for his company, had left him in ignorance of the government statutes so many years.

Mr. Carnegie also told the committee that he believed no protective tariff was necessary on steel rails or steel products, with the exception of needles, which are not manufactured in this country. He asserted that congress need have no fear that foreign rails would flood the United States if the tariff were removed.

Secretary of State Knox declined to comment on Mr. Carnegie's testimony. The inference that Mr. Carnegie's recommendation of Mr. Knox was characterized as "absurd" by an intimate friend of the secretary, who spoke in his behalf.

He said a recital of the facts attending Mr. Knox's entry into the McKinley cabinet easily disproved Mr. Carnegie's inference, and pointed out that Mr. McKinley first offered him the portfolio on February 11, 1897, when the newspapers devoted much space to the offer and to Mr. Knox's declination.

Mr. Carnegie was in Santa Barbara when the post office was tendered him, in March, 1901. He was requested to come to Washington and, at the instance of President McKinley, on March 23, Mr. Carnegie's desire to have Mr. Knox in the cabinet was said to have

ALLEGED BANK ROBBER.

Man Arrested At Los Angeles Is Held Under a Fugitive Warrant.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 13.—Charles Deah, the alleged bank robber, is held under a fugitive warrant today with bail fixed at \$15,000. The fugitive warrant was served yesterday upon the prisoner in the county jail when the authorities learned that he was preparing to furnish \$1,000 cash bail for release under the minor statutory charge heard Thursday in the police court.

When Dean, who said his real name is Howard, was arraigned for an offence in connection with his association with Mrs. Mina Griffin, his attorney stated that although the man had more than the \$1,000 demanded as bail he would make an effort to obtain release. The authorities, however, held the fugitive warrant in order to find the alleged robber in court.

Mrs. Griffin is now a home in San Diego with her mother, Mrs. Hebe. Mrs. Griffin is quoted as having said that although acquainted with Addison, who is being sought in connection with the robbery, she had not seen him for two years.

MRS. McMANIGAL GIVES EVIDENCE

Appears Before Grand Jury and Confirms Details of Her Husband's Confession

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 13.—Ortie McManigal's confession, particularly with reference to the dynamite conspiracy, was confirmed in important details by the dynamite's wife who was examined yesterday by officials in charge of the federal grand jury investigation.

From conversations she had with her husband in Chicago, Mrs. McManigal, it is said, was able to tell much about the man who approached McManigal when he was working on a building in Detroit in June, 1907, and induced him to begin the many explosions on "open shop" jobs. This man went to Detroit from Indianapolis and professed, to have instructions from J. J. McNamara. After McManigal took up dynamiting regularly, frequently met in Chicago men, who, it is said, talked about places to be blown up.

Mrs. McManigal was questioned about her husband carrying explosives through Chicago to points in Wisconsin, Missouri and Iowa, and about his ship, Missouri, which he accompanied him when he blew up a place in South Chicago, on February 24, 1911.

Seek to Quash Indictments.
Los Angeles, Jan. 13.—A motion was made yesterday in the federal district court to set aside the indictment charging Timothy J. Clancy, Clancy and Munsey, the post labor leader, with having conspired to transport dynamite from the east to California. Arguments on the motion were set for January 15.

Contrary to expectations, Clancy, who was said Thursday to be too ill to leave San Francisco, appeared in court accompanied by a trained nurse.

Investigations at Seattle.
Seattle, Wash., Jan. 13.—The identity of two men and a woman who visited James B. McNamara when he was in hiding in Seattle previous to the dynamiting of the Lyons building on August 31, 1910, is being investigated by detectives in connection with the government dynamite investigations at Los Angeles and Indianapolis. It was learned yesterday that a man answering the description of James B. McNamara lived in the rear of 1929 Sixth avenue, which he engaged from Arthur McCormick. McNamara, who gave his name as Pete Petrovsky, refused to allow a chambermaid to enter his room.

"My attention was first called to the peculiar actions of the man by the accumulation of mail postmarked Chicago and addressed to J. M. Boyce and J. B. Brice," said Mr. McCormick yesterday. "When I asked him if he knew to whom they belonged he said they were his."

"While he was there he had three callers, two men and a woman. The woman came only once, and then in company with one of the men. The men called several times."

"When he gave up the room I made a search and found an alarm clock with wires fastened to the alarm. This clock is now in the possession of District Attorney John D. Frederick, of Los Angeles. Several pictures were sent to me by Mr. Frederick, and from them I was able to identify my roomer as James B. McNamara."

HAS MIRACULOUS ESCAPE FROM DEATH

Railway Laborer Blown Up by Dynamite, but Escapes With Slight Injuries

Vancouver, Jan. 13.—The premature and accidental explosion of 66 sticks of dynamite which he was tamping in a deep hole on the grade of the C. N. R., opposite Kamloops lake, a few days ago, blew Luka Vukoslavovich high in the air, but inflicted only slight injuries, and from which he will recover.

In the annals of railway construction it is probable that no more seemingly miraculous escape from death has ever been recorded. That the Montenegrin was not blown to atoms by the force of the explosives is a mystery passing the comprehension of his fellow laborers engaged in station work in the contract of Messrs. Grant, Smith & Co.

The accident is supposed to have occurred owing to carelessness in tamping a deep hole in which he had just deposited 66 sticks of dynamite. The tamping rod was blown clean through his hand. Stupor to say the foreman did not lose either his eyesight or his hearing. The blast, despite its large size, blew up out of the drill hole without shattering the surrounding rocks. The foreman will have a maimed hand for life, but amputation will not be necessary.

RIVER SEINE RISING.

Paris, Jan. 12.—The river Seine is still rising, although it is thirteen feet below the mark of the great flood in 1910. According to hydrographic authorities, the river will continue to rise until the end of the week. This will put the wharves under water. River traffic of any importance is suspended now and the low-lying quarters of Paris and Autryville are beginning to be flooded.

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\$20
Other styles at \$32.50, \$52, \$65, \$100, \$130, \$200 and \$250



HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY

FAMILY WINE-MERCHANTS

WHARF STREET

TELEPHONE 47

Very Special Value

H.B. OLD RYE, 1 dozen quarts, per case.....	\$8.00
H.B. OLD RYE, per quart bottle.....	75c

WE DELIVER

Oak Bay Specials

Transit Road, one corner lot, on terms, for \$925
Adjoining and surrounding lots are held at \$1,000 and over.

ST. PATRICK STREET, 3 lots, each 50x133. Price, on terms, each.....	\$850
OLIVER STREET, 3 lots, each 50x140. Price, on terms, each.....	\$900
MONTEREY AVENUE, 3 lots, price, each, on terms.....	\$1,000
MCNEIL AVENUE, 1 lot, 48x113. Price, on terms, at.....	\$1,000
HAMPSHIRE ROAD, South, 50x112 to a lane. Price, \$1,250. Another lot, 50x180, for \$1,350 to a lane. Price.....	\$1,050

Monk & Monteith

LIMITED
Members Victoria Real Estate Exchange.
639 FORT STREET PHONE 1402

HALIFAX FIRE LOSS ESTIMATED \$400,000

Number of Buildings Destroyed
Premier Borden Loses His Law Library

Halifax, Jan. 13.—The loss by the fire which broke out yesterday morning is estimated at \$400,000. The loss in the Herald building and its contents is alone placed at \$200,000. Among the losses was that of Hon. R. Borden's law library, containing some volumes which cannot be replaced.

The list of buildings destroyed includes the Herald building and Continental hotel and office building. The principal losers include the Canada Life Assurance Co., Mark Fisher, Sops & Co.; St. Croix Lumber Co., James F. Tobin, barrister; Confederation Life Assurance, Sun Life Assurance Co., Rigby and Robertson, barristers; Travellers Insurance Co., United States consulate, John E. Alchero, manufacturer's agent; Miss H. Cunningham, stenographer; Geo. H. Taylor & Co.; commission merchants; D. M. Owen, solicitors, and Captain S. H. Beardsley, insurance agent.

The tenants of buildings destroyed on Barrington street were William S. Mannie, dry goods and furnishings store; H. Shaefer & Son, jeweller; Gregg Bros., hardware; Miss Durant, ladies' tailoring; K. M. Margeson, photographer; S. W. Dodson, dentist; R. Mulliney, dentist; McCormick Clothing Co., L. Clyde Davidson, stationery.

On George street, Carroll Bros., barbers; H. Marshall, stationery, and the house of Harry Wright were destroyed.

NEW ZEALAND POLITICS.

Wellington, N. Z., Jan. 13.—The New Zealand parliament has been called to assemble February 15, when the House will decide the fate of the Ward ministry. Neither party as a result of the recent elections has a reliable enough majority to carry on the affairs of the country.

POISONED AT CHURCH SUPPER.

Valley City, N. D., Jan. 13.—Forty persons at Max Bass, N. D., are suffering from ptomaine poisoning from eating pie at a chicken pie supper given by a church. The pie was left in a tin pan for an entire day before being warmed to be served. All of the sick persons will recover.

We Sell Ice Cream All the Year Round

Come in after the show and try one of our delicious oyster suppers.

The Empress Confectionery

1325 Government Street
Phone L1738

WANTED—500 men to buy a pair of our famous grade boots; just the thing for road work.
WE COLLECT and DELIVER repairs. Don't pack your old shoes around. Just Phone 1667.
Victoria Shoe Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
726 YATES ST.

R Rogerson & Moss M

EASY TERMS ON MINIMUM PRICES

SHAKESPEARE ST., near Edmonton road, two lots, each 50x110 feet, no rock, high and dry; price \$1,500 the two; cash \$50 each, balance \$20 each per month.
MYRTLE AVE., just off Lansdowne road, lot 6x12, feet, no rock, high and dry; price \$100; cash \$15, balance \$5 per month.
FAIRFIELD ROAD—Lot 50x125 feet, no rock, level; price \$250; cash \$30, balance \$5, 12, 18 months.

Are you insured against loss by fire? We are the Island agents for the British-Northwestern Fire Insurance Co.

Quick delivery guaranteed on our orders taken for wood and coal.

Phone 946
622 Johnson St. M

TRY A TIMES WANT AD

"QUALITY"

Above all things is wanted in your groceries, and you are always sure of finding the very best quality at our store at the lowest possible price.

GHIRARDELLI'S GROUND CHOCOLATE, 1-lb. tin.....45c
Half pound tin.....25c
FRY'S BREAKFAST COCOA, half pound tin.....25c
BAKER'S COCOA, half pound tin.....25c
VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA.....25c
BISHOP'S HONEY WITH COMB, in glass.....40c
NEW ZEALAND HONEY.....25c

THE H. AND K. GROCERY

F. W. Hodges. Phone 92. 1425 Douglas Street. Arthur King

Cigarette Cases

Are a very useful gift for a smoker. We show a very large exclusive range. Prices, in sterling silver, up from **\$4.50**

Redfern & Son

"The Diamond Specialists." 1211-13 Douglas Street. Sayward Building. Established 1862.

Varnishes! Paints! Oil! Turpentine!

For House, Steamer or Yacht

We carry only a few lines, but they are the highest grade we can buy. Two-thirds of the cost of painting goes for labor, therefore the best is the cheapest.

E. B. MARVIN & COMPANY

THE SHIPCHANDLERS
202 Wharf Street, Foot of Bastion

Cap and Set Screws

We have just received a complete stock of above. For sale at lowest prices.

E. G. Prior & Company, Ltd., Ly.

Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

EVANS COLEMAN & EVANS LIMITED

PHONE 272 613 PANDORA AV. 1710 LANGLEY STREET
HYDRATED LIME
No slacking. No screening. Does not blister the walls. Unexcelled waterproofing for concrete when used in the proper proportions.

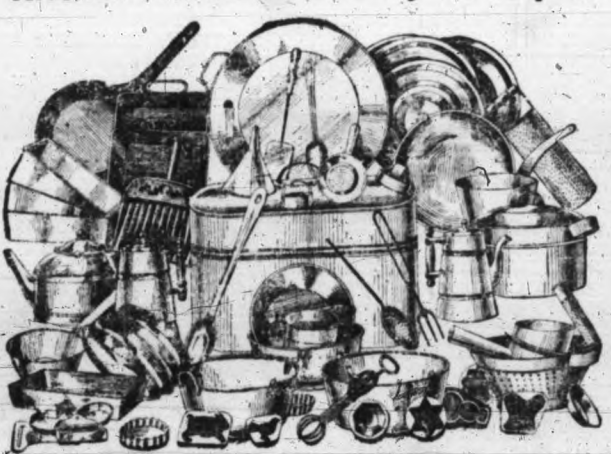
LET US TELL YOU ABOUT IT

Farms at Farmers' Prices

20 ACRES and new six room bungalow.....\$6,000
35 ACRES, ten cleared and partly cleared.....\$4,250
These are both on main Nanaimo road, about 12 miles from city, with running water and all fine rich soil, half mile from church, school, store and C. N. Ry. station.

HOWELL PAYNE & CO., LTD.

Phone 1780. 1219 Langley Street.

Kitchen Utensils of Every Description

The Colbert Plumbing and Heating Co., Ltd.
726 Fort Street, just above Douglas

AGRICULTURE NOT ALL IT OUGHT TO BE

PROVINCE STILL HAS TO IMPORT LARGELY

Conservative Members Voice the Complaint in the House—Debate on Address

Legislative Press Gallery, Jan. 12. The House got down to business this afternoon, without any fuss or feathers, and although the sitting lasted but little over an hour a start at least was made on the work of the session. There were only about half the members in attendance, many having gone home for the week-end, but the opening of the week will see a fairly complete muster.

The bulk of the time was taken up with the opening stage of the debate on the address, the speeches of the mover and seconder of the motion, "that a humble address be presented to his honor the lieutenant-governor in reply to the speech from the throne." The mover was H. H. Watson, second member for Vancouver, and the seconder was Alexander Lucas, who was elected to represent Yale when the premier decided to sit for his Victoria seat as senior member for the capital. Neither spoke for as long as members in discharge of that duty often do. Mr. Watson occupied just three-quarters of an hour and Mr. Lucas but a brief twelve minutes.

The tenor of their speeches was, of course, congratulatory and complimentary for the government in respect of all its acts and of the condition of provincial affairs generally. It is noteworthy, however, that both—the one a city man and the other from a rural constituency—were by no means satisfied with the position of the prime industry, agriculture. Mr. Watson pointed out that the province is still importing foodstuffs, which could be produced at home, to the extent of twelve million dollars yearly, while Mr. Lucas referred to what he considered were some of the reasons for the backwardness of the industry. More will



CHARLES L. CULLIN
Sergeant-at-Arms of the Legislature of British Columbia.

undoubtedly be heard on this live topic during the session.

H. H. Watson.

Mr. Watson voiced the feelings of members of all parties in expressing, at the opening of his speech, pleasure at seeing in the chair in renewed health Speaker Roberts. He dwelt on the loss the province had sustained in the death of the late king's printer, "that loyal and devoted servant of the crown, Lt.-Col. Richard Wolfenden, whose faithful services will long be remembered by this province and to whose relatives the deep sympathy of this House can be extended."

Mr. Watson waxed enthusiastically in dealing with what he described as the results of wise administration and stable government, without which he believed that affairs would have gone from bad to worse and that capital would have shunned the province. He went over the subjects mentioned in the speech from the throne and complimented the government on its policy in each particular. He repeated the threadbare old assertion that British Columbia had never got decent treatment at the hands of the Ottawa government, "but now, thank heaven," he ejaculated, "these dark days are over and British Columbia is now a part of Canada, and I think, too, that Mr. Brewster will go down in history as a premier who keeps his promise."

The second member for Vancouver expressed his gratification at the great increase in the revenue and declared that this justified the government in bringing down the very substantial programme mentioned in the speech. He applauded the proposal to establish a department of forestry to take care of the forest wealth of the province, and suggested that in the taking of precautions against forest fires use be made of the telephone and of wireless stations to report fires. To his mind the result of the visit of the premier and his colleagues to Ottawa last fall was reflected in the federal estimates lately tabled. Victoria was well looked after, and while it did not get three millions for harbor improvements, the appropriation of half a million was a substantial start for what promised to be an important work. He congratulated the premier and Victoria on the settlement of the Squamish reserve question; and in this connection said: "I believe in generous and sympathetic treatment of the Indian, but I say, and I do not want to be considered as harsh in saying it, that the Indian might just as well make his mind up now that he has to step down and out. Life can no more run with the white

OUR JANUARY SALE SPECIAL FOR TODAY**Taken from the Children's Section**

CHILDREN'S FLANNELETTE DRESSES, navy with white dots, for ages of 4 to 10 years. Regular price \$1.00. Now.....**\$1.75**

CHILDREN'S FLANNELETTE DRESSES, navy striped. Ages one to five years. Regular, each, \$1.25. Now.....**75c**

CHILDREN'S FLANNELETTE DRESSES, black and white stripes with red piping. Ages 6 to 14 years. Regular \$3.25. Now.....**\$1.75**

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, in red and green plaids with red sailor collars trimmed with black braid. Regular \$4.25. Now.....**\$2.50**

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, in pique, serges, and checks. Ages six to fourteen years. PRICES SPECIALLY REDUCED FOR WEEK-END.

CHILDREN'S NAVY BLUE SERGE DRESSES, ages four to fourteen years. PRICES SPECIALLY REDUCED FOR THE WEEK-END.

Hose Specials

LLAMA AND PENMAN'S, CASHMERE LLAMA AND PENMAN'S EXTRA FINE HOSE, sale price, per pair, 35c. **\$1.00** QUALITY HOSE, in tan and black. Sale price, per pair.....**45c**

BOYS' EXTRA SPECIAL WORSTED HOSE, all sizes. Prices, according to size, per pair, 50c and.....**35c**

Very Tempting Bargains Throughout Our Mantle Show Rooms

Sale prices which we put into effect with the beginning of our January Sale, are being daily taken advantage of by women who seek the highest possible values at the lowest possible sale prices.

Regular prices on our Suits, Coats, Afternoon and Evening Gowns, not forgetting Opera Cloaks and Boas, have been brought down to such figures that a complete clearance before the end of this month is assured.

SUITS, for instance, that regularly and easily sell from \$100 to \$175, are now selling from \$50 to **\$8.75**

EVENING DRESSES, that regularly sell for up to \$75, now reduced to sale prices, commencing at **\$12.50** only

COATS, that regularly sell for up to \$15.00, now selling for.....**\$5.00**

OPERA AND RESTAURANT CLOAKS, that regularly sell at prices up to \$75, now brought down to sale **\$12.50** prices, starting at

AT HALF PRICE—All Furs reduced to half price.

Campbell's

KNITTED RINKING CAPS AND GOLFERS—Specially priced.

Bargains in Furniture Carpets, Linoleums, Etc.

We are showing a splendid line of Furniture for the home, not a large stock of high priced articles, but goods well made and moderately priced. We aim to please those to whom every dollar counts, and our guarantee "Goods as represented or money refunded" protects our customers absolutely. We invite you to inspect our stock and compare values and prices. You are welcome whether you intend to purchase now or later. We allow a discount of ten per cent off regular prices for spot cash. Packing and shipping free.

Carpets

Don't fail to see our stock of Carpet Squares, Rugs, etc. We have a splendid showing at most moderate prices, including Wool, Tapestry, Brussels and Wilton Rugs. Also a nice line of body and stair Carpets. We invite you to see these new goods.

Window Blinds

We use nothing but the best handmade Oil Opaque and the famous Stewart Hartshorn Rollers and guarantee every blind we make to give perfect satisfaction. All colors to choose from. Let us give you our price.

DOOR MATS

See our large stock of Door Mats for muddy weather. Prices from **55c**

Go-Carts

A neat semi-collapsible Go-Cart with hood and rubber tired wheels, lightest Folding Go-Cart on the market, and a real bargain at the

CASH PRICE **\$6.30**
Others from \$4.50 up.

SMITH & CHAMPION

1420 Douglas St.

"The Better Value Store"

Near City Hall

amending the Vancouver Incorporation Act and J. A. Fraser (Carlson) a bill to amend certain powers of the British Columbia and Alaska Railway Company.

Prayers were read this afternoon by Rev. W. Leslie Clay.

Visitors who had a seat on the floor of the House during the proceedings were T. C. Norris, M. P. P. for Lansdowne and leader of the Manitoba Liberals, and E. A. Walker, Fort Saskatchewan, Alta. M. P. P. for Victoria riding and government whip in the Alberta legislature.

Rusala's Cross of St. Andrew has a remarkable peculiarity attaching to it. All who are decorated with it have the right once to demand a pardon for a Russian subject condemned to death.

POLICE INJURED IN RIOT.

Strike of Cotton Operatives Results in Serious Disturbances.

Lawrence, Mass., Jan. 13.—The general unrest among the 25,000 textile operatives of this city developed into disturbances at the Washington and Wood mills of the American Woolen Company yesterday, striking operatives by a demonstration in the spinning rooms, causing a riot and the police were summoned. Several operatives were injured in hand-to-hand encounters.

The strikers, after leaving the mills, marched to the Lawrence Duck Mills, where a clash with the police occurred outside the gates. Missiles of all kinds were hurled and several officers were

hurt. During the disturbances a dozen arrests were made. At noon 15,000 operatives in the city were idle.

J. DYMENT DEAD.

Barrie, Ont., Jan. 13.—Johnnie Dymont, horse trainer, turf man and hockeyist, died here yesterday as the result of a clot of blood forming on the brain. He was taken ill on Saturday. As a turf man he attended every important meeting in Canada in charge of the Brookdale string owned by his uncle, the late N. Dymont. On the death of Mr. Dymont's uncle he became part owner of the stable and continued in charge as trainer.

In Great Britain and Ireland there are over ninety thousand public houses.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published daily (excepting Sunday) by
THE TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISH-
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Address changed as often as desired.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Copy for changes of advertisements must be handed in to the business office not later than 5 p. m. the previous day.

Arrangements for the insertion of new advertisements must be made before 10 a. m. day of publication. Classified advertisements before 2 p. m.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Letters for publication in Daily Times must be received before 10 a. m. When received after that hour they will go over until next day.

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAMME.

It is not because there is a paucity of matters requiring legislative attention that the speech from the throne promises so meagre a bill for the attention of the legislature during the present session. If the speech is to be taken as an indication of the mind of the government, it is clever only in that it reveals what the administration is determined to evade rather than a purpose to attack vital problems with a determination to legislate in the interest of the country. It is obvious that the concern of the government is to have the session over that it may the more easily appeal to the country for a further term of office.

The amendments to the Land Act will be admitted with interest, for the land laws of the province are among those most in need of revision. The present system, under which the choicest lands are disposed of to speculators and other than bona fide settlers, is a monstrous injustice to the settler as well as a hindrance to the progress of the province. It is to be remarked that the receipts from the sale of lands have materially decreased in comparison with previous years. Under the present system this is but the beginning of such sorrows. The receipts from land sales will continue to decrease, because the only desirable lands—those within reach of transportation facilities—have already been disposed of to the friends of the government. They are held at speculative prices, and these are beyond the reach of the class of settlers who are ordinarily available for this country. Unless new territories are opened up with transportation prospects the sale of lands must decrease in inverse ratio to its rapid advance during the several years of the criminal spoliation of the public domain. If it is for the rehabilitation of the sale of lands that new railways are to be projected, the public of British Columbia may well hesitate before settling their seal to such projects. There is nothing in the record of the government to give the people any assurance that the policy of graft and disposition of the public domain to those who have no interest in the province, other than to make fortunes out of its golden opportunities, will not be continued.

RAILWAY "POLICIES."

The McBride government has been kept in power by a succession of manoeuvres which—while appearing in the public interest—have proved only their

competency to juggle with the resources of the province to the undoing of the people who own them. This was particularly the case when the franchise was given to the Canadian Northern Railway. The bargain with this enterprising and not over scrupulous corporation was made ostensibly to induce the Canadian Northern to come through to the coast. As a matter of fact the company announced years before this deal its intention of reaching tide-water on the Pacific seaboard. There was no need to employ either artifice or bribery to accomplish this. The Times has shown that the bargain with the Canadian Northern was wholly in the interests of the corporation and without regard to the welfare of the people of the province. Shrewd as were the bargains driven by this company in other provinces the one perpetrated in British Columbia is now conceded to have eclipsed them all in the ease and facility with which the company secured an unwarranted guarantee and other notable free gifts of the public domain. At the time this railway was projected the people wanted railways. They did not know where nor did they much care. They relied upon the government to secure for them the best possible terms and safeguards. The trust thus reposed was unquestionably betrayed. The government has not only alienated as many townships as the company may choose to select within the province, but it has guaranteed the company's stock and bonds with a cast iron agreement which will levy tribute from our children's children.

It is that they may do this again that the legislature is to be dissolved and a half-matured scheme—stout with promises and prospects of marvellous advantage to the country—will be made the basis of appeal for the confidence of the country. The details will, of course, be left to the government, and they are not to be trusted with such responsibility. The record of the Canadian Northern deals should forever make it impossible for the McBride administration to be entrusted with power to negotiate further agreements involving so much of the land of the people. With knowledge that the malodorous nature of these deals cannot much longer be hidden from the people, the administration is making ready for another coup in which it will harvest enough to satisfy the most rapacious of those immoderately profiting from the deal. That is why we are so plausibly told that there appears no good reason why the legislature should not dissolve. Dissolution should be refused unless the government shows an unsuspectedly good cause for asking it.

PEACE ARBITRATION.

While the heedless throng pays slight attention to the grave matters that frequently engage the attention of statesmen and rulers, there can be no doubt that the eyes of the thoughtful people of the civilized world are at present focused on the United States senate. They are watching developments in the discussion of the arbitration treaty which President Taft negotiated with Great Britain to secure the settlement of possible international disputes without resort to war. It is not because there is reason to anticipate that these two Anglo-Saxon nations will ever quarrel with sufficient seriousness to precipitate a war, but because the ratification of the treaty would put an end to the possibility of such conflict. The moral effect on the whole world would be so tremendous that it will be considered little short of

a catastrophe should the senate persist in its objections to the treaty.

The gravamen of the situation is clearly expressed by Leslie's Weekly in an admirable article, and it is gratifying to find a journal so intimately in touch with the master-minds of the American republic taking the stand it does upon the question. The article explains itself:

"The main purpose of the arbitration treaties which President Taft has submitted to the senate is to have ready at hand a method of settling all disputes, to avoid the necessity of talking war and force, of measuring the tonnage of ships and weighing the metal they can throw, of speculating upon the vulnerable places of each nation and the financial ability of each to carry on a war. It is in ridding the country of arbitration and to assure the people that war is remote that the treaties will accomplish the most good. 'The objections to the arbitration treaties have not impressed the American people as valid. Neither the claim that the United States senate is called upon to surrender some of its powers nor that we may be called upon to submit to arbitration questions of domestic or local character has found indorsement save by a very few. Lawyers of pre-eminent ability both in and outside of the United States senate have examined the constitutional phase of the question and pronounced in favor of the treaties as they were drawn. Men equal in ability to those who seek to amend the treaties say that they are right as written and that it is a mistake to change them.'"

The same journal points out that the theory of international arbitration is not new and that as far back as twenty years ago the senate of the United States passed a resolution requesting the president to negotiate such treaties with all the nations maintaining diplomatic relations with the republic. There never was any evidence to show that the sentiment of the republic has changed until the negotiation of the present agreement. The fear is that the treaty—if ratified—will be taken seriously and it is because of this that American prestige is felt to be at stake. The case is stated in these words:

"The real objection to the arbitration treaties in the minds of certain objectors is the fear that they mean something. If they are ratified, questions of importance which cannot be settled by diplomatic negotiation will be sent to arbitration. This means that the United States must take the chance of an adverse decision by an arbitration court. The trouble with so many advocates of arbitration seems to be that they want a judge-handled arrangement—one where we will always be sure to win—but if the treaties are amended so that nothing of an important character shall be sent to arbitration, it would be better to allow them to fail."

It would seem a fitting climax to the proposed celebration of the century of peace between these two great peoples if an earnest of good faith on both sides could be given by the ratification of the treaty of arbitration. The responsibility rests entirely with the United States, as there can be no misgiving with respect to the good faith of Great Britain. We share the opinion that the prestige of the American people will suffer irretrievably unless the senate finds an amendment preserving the treaty intact. The whole credit of the initiative in the movement for universal peace which now belongs to the United States would be vitiated and nothing but suspicion could attach to other similar proposals for many years to come.

The Colonist to-day administers another large ladle of soothing syrup to those members of the Board of Trade who have doubts about that \$500,000 being expended upon breakwater improvements to the harbor. The morning paper has made several irresponsible statements of late, all the while pretending to speak with authority. We have carefully filed them away. Within two years they will be valuable in proving to its constituents what a conscienceless old humbug the Colonist is. The age of opportunism is long past.

The bill introduced into the legislature of Massachusetts requiring candidates for municipal and judicial offices to spend five nights in jail and a month in the slums before they qualify is an anachronism. A member of the Times staff suggests that it has been the usual practice for officials to spend their days and nights in this manner after a short term in office.

The Colonist to-day tentatively announces that a fresh deal with Mackenzie and Mann or an amalgamation of the interests of that corporation with the Norton Griffiths corporation for a railway to the Peace River territory will be made. The announcement should make the hair of the people of British Columbia stand on end.

The attempt to sidetrack Henri Bourassa by making him parliamentary librarian at Ottawa does not appear to be meeting with much success. Henri is too important a figure in national affairs at present to allow himself to be relegated to the demure dusty books.

The Toronto Mail and Empire says: "Dr. Sun, the President, and the baby Emperor of China are about equally influential in the affairs of the empire at the present time." Shows how much the Mail knows about Chinese names anyway.

Monday's January Sale News

Economy Prices Prevail in Many Departments

Clearing Out Over 100 Dresses, Values \$12.50 to \$65, Monday \$6.90, \$12.90 and \$18.75

Our policy in these semi-annual sales is well known. Every garment in the ready-to-wear section is to be cleared out regardless of the price obtained. Monday will see placed on sale the greatest value in Afternoon and Evening Dresses we have seen. You will find all sorts of dresses in the assortment.

THE VALUES OF THE \$6.90 DRESSES RANGE FROM \$12.50 TO \$20.00

There are Panama cloths, muslins, chiffons and nets are the materials, but the styles are so varied that description is impossible. All are remarkable values and all sizes are here.

THE VALUE OF THE \$12.90 DRESSES RANGE FROM \$25.00 TO \$35.00

Your choice from a great variety of styles in Panama cloths, muslins, chiffons, nets, silks and satins. There are so many patterns and colors in these materials and such a wide variety of styles to choose from that you are sure of finding a garment that will please you.

THE VALUE OF THE \$18.75 DRESSES RANGE FROM \$35.00 TO \$65.00

All our high grade Dresses are included in this lot. Every model is of the very latest and most popular style. Refinement in design and excellence of materials are well combined in this line. You must see them to appreciate their value.

The Balance of Our Children's Coats on Sale To-day at \$4.90, \$6.90, \$8.90 and \$10.90

At these four prices we are selling the balance of our stock of Children's and Girls' Coats, and if low prices combined with a specially good quality is an inducement they should find ready purchasers to-day. There are many materials to choose from and sizes range from 27 up to 39. Your choice at \$4.90, \$6.90, \$8.90 and \$10.90.

A Clearance Sale of Tweed Outing Hats on Monday, Regular \$5 Values Marked Down to \$1.00

There are many shapes to choose from in this assortment; some with suede trimmings, others trimmed with feathers and pheasant wings. A few plain hats are included. See the View street windows for a display of these hats. Regular \$5 values, on Monday for \$1.00.

January Sale Values in the Linen Department

LINEN TRAY CLOTHS, size 18x27, is hemstitched and finished with two rows of drawn work. Regular \$1.50 values on sale Monday at \$1.00
LINEN RUNNERS, finished with hemstitching and tucked drawn work. They are 18x54, and sell regularly at \$1.75. Monday's special \$1.00
LINEN SQUARES, finished with hemstitching and drawn work. These have fancy centres and sell regularly at \$2.50. Size 30x30. Monday \$1.00
DAMASK SETS, consisting of 1 cloth and 6 napkins. There are only 15 sets left, and on Monday they will be cleared out at: per set \$2.50
DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS, size 2x2, hemmed, ready for use. Monday's sale price \$1.25
DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS—There are only 25 of these left. They are 2x2½ yards, and are hemstitched ready for use. Monday special \$1.50
DAMASK TABLE NAPKINS, size 20x20. There are 15 dozen of these to be sold on Monday at, per dozen \$1.00
BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK, 54 inches wide and sold regularly at 45¢ a yard. On sale Monday at 35¢
BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK—This is 60 inches wide and regular 65¢ value. On sale Monday at 50¢
BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK, 72 inches wide and worth 85¢ a yard. Monday's special, per yard 75¢

UNBLEACHED TABLE DAMASK, regularly sold at 45¢ a yard and 52 inches wide. On sale Monday at 35¢
UNBLEACHED TABLE DAMASK, 72 inches wide and sold regularly at 65¢. Special on Monday at 50¢
UNBLEACHED TABLE DAMASK, 72 inches wide and regular value 85¢ a yard. On sale Monday at 75¢
UNBLEACHED TABLE CLOTHS, size 45x45 inches. Special for Monday's selling 50¢
READY-TO-USE SHEETS, regularly sold at \$1.50 a pair. Will be sold on Monday at, per pair \$1.00
READY-TO-USE SHEETS—These are a good quality and sell regularly at \$2.50 a pair. There are 75 pairs to clear out at, per pair \$2.00
READY-TO-USE SHEETS, regularly sold at \$2.25, will sell on Monday at, per pair \$2.75
PILLOW SLIPS—About 120 dozen, made of good cotton. Special on Monday at, per dozen \$1.50
HEMSTITCHED PILLOW SLIPS—There are 90 dozen to clean out on Monday at, per dozen \$2.00
WHITE DIMITY BED QUILTS—There are 50 only in this lot, regular \$1.50 values. On Monday at \$1.00
MARCELLA QUILTS, regularly sold at \$2.50. On sale Monday at \$1.75

Monday in the Whitewear Department

SOME SPECIALLY GOOD VALUES IN SKIRTS AND NIGHT GOWNS

WOMEN'S NIGHT GOWNS, made of good cotton in the slip over style. The neck and sleeves are finished with a two-inch edging of torchon lace. Special value for Monday's shoppers 65¢
WOMEN'S UNDERSKIRTS, made of good strong cotton and have a tucked flounce edged with a two inch torchon lace. Regular 75¢ value. On sale Monday at 50¢
WOMEN'S SKIRTS—These are made of a good cambric, have a deep flounce of tucked lawn and are finished with a six-inch frill of embroidery. Regular value up to \$1.25. On sale Monday at 85¢
WOMEN'S DRAWERS in all sizes and made of a superior white cotton. These are finished with a wide frill of tucked embroidery. Special for Monday, per garment 50¢
WOMEN'S DRAWERS, made of a strong cotton and finished with a flounce of muslin set with torchon insertion and edged with lace. Special for Monday's selling, per garment 50¢
CORSET COVERS, made of a fine cambric and nainsook. There are various styles to choose from trimmed with embroideries and torchon lace. Special on Monday, per garment 35¢
CAMBRIC CORSET COVERS, with neck and sleeves trimmed with narrow edging of torchon lace. These are the tight fitting style. Per garment, on Monday 25¢

Flannelette Bath Robes and Kimonos for Children, Regular \$1.50, \$1.75, on Sale Monday at 90¢

CHILDREN'S BATH ROBES—These are made of a good soft fleecy flannelette in a variety of designs and colors. Teddy bears, puppies and kittens or the nursery alphabet patterns are here to choose from. The designs are well chosen and the cut of the garments is all that you can desire. They have wide collars and fasten at the neck and waist with a cord. All sizes to suit children from 2 to 12 years, and are our regular \$1.75 and \$1.50 values. On sale Monday at, per garment 90¢

CHILDREN'S KIMONOS, in a variety of colors and patterns. All sizes from 2 years up to 12 years. Regular \$1.50 and \$1.75 values. On Monday at, per garment 90¢

Silks of Every Description at Specially Low Prices

JANUARY SALE VALUES

COLOR SILKS—This line includes colored messaline, colored taffetas, black and white striped, and black and white checks. These are all our regular \$1 values, but on Monday we will clean them out at, per yard 50¢
BLACK TAFFETA SILK, regularly sold at \$1 a yard is marked for Monday's shoppers at 65¢
BLACK CHIFFON TAFFETA SILKS—These are 4½ inches wide and are worth \$1.50 a yard. On sale Monday at, per yard \$1.00
BLACK MESSALINE SILKS—40 inches wide and good value at, per yard, \$2.50. January sale-price \$1.75
BLACK PEAU DE SOIE, 30 inches wide and sells regularly at \$3 a yard. Special for Monday's shoppers, per yard \$1.50
CREAM COTTON TAFFETA, 40 inches wide and valued at, per yard, \$2. Will be sold on Monday at, per yard \$1.25
COLORED SPANISH LACE WAISTS—There are six only in this line, in colors royal and cerise. Regular value \$8.75. On sale Monday at \$3.75
STENCILLED SILK BLOUSES, in the kimono style. There are only four in this lot, and are regular \$6.75 values. On sale Monday at \$3.75
EMBOSSED TUNIC WAIST—This is an exclusive waist in cream color. This is an \$8.75 value. On sale Monday at, each \$3.75

Printed Linoleums, Furniture Coverings and Remnants of Carpet on Sale Monday at Great Price Reductions

PRINTED LINOLEUMS—Here is one of the largest stock that has ever been displayed in the history of the Spencer store. They include all the newest patterns and colors on the market. On Monday we are placing on special sale 700 square yards of this material in carpet and floral designs, and a variety of color combinations. They are 2 yards wide and sell regularly at 45¢, 55¢ and 65¢. Special on Monday, per square yard 35¢
COUCH COVERS, made of heavy tapestries, in a great variety of colors and patterns. They are finished with heavy knotted fringe and sell regularly at \$2.50 and \$3.75. Special sale price for Monday's shoppers \$1.90
CARPET REMNANTS AND ODD LENGTHS—These are mostly Wilton pile and Axminster carpet and come in 1½ yard lengths. All manner of patterns and colors are here to choose from. See the Broad street windows for these lines. Special on Monday \$1.00

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Bowes' Hair Tonic and Dandruff Cure

Removes dandruff, keeps the scalp in a healthy condition and stimulates the growth of the hair.

A DELIGHTFUL HAIR DRESSING
Cools, refreshes and invigorates. A little applied to the roots of the hair daily, prevents baldness by keeping the glands of the hair in a perfectly healthy and antiseptic state.

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Chambers Street, new 6-room bungalow, easy terms. \$4,250
Pembroke Street, lot 45x119, terms easy. \$900
Shakespeare Street, close to Fort, 2 lots, 47x120 each. \$950

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Stock of \$50,000 of Personally Selected.

Turkey, Persian and India Rugs

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Good Table Turnips

We have just received a lot of fine table turnips. Come and get some while they last

70c Per Sack

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Telephone 487.

LOCAL NEWS

King's Daughters.—The ministering circle will meet at the Alexandra Club on Monday at 2:30 p.m. A good attendance is requested.

Hanna & Thomson, Pandora Ave.—Leading funeral furnishing house. Connections, Vancouver, New Westminster and Winnipeg.

Legislative Press Gallery.—The seasonal meeting of the legislative press gallery will be held at noon on Monday, when officers for the year will be elected. James Morton, News-Advertiser, Vancouver, is the present president of the gallery, and C. H. Gibbons, Colonist, is secretary.

Four Per Cent.—You can deposit your money at 4 per cent. interest with The B. C. Permanent Loan Company and be able to withdraw the total amount or any portion thereof without notice. Cheques are supplied to each depositor. Paid-up capital over \$1,000,000, assets over \$5,000,000. Branch office, 1210 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

Legislative Restaurant.—The restaurant and dining room at the legislative buildings is again under the management of James Robinson this season, and may be depended upon to be up to a high standard of excellence in such good hands.

A Big Burner.—A bracket lamp with big burner, big wick, big chimney, glass front, tin reflector. Will hang on wall, 50c complete. Others at \$1.25. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

Swearing in City Council.—The new mayor and aldermen will be sworn in before His Honor Judge Lampman on Monday, and the statutory meeting will be held in the evening. It is expected that the committees for the year will be struck, and other formal business transacted at that meeting.

"Nag" Roof Compositions will stop leaks and add years to the life of an old roof. See Newton & Greer Co., 1328 Wharf Street.

Educational Classes.—The enrolment in the educational classes of the Y.M.C.A. is steadily growing, and debates of great interest in this branch of the work. A meeting for organization will be held on Monday evening next at 8 o'clock, when it is desirable that all intending students should be present.

The "Cafe Westholme" will, commencing Monday, serve a business men's luncheon at 40c, from 12 to 2 p.m. Good food, quick and correct service. New management in all departments.

Men's Meeting.—At the men's meeting in the Y.M.C.A. to-morrow afternoon there will be a programme of bright music. This will include selections by the Y.M.C.A. orchestra, a flute solo by Mr. Bellamy and vocal solos by W. Hughes, Rev. Robert Connell will give an address on "Religion and Morality."

A Good Bucket or Pail.—Won't rust. Is strong. Has solid bottom. Is commodious, 75c and worth it. Smaller sizes, 70c, 60c, 50c, 40c and 35c. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas St.

Women's Guild Social.—The Women's Guild of St. James' church intend holding a social on Thursday, January 18, in the evening, at the residence of Mrs. Perkins, "Alma Place," Michigan Street. A small admission fee will be charged which will include refreshments. There will also be music, games and guessing contests. All are cordially invited.

Notice to Shareholders.—In another column of this issue the B. C. Permanent Loan Company of Vancouver, B. C., notifies its shareholders of a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum on the Permanent Stock of the Company for the half year ending December 30, 1911. During the past year this company made splendid progress in all departments. The Reserve was increased from \$100,000 to \$200,000; the Permanent Stock from \$600,000 to \$700,000 and the assets from \$5,211,511.86 to over \$13,500,000. The company will this year issue the balance of the million dollars of Permanent Stock and the directors are confident that with the increased earnings power, a dividend of 10 per cent. per annum will be permanently maintained.

Free Lectures illustrated by a large chart, entitled Heaven, Earth and Hades, commence Sunday next at 7:30; following nights 8 o'clock; in hall over Chalmers & Mitchell's, Government St., conducted by G. D. Belmer, evangelist and others.

No. 3 Co. 5th Regiment, C. G. A.—The members of No. 3 Co., 5th Regiment, are reminded that the annual meeting of the company association will take place on Monday evening after a short drill, when several important matters will be under discussion. The annual certificates for tax exemption will also be distributed at this parade.

Y. W. C. A. Programme.—A pleasant musical evening was provided for the friends of the Y. W. C. A. last evening by the society. Messrs. Hughes and Brightwell gave much appreciated selections on the violin; Miss Algood Johnson and Miss Bennett, pianoforte; Morrison and Hughes constituted a delightful programme which brought forth the best of the prevailing elements without. In another quarter of the building the French class met, at which, unfortunately, few were present, and it is hoped that the membership in this department will increase within the next few weeks. A second of the First Aid classes will be held under Dr. Perkins at the Alexandra Club on Monday evening at 8:30.

Burns Anniversary Concert.—Scotiemen the world over will celebrate the occasion of their national poet's birthday on January 25, but in no place will it be celebrated in a more fitting manner than in Victoria by the Burns anniversary concerts which were organized some twenty-four years ago by Mr. J. G. Brown, and which he has been fortunate enough to conduct personally from that date to the present.

The concert on January 25 will be under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Paterson. The choir, under the leadership of Mr. Brown, has had under preparation for some time a number of Scottish part songs for the singing of which they are justly celebrated. Among those taking part, in addition to the choir, will be the following well known artists: Mrs. H. C. Briggs, soprano; Mrs. A. Butler, contralto; Mrs. J. Dobie, soprano; Miss Gracie Robertson, Vancouver, winner of scores of medals, and other prizes for her graceful and nimble dancing of Highland Fling, sword dance, etc.; Mrs. G. A. Downard, mezzo soprano, a recent arrival from Winnipeg; Mrs. Downard is the possessor of a fine mezzo soprano voice and is quite an addition to musical circles in the city.

Mrs. Lewis Hall will again fill the position of accompanist. Among the gentlemen will be found such well-known singers, etc., as Robert Morrison, P. Gordon, J. Dobie, Norman McDonald, Highland piper; D. Heugan, a violinist of rare ability; W. M. Allan, whose "Jedina" Kayl recitation keeps his audiences in fits of laughter; has again consented to appear. The male quartette of the First Presbyterian church choir will also contribute a number, and lastly J. G. Brown. The choir will number fifty voices and should render a good account of itself in a building more suited for the rendition of four part songs than the lecture hall of the church.

On Exhibition.—A handsome colored picture of the world-renowned hotel Del Monte, California, is on exhibition at the office of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, 1224 Government, where, also, descriptive literature can be obtained free for the asking.

Yes! the Eagles' Masque Ball will be held as usual on February 14, Agricultural Hall—Car service all night.

"Byways of Britain."—As the title would indicate, Miss Cameron's illustrated lecture is a talk on Britain, not the Britain seen by the Cook's tourist party, but rather that of the Old Land as seen by an observing Canadian leisurely wandering about and studying the people and places of that interesting country. Miss Cameron has not only the faculty of seeing the interesting things as she travels but also the ability to tell about them in a delightful and interesting fashion. The lecture will be delivered under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Paterson on Wednesday at the Victoria theatre.

Yes! the Eagles' Masque Ball will be held as usual on February 14, Agricultural Hall—Car service all night.

A Famous Cartoon.—There is at present in the office of the sergeant-at-arms, awaiting hanging in one of the rooms of the legislative wing, the original of the cartoon of Hon. Price Eliason which appeared in Vanity Fair in January last. This has been presented by C. H. Wilkinson, F.R.G.S., managing director of the B. C. Development Association, Limited. It is a characteristic sketch of the minister of finance, although to tell the truth the artist has not been as happy in catching the minister's expression as he has his attitude.

Skates Ground.—Skates hollow-ground. J. Waites, 614 Fort Street. Phone 446.

Yes! the Eagles' Masque Ball will be held as usual on February 14, Agricultural Hall—Car service all night.

Y. W. C. A. Directors.—Mrs. Adams, the president, occupied the chair at the meeting of the board of directors of the Y. W. C. A., which met yesterday afternoon. Numerous business matters were discussed, and the finances of the society were shown in a flourishing condition. The principal business discussed was the question of the site for the new building, which the association hope to erect in the near future, but nothing definite was arranged and the matter was left in the hands of a committee who will look after the selection of a position. The question of the building of an annex was also discussed, but no decision was given on this subject.

Meet me at the Bismarck.

Yes! the Eagles' Masque Ball will be held as usual on February 14, Agricultural Hall—Car service all night.

RURAL POLLINGS TO-DAY.

Council and By-law in Question at Oak Bay.—Saanich Electors Voting on Single Tax Referendum.

Polling is taking place to-day at the school house Oak Bay, avenue for the election of the municipal council of Oak Bay, H. E. Pullen being returning officer. The municipality votes, as one ward, there being 1,077 names on the voters' list.

There are eight candidates for the six seats on the council, William Henderson, F. R. Pemberton, J. H. Hargreaves, J. Herrick McGregor, and William Noble, members of the late council, and H. S. Lott, James Brown and J. E. Smart. Mr. Henderson has been reeve for the past three terms. There is no contest for the chief office, W. E. Oliver having been elected reeve by acclamation on Monday.

The electors are also voting on a by-law to confirm the agreement of the municipal council with the city for the joint use of a fire hall on the eastern boundary of the city, to be opened by the Victoria brigade. Polls are open from 9 a.m. to 7 p.m.

In the Saanich municipality the reeve, Joseph Nicholson, Councillors Borden (Ward 1), W. E. Hill (Ward 2) and the school trustees have been returned by acclamation. The contested wards are: Two—George McGregor and W. J. Scott. Four—H. J. Dunn, J. Freeman, R. Layritz and G. Rogers. Five—J. A. Grant and F. G. Quick. Six—A. E. Gale and J. Matthews. There is also a plebiscite on the adoption of the single tax, and polling takes place between the hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m., at the following places: Ward 1—Cedar Hill school house. Ward 2—Tolmie school house. Ward 3—Gordon Head hall. Ward 4—Colquitz hall. Ward 5—Royal Oak school. Ward 6—Temperance hall, Saanich. J. R. Carmichael is returning officer, and the total vote on the register for the six wards is 2,325.

ROSS BAY SEA WALL.

More Than Two-Thirds of Wall Complete—Graves Moved Back From the Hillside.

The Ross Bay sea wall is progressing satisfactorily, the contractors having reached station 28, or 2,800 feet from the St. Charles street end, thus leaving something over 1,200 feet to be completed. The back fill is going ahead steadily and the intention is to construct a sidewalk and roadway, the latter 22 feet wide, on the top of the new fill. The bank inside the roadway will be terraced up to the cemetery level and turfed as soon as possible. Inside the fill the wall is being backed with rubble and made a substantial structure. The Westholme Lumber Company have the contract for the work.

A large number of graves have been moved back in the last few days, the steam shovel turning many bones out, which have been reinterred.

S. P. C. A.—Cases of cruelty. Phone Inspector Russell, No. 1921.



FLASHLIGHT OF HAPPY GROUP AT VICTORIA LODGE, NO. 17, K. OF P. CHRISTMAS TREE

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Jan. 13—5 a.m.—An ocean storm area now centered over the Queen Charlotte Islands is causing a southerly gale on the Coast, and heavy rains throughout the Pacific slope. Milder weather has extended to Kootenay and Southern Cariboo, while in Altn and the Yukon intense cold continues. The temperature has risen in the prairie provinces, but is still below zero. Zero temperatures are reported as far south as Tennessee.

Forecasts.
For 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Sunday.
Victoria and vicinity—Fresh to high easterly to southerly winds, unsettled and mild, with rain.
Lower Mainland—Easterly to southerly winds, fresh to strong on the Gulf, unsettled and mild, with rain.

Reports at 5 a.m.
Victoria—Barometer, 29.95; temperature, 45; minimum, 42; wind, 2 miles E.; rain, .05; weather, rain.
Vancouver—Barometer, 29.95; temperature, 40; minimum, 35; wind, 4 miles E.; rain, .02; weather, rain.
Kamloops—Barometer, 29.98; temperature, 16; minimum, 14; wind, 4 miles W.; weather, part cloudy.
Barkerville—Barometer, 29.82; temperature, 16; minimum, 16; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.
Edmonton—Barometer, 30.15; temperature, 12 below; minimum, 12 below; wind, 8 miles N. W.; snow, trace; weather, part cloudy.

EXTRA SPECIAL FOR FRIDAY

Millinery Clearance

HALF-PRICE REDUCTIONS

HATS UP TO \$3.85 For \$1.85
HATS UP TO \$9.50 For \$3.85

Big Bargains, Too, in the Children's Section

ROBINSON & ANDREWS

642 and 644 VATES ST. THE CASH DRY GOODS STORE PHONES 656 and 657.



CLAYTON & LAMBERT'S Gasoline Fire Pots and Torches

For Plumbers, Painters, Machinists, and Automobile Repairers



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WALTER S. FRASER & COMPANY, LIMITED
1129 Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.
Telephone 3

CUT YOUR COAL BILL IN HALF BY INSTALLING A WILLIAMSON UNDERFEED BOILER

The most modern heating apparatus on the market. Burns the cheapest grade of soft coal successfully.

HAYWARD & DODS

927 Fort Street. Agents. Phone 1854

NEW YEAR'S TIME IS CHANGING TIME

If you are changing to a 1912 dater we have them at... 25c
Or a 1912 Tatum Memo Pad..... 50c
And the stand for same..... 75c
Shannon Transfer Binders..... 35c
New Year's Calling Cards (100)..... \$1.25
Ledgers and Journals up from..... \$1.50
Trial Balance Books up from..... \$4.50

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Ladies' and Gents' Models
\$35.00 English Bicycle, Fully Equipped, only
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VIOLINIST
ALEXANDRA CLUB
Monday Evening 8.45

Mr. R. H. Rime's, Accompanist.
Programme includes Mendelssohn, Schubert, Dvorak, Drlia, Beethoven, Wagner.

WILLIAMS' "Queen City" Colonnade
Is made of selected grain flour, kindred and hand-smoothed, each column 4 in. square at the base and tapers to 3 in. at the top. Pedestals are of correct design. Our "direct-from-factory-to-owner" price is..... \$15.00.
Ask for Catalogue No. 1—Free.

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Sash and Doors.
1043 First Ave. So., Seattle.



VICTORIA JUMPS INTO LEAD IN HOCKEY RACE

**Vancouver Cheated Out of Revenge By Superior
All-round Playing of Locals — A Specta-
cular Exhibition**

By winning from Vancouver last night, ten goals to seven, Victoria forged into the lead in the Pacific Coast Hockey League race. Frank Patrick's sepiette came over yesterday confident of their ability to reverse the result of last Tuesday, but they were outclassed from start to finish. In speed, combination and stick handling Victoria had them beaten and had it hot for the fact that the locals let up considerably towards the close, the score would have been more uneven than it was.

The game was fast and spectacular but not so much so as the first game between the same two teams, owing to the stickiness of the ice, which caused the players to overrun the puck at times and rendered the combination a trifle ragged.

It was conclusively proved that the trickiness and speed of the local line are more than enough to offset the superior weight of the corresponding Vancouver division. Bobby Rowe was especially conspicuous in the ranks of the home team. He holed in time and again with dodging rushes, which the visiting defence was able to block only intermittently.

Tommy Dunderdale was "high score" kid, he being directly responsible for four out of the ten goals. Tommy was always on the job, if anyone needed assistance he was there; if no one did it was generally because he had the puck himself. Donald Smith also was all to the good, but his bad foot and he had Goulet's pass started almost to death whenever he worked for the net.

Walter Small, a star. Seemingly married life is doing Walter Small a world of good. Last night he coped the premier honors on the defence, bringing the crowd up all standing by his brilliant blocking and sensational charges through the main-landers.

Hereafter Bert Lindsay will be a popular idol in the eyes of the multitude, who have already been infected by the "latest" disease, hockeyitis. Lindsay was set up to most of the others after the first league game despite the fact that Victoria was beaten, but as Lindsay was rather off color that night he didn't show his real worth before the home fans until last night. Of course, we must include Lester Patrick in our category of stars, but his claims for this are so apparent at all times that it is almost unnecessary to call them to the attention of the fans. Anyway Lester didn't work so hard last night, staying back more and letting Small go up with the puck most of the time.

Playing to Gallery. Skinner Poulin played well except in spots, but as he was up against a hard man in Phillips and didn't have much chance to "play to the gallery." That is not sarcasm by the way. In ice hockey it is nearly always a case of playing to the gallery, because the players cannot avoid tearing off fancy individual stunts every once in a while.

Of the Vancouver team Newsy Lalonde was the most useful. Griffiths came through with a number of runs that counted, and Phillips generally had something up his sleeve, although he didn't show any too well in the open play. Frank Patrick didn't seem able to keep his feet, and Parr, although he stopped some hard ones, was not the Parr of Tuesday night.

Why They Were Beaten.

After the game Frank Patrick attributed the defeat of his team to the fog, which rose from the ice in the second and third periods. That he said, however, and his mea culpa considerably. The excuse isn't accepted for the simple reason that if the Vancouverites aren't accustomed to playing in a mist neither are the Victorians.

Clearly the mist was caused by the warmth which emanated from the bodies of the twenty-five hundred spectators present. It was warm, too, and found expression not only in the evaporation of the ice but in a continuous round of shrieks and yells, which rose and sank alternately from the semblance of the staccato rattle of musketry to that of a heavy cannonade.

There was no objection to be made to Referee Gardner or Judge-of-Play Hyland, both of New Westminster. They may have missed a few offside, but that is only to be expected.

First Period.

Play was fast and thrilling for the entire twenty minutes, although the combination was a little wild and the dribbling ragged, owing to the stickiness of the ice, which caused the players trouble in keeping the puck at the end of the sticks.

Bobby Rowe started the spectators into expectancy with a run up the

right wing. He was driven back by Griffiths and the puck sent ahead to Lalonde. Scho, with the assistance of Phillips, carried it through and scored the opening goal for Vancouver in one minute. A grand stop by Lindsay prevented another goal immediately after the face-off.

Dunderdale Started Scoring.

Dunderdale started the scoring for Victoria, taking a pass from Poulin and beating Parr easily. A whistle for offside annulled a goal for Vancouver and Lalonde got three minutes on the fence for checking the referee over his decision. This relieved the pressure a lot, as Neway was the life of the Vancouver line. No sooner was Neway back on the ice than Poulin was awarded a two-minute rest for cross checking and things looked black for the locals. The danger was averted by the stone-wall defence of Small and L. Patrick, and, with Poulin back, the home line began to get going. Parr was called upon to stop innumerable shots by Rowe and Tommy Dunderdale. His failure to get in the way of one from Tommy's stick, after Rowe had dribbled the puck up, put Victoria in the lead.

The Terminals drew level within two minutes, Griffiths getting the rubber when Poulin overran it and scoring. He started from past centre and dodged his way to the net. It was a nice bit of work, but not more sensational than that of Dunderdale's minute

with the time almost up and the

score ten to three, the home team took it easy and four goals for Vancouver resulted. Lalonde, 1; Phillips, 2; and Patrick, 1, being responsible. Lalonde

advised Phillips, who and boosted the puck over Lindsay's shoulder from a long way out.

The teams:

Vancouver Positions Victoria

F. Patrick Goal Lindsay

L. Patrick Point L. Patrick

Griffiths Cover Point Dunderdale

Lalonde Rover Dunderdale

Nichol Centre Smith

Phillips Left Wing Rowe

Harris Right Wing Poulin

Officials: Referee, Jimmy Gardner;

Judge of play, Harry Hyland; timers,

J. W. Bryan, Vancouver; J. A. Taylor,

Victoria; penalty timekeeper, W. H. Wilkerson, Victoria; goal umpires, Dr. Simchur and W. M. Casey, Victoria.

Summary.

Goals—1st period: Lalonde, 1 min.;

Dunderdale, 2 min.; Dunderdale, 8

min.; Griffiths, 2 min.; Dunderdale, 1:30;

Lester Patrick, 4 min. Victoria 4,

Vancouver 2.

2nd period: Rowe, 7 min.; Smith, 3

min.; Phillips, 1:30. Victoria 6, Vancouver 3.

3rd period: Rowe, 2½ min.; Dunderdale, 3 min.; Smith, 4 min.; Poulin, 1 min.; Lalonde, 2½ min.; Phillips, 1 min.; F. Patrick, 1 min.; Phillips, 1 min. Victoria 10, Vancouver 7.

Penalties—Lalonde, Vancouver, 3 min.; Poulin, Victoria, 2 min.; Poulin, 2 min.; Smith, Victoria, 3 min.; Dunderdale, 2 min.; Dunderdale, 5 min.; Nichol, 2 min.

CURLERS INVITED.

Scottish Experts Receive Invitation to Come to B. C.

Nelson, Jan. 12.—Golden Curling Club has received an invitation to the Scottish curlers at present touring Canada, requesting them to include Golden in their itinerary and assuring them of great sport on sheets of the finest ice in Canada.

It has been arranged to hold the annual Golden Brier on January 31 and February 1 and 2, when it is expected that the rinks from Banff, Calgary, Revelstoke and other points will play. The events will include the grand challenge P. Burns, O'Brien and Consolidation and four sheets of ice will be used.

Lifting the Puck.

Phillips now decided that there was no use trying to beat Lindsay with low drives so he tried one over his shoulder and it worked, bringing the visitors' total to three.

Donald Smith was sentenced to three

minutes for roughly checking Harris, and soon afterwards Dunderdale was

noted out the same punishment for tripping. Harris again being the unfortunate victim. Towards the close of the period Lindsay essayed to clear with his hand but the referee was looking and a face-off in the mouth of the goal was ordered. Smith was too quick for Nicol and the puck travelled without the danger zone.

Third Period.

The Victorians were three to the good at the commencement of the final period, but they didn't slacken yet a whit. Lester's instructions being to play as if they were three behind. Their superiority over their opponents was even more evident than in the previous two-thirds.

Bobby Rowe scored in 2-1-2 minutes, hooking the puck from Harris' stick and dribbling past Griffiths and Frank Patrick. The fans were brought to their feet a minute or so afterwards by a grand combined rush by Smith and Patrick. Lester bulged the net, but Smith's last pass had been forward and the score didn't count.

Just for spite Lester then went after Harris, who had the puck, and catching him brought the rubber around behind the net and passed in to Dunderdale, who scored.

Longest Penalty.

Dunderdale was allotted the longest session on the fence of any one man since the opening of the season, when he got five minutes for tripping Nichol. There was a provocation, however, and Nichol was also sent off, his penalty being two minutes.

Small and Poulin were responsible for the last two of Victoria's tallies. Walter's was well earned, but Poulin's was rather lucky. He covered an erratic route down the left wing and shot from a difficult angle.

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They fit because made right and made in 1/4 sizes Every new style in Double-fold, Wing and Straight.

A collar of class 1 1/2, 2, 2 1/2 inches high 2 for 25¢

Collars fit any shirts as well as any collars can. But Fooke Collars and Fooke Shirts together make the perfect combination.

BACK TO THE BIG SHOW FOR R. FRARY

Had Signed to Umpire in Union League When Lynch Wired Him

Spokane, Wash., Jan. 13.—A telegram from Thomas J. Lynch, president of the National League, has been received by Ralph Frary, notifying him to report in the spring and resume his duties as an umpire in the parent organization.

Frary states that he had never been released by the head of the circuit, and that an accident to his leg

MAKES PLEA FOR THE CHILDREN

SIR JOHN KIRK AT
THE CANADIAN CLUB

Work of Remarkable Philanthropic Organization in
World's Metropolis

Although owing to various causes the attendance at the luncheon of the Canadian Club yesterday, at the Alexandra Club was not up to the average, the address of Sir John Kirk, secretary of the Ragged School Union, London, England, was listened to with great interest, when he spoke on the child as the greatest national asset.

The president, Lindley Crease, introduced him as one who was trying to save the children at the headquarters of the Empire, and he was sure all would be glad to hear his visitor.

Essence of Prosperity.

Sir John had a cordial reception, and spoke for half an hour. He was glad to address the Canadian Club because it stood for Imperial unity, and it had been his privilege to go round a good deal of the Empire recently, and after touring Australia to renew his acquaintance with Canada. What had struck him most was that while in every city of the Empire, and everywhere he had visited he had been told of the material resources of the country, forest, mine, and the products of the ground, but they must not forget in considering these things the great asset of all, the child. (Applause.)

He did not think it necessary, therefore, to apologize for bringing the matter before their attention even when municipal elections and other subjects occupied a large share in the public mind. Whatever they did in conserving natural resources they must conserve the young citizens of the Empire. (Applause.)

The child must be given a chance, and it had taken society a long time to discover what ought to be done. They could not expect the British to carry on the traditions without healthy progeny, and a clean race in the future, and in his travels he always asked, "What are you doing for the children?"

He had seen what was being done in the way of education in Australia, and in this province, and was sorry to find that they had a neglected child problem. This was the result of errors in the past centuries, and it was to be regretted in the new communities that they had to have orphanages and homes as in the older countries. They must be very careful of the units, and see to it that the children had home conditions. At the Christmas season, God's birthday, as a child once prettily described it, they went back 2,000 years to the cradle at Bethlehem, and from that back to the problems of Egypt, with its sick and population problems, and remembered how one child saved a whole nation.

The Greeks had a committee to separate the fit from the unfit, and yet that civilization which was one of the highest, had passed away. So it was with the Romans with their voluptuousness, in which the bachelor was regarded to share parental responsibility by taxation, and yet the consequences were there that population was needed. (Applause.)

Lastly, they had the African chief throwing babies to the crocodiles. All these failures, and it was not till Lord Shaftesbury's time that they began to find out the value of the children. Sir John referred to the barbaric methods of little children in the past, and the early days of the last century, developing diseases from which they died, and of the children removed from the workhouses to labor at hazardous occupations under the guise of apprenticeship for ten or a dozen years. These methods of work developed most disastrous results, and they were only learning their facts in the last few years.

One day, two years ago, he had been asked a witness for speaking of children as encumbrances. Those nations which neglected their children had taken a lower place in history, and so it would always be. They should aim at the ideal of giving every child a chance. (Applause.)

Lord Shaftesbury was a man of fine spirit, and he was a witness for speaking of children as encumbrances. Those nations which neglected their children had taken a lower place in history, and so it would always be. They should aim at the ideal of giving every child a chance. (Applause.)

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WHERE WOMEN ARE PRACTICING LAW

MANY ARE DOING SO
IN UNITED STATES

Four Gowned Ladies Follow
the Profession in Canada—
Make Good Lawyers

With reference to the decision of the learned judges early this week that women shall not be allowed to practice as lawyers in the province of British Columbia, it will be interesting to many to read a resume of the position in other countries as given by Miss Ellen Spencer Mussey, LL.M., Dean of the Washington College of Law in the United States. Miss Mussey, by the way, has had a personal experience extending over fourteen years in teaching law and in the supervision of a law school, and is emphatic in her assertions that woman has the same need for law as man, and has not only the same ability to master the subject but is usually superior to the man student who enters the legal profession. Woman's one handicap is that a man's daily environment brings him more into touch with the business life and business methods which afford practical daily examples of the application of the rules. In scholarship, Miss Mussey says, the women usually outdistance the men.

In the U. S.

"The statistics published by the United States Bureau of Education," says this modern Portia, "show that in 1908 fifty-one women were graduated in law, and received the degree of Bachelor of Law, while 447 women were enrolled as students in law. In England, while women are admitted at Oxford to the lectures at St. John's, the law colleges, they cannot obtain the degree. It is admitted they have earned. Neither are women admitted to the Law Courts. Grey's Inn has uniformly refused to consider women as applicants for admission to its sacred precincts. The benches of Lincoln's Inn Court, while refusing admission to women, are considered quite liberal because they have given the use of their books and library to Miss Cornelia Sarah-Jill, a Hindu lawyer who took her degree from the Bombay University, and has since practised as an advocate in the courts of India. In Canada there are four women lawyers practicing their profession, and Madame Henri Gerin Lajoie, daughter of Sir Alexander Lajoie, and Mrs. O. C. Edwards, have prepared handbooks of the laws in Canada that concern women."

Canadian Portia.

One of the four Canadian women lawyers referred to by Miss Mussey is Miss Clara Brett Martin, the first woman admitted to the degree of barrister in this country. She is a native of Ontario, and was educated at Toronto, and was called to the bar of the University of Toronto, where she took her B. A. degree in 1899, and that of B. C. L. in 1907. She was admitted to the expression still sounds foreign in relation to women!—first with Messrs. Mulock, Miller, Crowther & Montgomery, and afterwards with Messrs. Blake, Lash & Cassin, being called to the bar in 1907. She must have felt somewhat of a personage after all the formalities were gone through, no less than two special enactments of the legislature being required to permit of her enrolment as solicitor and barrister. This was followed by the framing of special regulations by the Law Society, under which every woman admitted to practice as a barrister-at-law shall pay the same fees as those paid by other students-at-law; she shall become subject to all the provisions of the statutes and the rules of the society as in other cases, and upon coming before a convention upon the occasion of her being admitted to practice shall appear in a barrister's gown worn over a black dress, wearing a white necktie, and with her head uncovered. Can it be possible that the Court of Appeal disagreed on the matter of the costume to be worn by British Columbia women advocates, and fell back upon the excuse of precedent? In France women have met with a comparatively cordial welcome in the legal profession, and have in a few cases achieved distinction.

Had To Fight For It.

In the United States thirty-six women have been admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the United States. Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood made the fight for woman's admission to this bar and also to the bar of the Court of Claims, U. S.; and the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, U. S. A., and was the first one to be admitted to these courts. Women are now admitted to practice in all the state courts save Virginia and Georgia. Mrs. Ella Knowles Haskell was assistant attorney general for the State of Montana. Mrs. Catherine Waugh McCough, of Chicago, is a Justice of the Peace, and has written several books on legal subjects. Miss Mary Ann Green, of Rhode Island, has written a book on Business Laws for Women, which is a favorite text-book in young women's schools. One woman founded in the Capital of the United States a law school primarily for women, but admitting both men and women.

Dean of a Law School.

This is Miss Mussey's own school; she has been the Dean from its inception, and is proud of the distinction which the office gives her of being the only woman who is Dean of a Law School. A class of ten men and six women were graduated from the college in 1909, and the enrolment of students at that time showed that the students were composed of equally of men and women. The faculty of eighteen numbers four women in its body. In the last decade the child and his rights have come in for better

consideration, and laws to limit child labor, to compel school attendance, are receiving consideration. In all the greater cities Juvenile Courts are being established, but although women are conceded to be the best persons to deal with children, there is no woman Judge of a Juvenile Court, and very few probation officers. Miss Mussey says: "Women must prepare themselves for this remedial work. Intelligent preparation is required to meet the growth of wrong conditions. She must prepare herself thoroughly, must be a better lawyer, and a harder worker than her male competitor. But she can succeed in the law and

can gain the emolument which men have gained in the same profession." In addition to the instances named it should be noted that as long ago as 1908 Denmark admitted women as barristers, and shortly afterward the first woman obtained the position. Previously they had been allowed to pass the examinations, but were not admitted to practice.

PIANO PLANT DESTROYED.

Cincinnati, O., Jan. 13.—The piano manufacturing plant of the Knabe Manufacturing Company, in Norwood, Ohio, a suburb of Cincinnati, was destroyed by fire yesterday with a loss of \$200,000, covered by insurance.

With the telegraphed information that \$500,000 had been placed on the estimates for harbor improvement work in Victoria this year, the harbor committee of the Board of Trade were able to add something in the nature of a crown to their four years' work on harbor matters, when presenting yesterday afternoon at the general quarterly meeting their report for the three months last passed. The report had been drawn up and signed prior to the meeting, and then at the last minute practically, in came the information that a provision had been made for the harbor work being started.

Just what form of expenditure, the sum of \$500,000 will take the members of the committee were unable to say because of the fact that their only advice of the appropriation for harbor work had come by press wire at the last minute, but F. A. Pauline, chairman of the committee, and H. A. Munn were both of the opinion that whatever was done in connection with the breakwater plans the inner harbor improvements must be kept up and not buried beneath the greater work outside the bay.

The committee reported on the visit to Victoria of Louis Coste, the Dominion government engineer, and of several interviews its members had with him. The committee had supplied considerable detail information for the engineer and his attention had been drawn to the necessity of making provision for increasing the accommodation for foreign shipping, including greater depth at the wharves and railway facilities for handling freight at the ships' sides. A plan drawn by Kings, Evans and Pickard was shown him, and he said he intended recommending progressive harbor works to the government, to commence with a breakwater near Ogden point. A bascule bridge from Montreal street to the Indian reserve was mentioned, and the engineer was asked to embody it in his report.

The committee had been pleased with the interviews with the government engineer and mentioned G. H. Barnard, M.P., as having assisted in obtaining

the engineer's appointment for the inspection.

F. A. Pauline, as chairman of the committee, moved the adoption of the report, and in doing so said that since its compilation \$500,000 had been placed on the estimates for a commencement of the work. He said the committee believed the work would be started this year and carried forward, and that Victoria would soon take place in the front rank of ports. He wished to thank Captains Logan and Troup for assistance to the committee. The motion being seconded was carried.

J. J. Shaftesbury, having seen a representative of the new city council in the room H. Cuthbert, alderman-elect, referred to the necessity of harmony between the members of the council and co-operation between the council and the Board of Trade.

A matter brought up by A. E. Wallace as to the employment of political partisans on harbor works, was replied to by C. H. Logan, who said he had heard that the harbor improvements were to be done by contract labor.

The president announced in reading his quarterly report that \$10,000 had been provided on the government estimates for temporary improvements to the Victoria postoffice, that an experimental farm site had been purchased, that a mail subsidy had been given the E. & N. railway for a double daily mail service to Nanaimo and a mail clerk appointed. Express company rates to Vancouver, telegraph rates and a day letter service were mentioned, the former as having been adjusted and the latter two as now being under negotiation.

J. W. Ambury announced that a report on gas and electricity would be submitted in about three weeks. He said that of tests made Victoria had been 4 times in 13 behind in gas power, Winnipeg had fallen behind 91 times in 194 tests, and Vancouver 61 times in 66 tests. These figures, however, would be supplemented by further figures and estimates, on which an expert is now working to show comparison between Victoria and other cities.

TWO HOUSES DESTROYED.

Port Arthur, Ont., Jan. 13.—The residences of J. McDonald and J. Mercer on Prospect avenue, were destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is \$12,000. Neighbors, seeing smoke pouring from the windows of the McDonald home, where the fire started, rushed in and found Mrs. McDonald in a faint on the floor with a little child near.

MAY CALL STRIKE.

New York, Jan. 13.—At the headquarters of the United Garment Workers of America yesterday it was said that a secret ballot was being taken and that preparations are being prepared to call a nation-wide strike. The strike, if called, will affect 125,000 garment workers in this city and 250,000 throughout the country.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the trustees of said company, held on the 5th day of December, 1911, an assessment of two and half (2½) dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company. Payable forthwith to said company's secretary at his office at Barkerville, B. C. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 3rd day of February, 1912, shall be deemed delinquent and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before will be sold on the 2nd day of April, 1912, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

Dated at Barkerville, B. C., this 5th day of December, 1911.
JAMES HIBBY,
Secretary.

Waverly Hydraulic Mining Co., Ltd.

Location of Works,
Grouse Creek, Cariboo, B. C.

WHERE WOMEN ARE PRACTICING LAW

MANY ARE DOING SO
IN UNITED STATES

Four Gowned Ladies Follow
the Profession in Canada—
Make Good Lawyers

With reference to the decision of the learned judges early this week that women shall not be allowed to practice as lawyers in the province of British Columbia, it will be interesting to many to read a resume of the position in other countries as given by Miss Ellen Spencer Mussey, LL.M., Dean of the Washington College of Law in the United States. Miss Mussey, by the way, has had a personal experience extending over fourteen years in teaching law and in the supervision of a law school, and is emphatic in her assertions that woman has the same need for law as man, and has not only the same ability to master the subject but is usually superior to the man student who enters the legal profession. Woman's one handicap is that a man's daily environment brings him more into touch with the business life and business methods which afford practical daily examples of the application of the rules. In scholarship, Miss Mussey says, the women usually outdistance the men.

In the U. S.

"The statistics published by the United States Bureau of Education," says this modern Portia, "show that in 1908 fifty-one women were graduated in law, and received the degree of Bachelor of Law, while 447 women were enrolled as students in law. In England, while women are admitted at Oxford to the lectures at St. John's, the law colleges, they cannot obtain the degree. It is admitted they have earned. Neither are women admitted to the Law Courts. Grey's Inn has uniformly refused to consider women as applicants for admission to its sacred precincts. The benches of Lincoln's Inn Court, while refusing admission to women, are considered quite liberal because they have given the use of their books and library to Miss Cornelia Sarah-Jill, a Hindu lawyer who took her degree from the Bombay University, and has since practised as an advocate in the courts of India. In Canada there are four women lawyers practicing their profession, and Madame Henri Gerin Lajoie, daughter of Sir Alexander Lajoie, and Mrs. O. C. Edwards, have prepared handbooks of the laws in Canada that concern women."

Canadian Portia.

One of the four Canadian women lawyers referred to by Miss Mussey is Miss Clara Brett Martin, the first woman admitted to the degree of barrister in this country. She is a native of Ontario, and was educated at Toronto, and was called to the bar of the University of Toronto, where she took her B. A. degree in 1899, and that of B. C. L. in 1907. She was admitted to the expression still sounds foreign in relation to women!—first with Messrs. Mulock, Miller, Crowther & Montgomery, and afterwards with Messrs. Blake, Lash & Cassin, being called to the bar in 1907. She must have felt somewhat of a personage after all the formalities were gone through, no less than two special enactments of the legislature being required to permit of her enrolment as solicitor and barrister. This was followed by the framing of special regulations by the Law Society, under which every woman admitted to practice as a barrister-at-law shall pay the same fees as those paid by other students-at-law; she shall become subject to all the provisions of the statutes and the rules of the society as in other cases, and upon coming before a convention upon the occasion of her being admitted to practice shall appear in a barrister's gown worn over a black dress, wearing a white necktie, and with her head uncovered. Can it be possible that the Court of Appeal disagreed on the matter of the costume to be worn by British Columbia women advocates, and fell back upon the excuse of precedent? In France women have met with a comparatively cordial welcome in the legal profession, and have in a few cases achieved distinction.

Had To Fight For It.

In the United States thirty-six women have been admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the United States. Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood made the fight for woman's admission to this bar and also to the bar of the Court of Claims, U. S.; and the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, U. S. A., and was the first one to be admitted to these courts. Women are now admitted to practice in all the state courts save Virginia and Georgia. Mrs. Ella Knowles Haskell was assistant attorney general for the State of Montana. Mrs. Catherine Waugh McCough, of Chicago, is a Justice of the Peace, and has written several books on legal subjects. Miss Mary Ann Green, of Rhode Island, has written a book on Business Laws for Women, which is a favorite text-book in young women's schools. One woman founded in the Capital of the United States a law school primarily for women, but admitting both men and women.

Dean of a Law School.

This is Miss Mussey's own school; she has been the Dean from its inception, and is proud of the distinction which the office gives her of being the only woman who is Dean of a Law School. A class of ten men and six women were graduated from the college in 1909, and the enrolment of students at that time showed that the students were composed of equally of men and women. The faculty of eighteen numbers four women in its body. In the last decade the child and his rights have come in for better

consideration, and laws to limit child labor, to compel school attendance, are receiving consideration. In all the greater cities Juvenile Courts are being established, but although women are conceded to be the best persons to deal with children, there is no woman Judge of a Juvenile Court, and very few probation officers. Miss Mussey says: "Women must prepare themselves for this remedial work. Intelligent preparation is required to meet the growth of wrong conditions. She must prepare herself thoroughly, must be a better lawyer, and a harder worker than her male competitor. But she can succeed in the law and

can gain the emolument which men have gained in the same profession." In addition to the instances named it should be noted that as long ago as 1908 Denmark admitted women as barristers, and shortly afterward the first woman obtained the position. Previously they had been allowed to pass the examinations, but were not admitted to practice.

PIANO PLANT DESTROYED.

Cincinnati, O., Jan. 13.—The piano manufacturing plant of the Knabe Manufacturing Company, in Norwood, Ohio, a suburb of Cincinnati, was destroyed by fire yesterday with a loss of \$200,000, covered by insurance.

With the telegraphed information that \$500,000 had been placed on the estimates for harbor improvement work in Victoria this year, the harbor committee of the Board of Trade were able to add something in the nature of a crown to their four years' work on harbor matters, when presenting yesterday afternoon at the general quarterly meeting their report for the three months last passed. The report had been drawn up and signed prior to the meeting, and then at the last minute practically, in came the information that a provision had been made for the harbor work being started.

Just what form of expenditure, the sum of \$500,000 will take the members of the committee were unable to say because of the fact that their only advice of the appropriation for harbor work had come by press wire at the last minute, but F. A. Pauline, chairman of the committee, and H. A. Munn were both of the opinion that whatever was done in connection with the breakwater plans the inner harbor improvements must be kept up and not buried beneath the greater work outside the bay.

The committee reported on the visit to Victoria of Louis Coste, the Dominion government engineer, and of several interviews its members had with him. The committee had supplied considerable detail information for the engineer and his attention had been drawn to the necessity of making provision for increasing the accommodation for foreign shipping, including greater depth at the wharves and railway facilities for handling freight at the ships' sides. A plan drawn by Kings, Evans and Pickard was shown him, and he said he intended recommending progressive harbor works to the government, to commence with a breakwater near Ogden point. A bascule bridge from Montreal street to the Indian reserve was mentioned, and the engineer was asked to embody it in his report.

The committee had been pleased with the interviews with the government engineer and mentioned G. H. Barnard, M.P., as having assisted in obtaining

the engineer's appointment for the inspection.

F. A. Pauline, as chairman of the committee, moved the adoption of the report, and in doing so said that since its compilation \$500,000 had been placed on the estimates for a commencement of the work. He said the committee believed the work would be started this year and carried forward, and that Victoria would soon take place in the front rank of ports. He wished to thank Captains Logan and Troup for assistance to the committee. The motion being seconded was carried.

J. J. Shaftesbury, having seen a representative of the new city council in the room H. Cuthbert, alderman-elect, referred to the necessity of harmony between the members of the council and co-operation between the council and the Board of Trade.

A matter brought up by A. E. Wallace as to the employment of political partisans on harbor works, was replied to by C. H. Logan, who said he had heard that the harbor improvements were to be done by contract labor.

The president announced in reading his quarterly report that \$10,000 had been provided on the government estimates for temporary improvements to the Victoria postoffice, that an experimental farm site had been purchased, that a mail subsidy had been given the E. & N. railway for a double daily mail service to Nanaimo and a mail clerk appointed. Express company rates to Vancouver, telegraph rates and a day letter service were mentioned, the former as having been adjusted and the latter two as now being under negotiation.

J. W. Ambury announced that a report on gas and electricity would be submitted in about three weeks. He said that of tests made Victoria had been 4 times in 13 behind in gas power, Winnipeg had fallen behind 91 times in 194 tests, and Vancouver 61 times in 66 tests. These figures, however, would be supplemented by further figures and estimates, on which an expert is now working to show comparison between Victoria and other cities.

TWO HOUSES DESTROYED.

Port Arthur, Ont., Jan. 13.—The residences of J. McDonald and J. Mercer on Prospect avenue, were destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is \$12,000. Neighbors, seeing smoke pouring from the windows of the McDonald home, where the fire started, rushed in and found Mrs. McDonald in a faint on the floor with a little child near.

MAY CALL STRIKE.

New York, Jan. 13.—At the headquarters of the United Garment Workers of America yesterday it was said that a secret ballot was being taken and that preparations are being prepared to call a nation-wide strike. The strike, if called, will affect 125,000 garment workers in this city and 250,000 throughout the country.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the trustees of said company, held on the 5th day of December, 1911, an assessment of two and half (2½) dollars per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company. Payable forthwith to said company's secretary at his office at Barkerville, B. C. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 3rd day of February, 1912, shall be deemed delinquent and will be duly advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before will be sold on the 2nd day of April, 1912, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

Dated at Barkerville, B. C., this 5th day of December, 1911.
JAMES HIBBY,
Secretary.

Waverly Hydraulic Mining Co., Ltd.

Location of Works,
Grouse Creek, Cariboo, B. C.

JANUARY SALE

Made to Order
SUITS and OVERCOATS

\$22.00

Regular Value \$40.00

Cut, Fitted and Made in My Store

EVERY SUIT GUARANTEED---Or Money Back

2,000 yards of the latest Woollens just arrived direct from the mills of West of England and Scotland—bought at less than mill prices—in greys, browns, blacks and blues. In Worsteds, Tweeds, Bannockburns and Harris' Tweeds.

Your Choice for \$22.00

**M. Langtry
Merchant
Tailor**

**UP-TO-DATE TAILOR
623 Fort St., Victoria, B. C.**

**Ladies' Suits
Reduced
Also**



A LUCID INTERVAL.
Doctor—How is the patient this morning?
Nurse—Well, he has been wandering a good deal in his mind. Early this morning I heard him say, "What an old woman that doctor is!" And I think that was about the last really rational remark he made.

HARBOR COMMITTEE SUBMITS A REPORT

SUPPLEMENTED BY
GOVERNMENT GRANT

Board of Trade President Reports for Quarter—Gas Test Comparisons Prepared

With the telegraphed information that \$500,000 had been placed on the estimates for harbor improvement work in Victoria this year, the harbor committee of the Board of Trade were able to add something in the nature of a crown to their four years' work on harbor matters, when presenting yesterday afternoon at the general quarterly meeting their report for the three months last passed. The report had been drawn up and signed prior to the meeting, and then at the last minute practically, in came the information that a provision had been made for the harbor work being started.

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Player Piano Bargain

Mendelssohn Player Piano, beautiful Cuban mahogany case, Colonial design, with the latest player action, comprising all the most approved controlling devices for giving correct expression to the music. This Player Piano has been in use for a very short time only, and is to all intents and purposes a new instrument. The original price for this Player Piano was \$850. This week

Easy Terms **\$585** Easy Terms

We will also give a choice of 25 rolls of music free.

Fletcher Bros.

Victoria's Oldest and Largest Music Dealers

1231 Government Street, Victoria, B. C. Phone 885

Cet Your Seat MONDAY
Ten A. M. for
AGNES DEANS CAMERON'S
Illustrated Lecture

"Byway's of Britain"

Victoria Theatre
JANUARY 17TH

Under distinguished patronage of His Honor Lieut-Governor and Mrs. Paterson. Seats 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. On sale Monday 10 a.m. Mail orders accompanied by remittance accepted. Make-up your mind to go. You will like it.

GEO. STAUS BROWN, Mgr.

Empress

The Matchless Musical Laugh Makers
Fred-ECKHOFF & GORDON-Anna
Direct from the New York Winter garden

Best-VON KLEIN & GIBSON-Grace
Interpolating Musical Hits.

Europe's Newest Novelty
Mlle. CECILLE & COMPANY
Artistic Posing, Singing and Acrobatic

Dancing
TED LENORE
Singing Comedian

Initial American Tour of
MARIN & LONA
Juggling and Equilibristic Feats.

MAJESTIC THEATRE

Programme Friday and Saturday.

"A Woman Scorned"
Biograph Melodrama
"Her Wedding Ring"
Western Picture
"The New Manager"
Drama of business life
"Love's Victory"
A dandy comedy.
Other Features.

ROMANO PHOTOPLAY THEATRE

PROGRAMME

"Training a Husband," comedy.
"Life's Supreme Treasure," drama.
"A Winning Miss," comedy.
"Divorcon," drama.
"Christmas Presents," drama.

MAJESTIC THEATRE

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,
January 15, 16, and 17.
600 ft. Beautifully Colored Films

Showing
"The Birth of Jesus"
"Childhood of Jesus"
"His Miracles and Public Life"
"His Passion and Death"
Continuance Performance from 12
A. M. to 11 P. M.
ADMISSION 10c.
Children to Matinee 5c.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss Edith Stewart is in the city from Vancouver.

J. W. Clarke of Seattle, is staying at the Empress hotel.

J. A. Rennie of Vancouver, is in the city for a brief stay.

F. B. Holstead of Winnipeg, arrived in the city yesterday.

C. C. Raven of Edmonton, is a guest at the Empress hotel.

C. G. Moon of Vancouver, is registered at the Empress hotel.

E. P. Armstrong of Golden, is registered at the Empress hotel.

J. B. and Mrs. Knox of Duncan, are staying at the Dominion hotel.

C. J. Fitzpatrick left this city on Thursday for Topeka, Kansas.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Purser of Toronto, have arrived at the Empress hotel.

H. T. Revenhill of Shawanigan Lake, is registered at the Dominion hotel.

J. H. Schofield of Trail, M.P.P. for Ymir, arrived in the city yesterday for the session.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Humphries have left via the Great Northern for Los Angeles, Cal.

Mrs. Tuckey, 1827 Chestnut avenue, received on Thursday afternoon for the first time this year, quite a number of friends calling in spite of the disagreeable nature of the weather.

Mr. and Mrs. Nevill, H. D. Armstrong and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cox, of Shawanigan Lake, are visiting in the city, and are registered at the Empress hotel.

On Tuesday evening of this week Robert White Allen of this city, and Mrs. Jane Handy of South Saanich, were united in wedlock at the James Bay Methodist parsonage, 204 Douglas street, Rev. A. N. Miller officiating. The bride was accompanied by an old-time friend, Mrs. Jane Smith of Niagara street, Mr. and Mrs. Allen will make their home in South Saanich.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized on Wednesday afternoon at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church by Rev. W. Leslie Gray, when Mr. Frederick Ware and Miss Marie Irene Little were united in matrimony. The ceremony was witnessed by only the intimate friends of the young couple. Both the young people are well known in this city the groom being a real estate dealer and the bride having been employed as a stenographer at Turner, Hecott & Co. Mr. and Mrs. Ware left on the afternoon boat for Seattle and will spend their honeymoon visiting coast points.

At an early date Victorians will be given an opportunity of witnessing the debut in this city of Miss King A. Andrews, a dramatic artist of exceptional ability. Miss Andrews, who is a graduate of the London School of Oratory, and who has also studied under Gilbert Shorler of London, England, has recently taken up her residence at Victoria, having already appeared before large audiences in the principal cities of Eastern Canada, where the press comment upon her work was of the most flattering description. Miss Andrews will be heard in this city on the 22nd instant.

An enjoyable dance was given recently at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Blackburn, "Ostalg," Salt Spring Island.

Remodelling of Jewelry

We still have left a number of unset gems of various kinds, which when mounted, would make very handsome pieces of jewelry.

With the cessation of the Christmas rush, we are now in the position to promptly fulfill orders.

To those who wish distinctive and original designs, executed by the most expert workmen, now is the time to visit us.

REMEMBER THAT 25 PER CENT IS TAKEN OFF ALL OUR REGULAR PRICES

Challoner & Mitchell

COMPANY, LIMITED

"THE GIFT CENTRE"

Diamond Merchants and Jewellers

1017 Government St.

of which Miss R. McKenzie was the hostess. The dancing room was decorated for the occasion and music was supplied by the local musicians while Mr. John Sparrow acted as floor manager. Dainty tables were set and about fifty couples kept up dancing till 7 a. m. At the finish three cheers were given for Mr. and Mrs. and Master Peter Blackburn, Miss McKenzie and Dr. Baker.

"BEAUTY DOCTOR DE LUXE" TO VISIT VICTORIA

Doctor Elaine Foote, famed on Two Continents, Will Sail for the Orient From This Port in a Short Time.

Word has been received here that Doctor Elaine Foote, one of the most eminent authorities on the conservation of health and youthfulness in the world, will be in Victoria the latter part of this month and will sail from here for the Orient on a tour of the world.

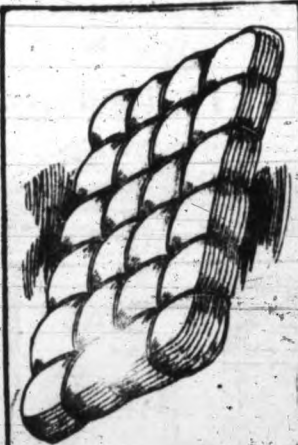
Doctor Foote, although an Englishwoman, is widely known as the associate and advisor of the most eminent specialists of Vienna, Berlin, London and New York and as a contributor to scientific periodicals. She is the discoverer of the famous La Junesse method and has been dubbed by the London press, "the beauty doctor de luxe." Among her patrons are the most prominent members of British and European society and her work has been lauded by the most eminent physicians.

Arrangements are being considered for local women's clubs through which it is hoped to induce Dr. Foote to deliver a lecture during her brief stay in Victoria.

NEW KIND OF MATTRESS.

Layers of Fibrous Material Held Together by Tapes.

A novelty in mattresses has been designed by a Michigan man. Instead of a casing filled with hair or some other material, this mattress consists of a number of layers of fibrous material bound together by tapes that cross it longitudinally and laterally. At the intersections of the tape-tufting passes through and keeps the former from slipping. When the whole is constructed



ed a separate slip cover can be drawn over it and either made removable or fastened, as desired. The inventor of this mattress claims that it is as soft and comfortable as anyone would want to sleep on and that it can be made so cheaply as to derive an advantage from that feature. Provided with the proper material for the body, a woman could easily make one of these mattresses herself.

In Norway married couples may travel on the railways for a fare and a half.

An eminent doctor says that he has found a cyclist's pulse to run as high as 250 times a minute. Immediately after making a fast mile. This illustrates the danger of "scorching."

Yes! the Eagles' Masque Ball will be held as usual on February 14, Agricultural Hall—Car service all night.

The Evening Chit-Chat

By Ruth Cameron

"But lady, when thy voice I greet,
Not heavenly music seems so sweet."
—Oliver Wendell Holmes.
"Her voice was ever soft,
Gentle and low; an excellent thing in woman."

—Shakespeare.

How many women do you suppose there are in the world who could not, by sufficient effort, cultivate distinctly pleasing voices?

Myself, I doubt if there are any at all, hopelessly handicapped. In this direction—at any rate, very few.

And yet, how often do you hear a voice which—apart from personal associations—you find active pleasure in hearing.

Mighty seldom, I reckon. Strange, is it not, that while women frantically offer all sorts of lotions and potions, their last dime and dollar, and sometimes even their health, upon the altar of the fickle goddess of beauty, they will not even give a little time and thought to possessing that charm which many people rate quite as high as physical loveliness—an attractive voice?

Of course, you understand that by an attractive voice I do not mean a good singing voice—merely an agreeable speaking voice.

Such a voice should be, in the first place, properly placed. It should come from the chest and throat and never from the head. About one-half of the American women, I believe, speak most of the time from the head.

In the second place, if it is to be musical, a voice should be well modulated—not always harping on the same note, but using now the low note and now another. It is the lack of this change of pitch that makes reading aloud so often monotonous, and, of course, it has the same effect upon conversation, although often notices it more in the steady reading.

In the third place a good voice is always free from any note of complaint, or fretfulness or nervousness. There are some people—whose conversation is disagreeable and wearing to listen to, no matter what they say, because of the continual note of complaint or nervousness in their voices.

Again, though a voice should be low pitched, that does not mean that it should be so low and have so little breath behind it as to be with difficulty audible. When Shakespeare set his seal of approval on a woman's voice which was "soft, gentle, and low," I am sure he did not mean the indistinct half whisper which some women affect. I have known women who used so little energy in speaking that listening to them was a constant strain. That is what I call a positively selfish habit, for by so doing they forced their listeners to supply, in mental and aural activity, the energy they failed to use. Indeed, I think that vitality and heartiness are indispensable qualities in a really pleasing voice. No matter how carefully placed and modulated a voice may be it is not thoroughly agreeable if it lacks these qualities.

If many women spent the time they employ rubbing absolutely futile notions into themselves, giving their finger nails that ridiculously artificial polish and pinching and unpinching elaborate rats and puffs, in listening to and trying to improve their voices, I think they would accomplish more towards increasing their charm than they now do.

Ruth Cameron

THE HELMETEER
Fashionable piece of headgear which is making quite a hit with the fashionable and patriotic maidens of Germany these days. The German lassies are almost as hearty fire-eaters as their brothers.

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STORE OPEN DAILY UNTIL 10 P.M.

Sale Special

For To-day Only

LADIES' LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.

Regular 15c. To-day 5c

These Handkerchiefs are of hand drawnwork in corners.

Oriental Importing Co.

1601-3 Government Street, Cor. Cormorant.

Phone 2862

The Silent Waverley

We are sole agents for "Waverley" Electric Pleasure Vehicles and "Waverley" Electric Trucks.



The Hinton Electric Co., Limited

Government Street

Phone 2242

Charlie Hope's Suit Sale

Remember, there are only a few days left to take advantage of this suit sale. The prices are greatly reduced. All suits made by us are guaranteed to fit.

Charlie Hope & Co.

1434 Government Street

NOBLE'S

MONEY-SAVING PRICES

With the huge facilities of their business, with the experience and enterprise always associated with that business, Noble's combine an unexampled knowledge of the practical and artistic possibilities of dress. The result is that Noble's goods are always fresh in design, fashionable, and economical. Noble's Canadian customers will be interested in the special announcement below regarding payment of carriage to Canada.

Noble's goods are only obtainable from Manchester.

Attractive 5.55 Model 2714

A charming design. Tailor-built in the "Clyde" fashionable Tweed, of Green, Grey, and Brown Mixture, also in Black and Navy Diagonal Serge. In sizes to fit figures of 22, 24, 26, and 28 inches waist, and 24, 26, and 28 inches bust. Skirts being 28, 30 and 32 inches long in front.

The Coat is 28 inches long, lined, and made with some fitting panel back, double-breasted fronts, velvet collar, and new-shaped revers. Plain, Sky-colored, fashionable Skirt, with box-pleat at back. Price \$5.55. If made to measure, \$6.50. Also made to measure and lined through in a choice selection of fashionable fabrics at prices from \$7.50.

NOBLE'S NOW PAY CARRIAGE TO ANY PART OF CANADA ON GOODS TO THE VALUE OF 10 DOLLARS AND UPWARDS

ordered from their own Booklets and Catalogues (Bedsteads, Bedding Bales and Remnant Bundles only excepted).

If unable to make their orders up to 10 dollars, customers would do well to acquire these from Noble's this morning, so that (should) orders may be sent to save cost of carriage. John Noble will be pleased to execute orders for goods of any description not quoted in their own lists, but customers will kindly understand that in these cases a sufficient remittance must be enclosed to cover cost of carriage.

Noble's Money-Saving Guide

To prevailing fashions may be obtained FREE on application to the Publishers, "Family Herald and Weekly Star," Montreal.

5.55

JOHN NOBLE LTD.
BROOK ST. MILLS MANCHESTER ENGLAND

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE VICTORIA DAILY TIMES

Say to Your Grocer "Tetley's Tea Please"

TETLEY'S

INDIA AND CEYLON TEAS

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC TO : : FORT GEORGE MUST BE COM- PLETED EARLY NEXT FALL : : :

Vancouver Province, Jan. 6.

The management of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway has issued peremptory instructions to Messrs. Foley, Welch & Stewart, railway contractors, that the main line between Tete Jaune Cache, fifty miles west of Yellowhead Pass and Fort George, must be completed early next fall. The railway contractors have passed the communication on to the various sub-contractors who were recently awarded work and who are now engaged freighting in supplies over sleigh roads and establishing camps with a view to making a start at construction work as soon as possible. They are confident of their ability to complete the work within the time specified.

Construction of the western portion of the unfinished gap between Aldermere in Bilkley Valley and Fort George will also be rushed. Mr. P. Welch, a member of the contracting firm, will leave Vancouver on Monday for Prince Rupert to confer with Mr. B. R. Kelliker, chief engineer, in regard to this portion of the contract. On Mr. Welch's return the names of the successful sub-contractors will be announced.

May Hurry Vancouver Line.

The rapidity with which the 412-mile gap is to be finished has a direct bearing on construction to Vancouver, as the Grand Trunk Pacific has agreed to finish the main line before undertaking the construction of its proposed branch line from Fort George to this city. Unless the agreement is modified two years are likely to elapse before the railway company can get around to the last-mentioned project.

The railway policy of the Provincial Government, to be made public within a few weeks, is said to embrace provision for assistance for a railway from Vancouver to the Peace River district via Fort George. The decision of the government as to which of the various companies and syndicates submitting offers shall be favored with government aid will be awaited with interest. Should the Grand Trunk Pacific be in the running—a contingency questioned in well-informed circles—its attitude towards the Fort George-Vancouver branch may be changed, for the building of both the main line and the branch line could be carried on simultaneously.

FORT GEORGE is the geographical and strategic commercial centre of British Columbia, Canada's largest and richest province. All railroads building through the Peace River or Central British Columbia must go through **FORT GEORGE** in order to maintain water grade. Therefore **FORT GEORGE** must be a great railroad centre.

FORT GEORGE is at the junction of the Fraser and Nechaco Rivers, with 1,100 miles of navigable waterways.

FORT GEORGE is the supply point for an immense territory, rich in agricultural, timber and mineral resources, and will be able to compete with Edmonton and eastern cities for the trade of the Peace River country, as well as the whole of Central and Northern British Columbia.

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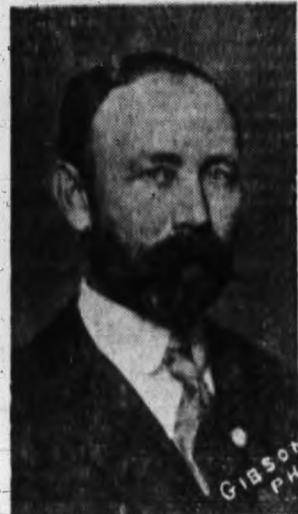
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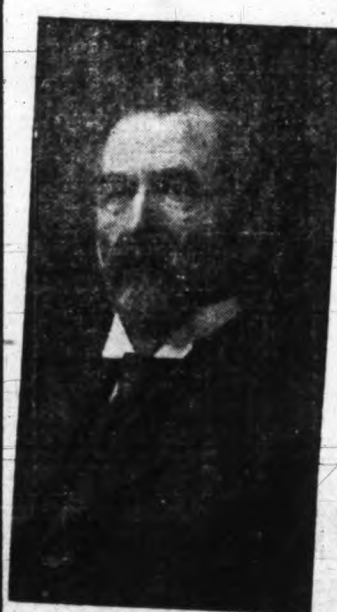
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Alderman-Elect Ward 4



G. A. OKELL
Alderman-Elect Ward 1



MAYOR-ELECT J. L. BECKWITH



J. DILWORTH
Alderman-Elect Ward 5



J. H. BAKER
Alderman-Elect Ward 4



ALEX. STEWART
Alderman-Elect Ward 3



R. BEARD
Alderman-Elect Ward 1



R. J. PORTER
Alderman-Elect Ward 5

Alderman-Elect G. W. Anderson, Ward 2, is unable to supply the Times with a photograph at Present

WILL DRAW SCHEDULE.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—President Dan Johnson of the American League, has issued orders for the league members to meet here February 14, when the playing schedule will be mapped out. He announced that the American League schedule would be more satisfactory to the owners this year because Sunday baseball will be permitted in four western cities.

So long ago as 1869 there were horses racing on Epsom Downs.

CANUCK AFTER BIG FIGHT.

Calgary Man Makes Bid for World's Champion Mill.

Calgary, Jan. 12.—Bassano is making a bid for the coming world's championship fight between Jack Johnson, the present champion, and Jim Flynn, the greatest of the "white hopes." The following message was sent to Jack Curley, manager of the

fight in care of the sporting editor of the Chicago Record-Herald:

"Can guarantee \$50,000 gate receipts for the Johnson-Flynn fight. If satisfactory arrangements can be made for the contest on Monday, July 1, our national holiday, which will prove the gate-getting day for the fight, as Canadian business men as far east as Winnipeg and west to Vancouver, will lose, no time from their offices when traveling to Bassano. It being the first heavyweight championship fight in Canada, the gate will be

greater than any other centre on the continent."

CASEY AN UMPIRE.

Former Portland Second-Backer is Official Arbitrer in Pacific Coast League.

San Francisco, Jan. 12.—Pearl Casey, one of the best known baseball players on the coast and one time star second baseman, has been appointed an umpire in the Coast league by

President Baum.

Casey was with the Portland Northwestern league team last year and has been a member of the Sacramento, Fresno and Portland Coast League teams. He managed the Portland Northwestern team in 1910 and was a member of the famous Tacoma Tigers, who numbered among its stars, such players as Overall, Keefe, Sheehan and Eagan.

Casey is very popular among the fans on the Coast League circuit and his selection is being well received.

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A wise person knows when to use Abbey's salt.
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To the Electors of Ward 2

Ladies and Gentlemen:—We wish to express our grateful thanks to all our friends who worked and voted for us on Thursday, and assure them that every promise made will be fulfilled.
Yours gratefully,
GEO. W. ANDERSON,
RUSSELL W. H. HUMBER.

To the Electors of Ward 4

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I take this opportunity to thank most sincerely all those who supported me in the recent election, and especially those gentlemen who so heartily worked to secure my election.
J. H. BAKER.

To the Electors of Ward 4

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I wish I could call upon every one of you and thank you personally for the vote you gave me yesterday. It was most gratifying to find a large number of ladies, to whom I was personally unknown, recording their votes in my favor, and to them and the gentlemen who worked hard to secure my election, I owe a debt of gratitude I shall find it hard to repay.
I again most heartily thank every elector who voted for me.
Yours faithfully,
HERBERT CUTHBERT

To the Electors of Ward 5

I wish to thank all those kind friends (ladies included) who gave me their assistance and votes on Thursday last, and will do my best for the interests of the city.
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To The Oak Bay Electors

The undersigned has served the Municipality as Councillor and Reeve since it was formed in 1906, and takes this opportunity to thank the Ratepayers for their support in the past. He is nominated for the office of Councillor for the coming year, and if you consider him worthy of your vote, it will be very much appreciated.

WM. HENDERSON,

Ex-Reeve Oak Bay Municipality.

Poll closes at 7 p.m. Cars stop at the door.



The dramatic event of the season in Victoria will undoubtedly be the appearance of the celebrated actor, J. Forbes-Robertson, in "The Passing of the Third Floor Back" on January 22 and 23. This distinguished artist, in some respects the greatest of living players, has just closed a two-weeks' engagement in San Francisco to immense audiences. A very interesting report of an interview with him appeared in a recent issue of the Chronicle from the pen of Ralph Renaud, the capable dramatic critic of that

in America, is now having a brilliant season in London, where they have just waked up to it. The only conclusion is that Shaw is ahead of his time. With "Caesar and Cleopatra" the British public expected the regular Elizabethan atmosphere of the "classical" play, and couldn't understand that good prose was a great deal harder to write than poor blank verse.

I seized the pause to put some questions about his "Hamlet."

"Hamlet" has saved me three times in America," he said, with one of his beaming smiles. "Three times I've

ly to the embarrassment of the modest creator. As the painter's paradise, Paris engaged us also.

"It is the centre of the world for art or literature!" he exclaimed enthusiastically. "It almost seems that one must have lived in Paris to write a great book or paint a great picture. Now, London is different—more provincial. London is a dull dog, but all right if you know him. Some of my pleasantest recollections are French. When I was a boy at Charterhouse they used to send me near Rouen for my holidays, and when I had to ask for what I wanted to eat in French I soon learned it. My time was spent mostly with the priests around Rouen and I think I knew at least fifty of them intimately. I had a heavenly time with them during my vacations for five years and I have a lovely recollection of it all. I even used to serve the mass, and I was considered a very good acolyte, I believe, though more of a curiosity than anything else. I am not a Catholic, but the aesthetic side of the church has a strong appeal for me."

"But you haven't told me a word yet," I complained, "of how you came to be an actor."

"I don't know that it's very interesting," he replied. "My G. Wills, one of the popular playwrights of that day, had written the part of a lover in one of his dramas which he was set upon having me interpret. He had seen me in amateur theatricals and pressed me to allow me to undertake it professionally. I felt it was my duty to earn my living, especially as painting is rather an extravagant pastime for a young man. I still have twinges of the old love and probably, when I retire, I shall go back to it, though one loses the cunning more or less."

"My master was a great tragedian, though little known over here—Samuel Phelps. He was Macready's favorite actor and to his training I owe most of the art that I have. I was with the Bancrofts a great deal, and also with Sir John Hare. I was never a prolonged member, as it were, of the Irving organization, though I played with them in "Much Ado About Nothing," "Henry VIII" and "King Arthur."

"Did you meet Booth while he was in London?" I questioned.

"Ah yes; a wonderful actor!" he affirmed. "I met him at the home of another great artist, Mme. Modjeska. He was very classical and pure in his method and utterly free from affecta-

advanced. In every field of expression the standard is miles above what it was, and the public is more nearly the help to artistic taste to-day than ever. It demands finer interpretation, and it demands it everywhere—not merely in a few big centres. Think of these vast, endless, independent cities scattered all the way across this continent. In every one of them artistic aspiration is seeking its outlet, and so the knowledge of the things that are worth while are distributed. There is no longer that slavish dependence on the great capitals. And art grows, grows, all the time!"



Savage Opera Co.

Henry W. Savage's production in English of Puccini's much talked of grand opera, "The Girl of the Golden West," which will be seen at the Victoria theatre on Friday, Jan. 26, furnishes the best argument which has yet been offered for grand opera in English. It seems to be the unanimous opinion of musical critics and connoisseurs who have heard and witnessed Mr. Savage's production that the opera is much more interesting and effectively sung in English than it was in Italian. The music which is wonderfully rich in its California coloring and the atmosphere of the roaring days of '49 in the Sierra Nevada mining camps, is heard to much better advantage with the English text. The whole opera takes on a more significant, clearer and more potent meaning. Hitherto when grand opera has been sung in English it has often seemed artificial because of the poor quality of the libretto and the fact that blank verse rendered in the vernacular loses its poetic charm. In this superb production, however, English seems perfectly natural as the medium of expression for grand opera. It is never stilted and always rings true.

Victor Haurel, the eminent baritone and teacher, is among those who have been captivated by Mr. Savage's production. He said:

"I never believed in grand opera in English until now, but I am thoroughly converted. Puccini's opera is far more interesting in English than it was in Italian. It certainly goes much better. It should always be sung in English."

Possibly never before has a company so large and so complete as Mr. Savage's been toured in grand opera. Music lovers throughout the country should feel grateful for this opportunity given them. The orchestra of fifty pieces under the direction of Maestro Polacco is splendidly efficient and able to do full justice to the beautiful score.

The Empress Theatre.

Ray Dooley and her Metropolitan Minstrels, one of the best juvenile offerings in vaudeville, come again to the Empress theatre during the coming week. The aggregation is practically the same—there are just two changes—as that which made such a success on the last visit to Victoria. Miss Dooley's Minstrels were the hit of the bill when they were at the Empress theatre last year and everyone spoke well of the charming work of the septette of girls and boys. This year Miss Dooley has completely reorganized the act and while most of the old favorites are still with it there are so many novelties introduced that it is hardly recognizable. New songs are offered in a snappy manner, and when the curtain is finally lowered it leaves the audience clamoring for more. One of the hits of the act is the song "I'm Afraid of the Big Moon."

The show opens with "Mary Bailey's Building Music Hall." This is a turn which comes from the halls of London, and has proved an attractive novelty wherever seen. It serves to introduce some remarkable canine comedians and an act which not only appeals to animal lovers, but also to the children. A feature of the act is the bulldog orchestra.

Bull and Clare, two eccentric comedians of the type so popular in the Old Country, present an act of their own entitled "Scenes at a London 'Rail'." They are two of the funniest comedians as have been induced by Sullivan & Co. to cross the big water to tour the western circuit. They come with the record of a big success at the Empress theatre in London, Eng., and have been loudly applauded all over the circuit. They give some laughable burlesque, and include singing, concertina and one-string violin selections.

The Todd-Nards, who left the tented arena, being the stars of Ringling Brothers big shows, for the vaudeville stage, are a couple of artistic athletes. They do some very good gymnastic and acrobatic work.

T. Merlin, the celebrated card manipulator, who has not been seen in America for the past five years, will be another one of the attractions on next week's bill. He is very dexterous with his digits and the card tricks he offers mystify the audience. He does his work before a committee of three selected from the audience, and with a pleasing manner he keeps up a constant flow of laughter. Merlin has a standing offer of a reward of a thousand dollars for anyone who proves that the cards he uses for his illusions are other than an ordinary pack of playing cards.

RESCUED TO DIE.

Seven Hours Fight to Save Engine Driver Pinned Under Locomotive.

A sequel to a collision on the Great Central Railway at Wombwell, near Barnsley, Eng., was a grim fight for a life.

A mineral train of forty loaded wagons, which were standing at Rockingham Colliery, suddenly ran away. The driver could not stop it, and at the end of a three miles run it dashed with a terrific force into the rear of a goods train that was shunting outside Wombwell Station. Many of the wagons were telescoped and smashed, and the engine was hurled in the hope of getting him out alive, and eventually,

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neath which was the driver, J. Wallis, and the fireman, Bernard Allan, both of Sheffield.

Rescuers, who could hear the cries of one of the men, worked desperately to reach them. They labored for three hours before they came upon Allan, huddled up dead in a heap of coal.

An hour afterwards the rescuers reached Wallis, who had held fast to some wreckage beneath the engine. He was alive though terribly injured, and was able to speak to his rescuers. Efforts were redoubled in the hope of getting him out alive, and eventually,

seven hours after the accident took place, he was released.

He was still alive then, but he died immediately afterwards.

PIT-BOY TO MANAGER.

John Criddle, under-manager of Hickleton Main Colliery, was presented recently by the 3,000 employees of that pit with valuable tokens of esteem on his leaving to take up the position of manager of New Broadworth Colliery, near Doncaster.

Mr. Criddle, who is about forty, has worked at the Hickleton Main Colliery since its commencement. He was

early engaged as a ripper. By labor, knowledge, and devotion to duty he gained the rank of deputy, then under-manager, and six years ago was installed as under-manager of Hickleton, which is one of the largest collieries in Yorkshire, drawing, as it does, 25,000 tons of coal per week.

As evidenced on Saturday the relations between Mr. Criddle and his workmen were most cordial. The employees presented him with a roll-top desk and bookcase, chair, and a cheque for just over \$500.

ADVERTISE IN THE TIMES

paper. The following is from Mr. Renaud's article:

On the desk before me as I write I have a photograph of Forbes-Robertson, inscribed in his precise yet flowing hand. From the fine, broad brow his hair rises in a crested wave, and I remember the characteristic gesture with which he constantly pushed it back, rather wearily, with his hand. It is a lean face, without traces of top much food absorption and material complacency. The cheeks are flat, the nose delicately modeled and well-sized, without being prominent. The mouth is large, and extremely sensitive. It wears an almost pained expression, except when he smiles, when it becomes unusually sweet and winning. The eyes are a little sunken, but very clear, piercing and frank. Altogether, it is such a face as William Blake might have drawn—such a face, indeed, as Rossetti did paint. When Forbes-Robertson was hardly more than a boy and still a student at the Royal Academy of Arts he posed for Rossetti's largest, and by many considered his most important, painting, "Dante's Dream," or as it was then called, "Dante's Love-Kissing Beatrice." In the well-known composition Dante is led by Love to where Beatrice lies dead, and Love bends down to kiss her, while on either side of the bier two maidens dressed in green are holding a pall covered with May flowers. Dante's face appears in profile, and, in its essence, is really the face of Forbes-Robertson.

In watching him at the theatre as "The Pinner of Rye" you get the impression that he is a tall and stately man, but, as a matter of fact, he is not more than the average height. The charm of his tall and musical voice is something you have to experience to appreciate, and his enunciation, naturally, is as pure as his diction.

He is modern to his tenderest fibres, finds no virtue in tradition that has crystallized into inflexibility, and holds it a splendid thing, to be contributing to the progress of the present. There is nothing more pitiful or more corrosive to those about him than a man fatuously content to continue existing in a generation that has gone. Forbes-Robertson is not one of these. His devotion to the cause of woman's suffrage, of which his wife, Gertrude Elliott, told me when she was here, would establish that fact if anything were needed.

"Have you anything in view for the immediate future?" I asked him. His present vehicle is in its fourth year. I understand.

"Not just at present," he replied, offering me another cigarette. "It is my wish to resort to no repertoire again. Producing plays is such a frightful gamble, you know. I suppose a good play stands a better chance of success than a bad one; but there have been such extraordinary reversals of expectation that one sometimes doubts even that. I simply produce to please my own taste now, without trying to forecast the attitude of the public. If one likes a play, then do it, is the plan I follow."

"What would your repertoire consist of?" I inquired.

"First, there would be two or three Shakespearean plays," he answered. "The Merchant of Venice," "Hamlet," of course, and perhaps "Othello," which was most popular for a time, and I would be very likely to use this play. Then I would revive George Bernard Shaw's "Caesar and Cleopatra." That was before its time in London, but very successful elsewhere, especially in New York, where I first produced it. I have no doubt they would approve it now. "Man and Superman," which had a great vogue

FORBES-ROBERTSON



WHO APPEARS IN "THE PASSING OF THE THIRD FLOOR BACK."

brought over plays that weren't liked and have had to fall back on the same. I've played it twelve years now—not continuously, but off and on. I enjoyed it first in London, and was really encouraged to do it by Sir Henry Irving. I was doubtful about the public and afraid that the people were tired of it. He disagreed with me, and Terry, who was present, suggested that it would be foolish for a superior Beethoven from the programme because he was hackneyed. That decided me. The day after the first performance Irving came to see me and was perfectly charming. His advice was for me to go all over the world and do nothing else, and I often think I was wrong not to follow it. As he was leaving he said, "Well, well, the readiness is all, isn't it?" I greatly want to do "Hamlet" in this city before I get beyond it, and I hope I may come back soon. It is rather a tax. About one performance a day is all I can do. It is never a bore because it is so various and touches so many notes."

Here we talked of several American actors—man, at least, who have made their reputations here. Sothorn and Mantell he merely referred to, but Henry Miller and John Mason particularly he praised lavishly, as well as David Warfield. Thence we slipped to painting, and Percy Wilson, his manager, asked Del Mue and me to look at the photograph of a charming, liquid-eyed portrait by Forbes-Robertson of his eldest daughter, evident-

ly, it was an awful ordeal for me to attempt "Hamlet" in this country with the memory of that great figure before me. London gets acquainted very slowly and I don't think Booth ever gave London time enough to know him though he was highly appreciated by all the best judges. I got to know him quite well through his association with Irving, and I recall that he felt the greatest gratitude for the way Irving helped him with his season."

Other famous names paraded naturally through his discourse—William Morris, Lord Tennyson and Burne-Jones. But I have only so much space and wish to close with his forecast of the future.

"Compared with the past, the stage to-day is both healthy and hopeful," he announced. "Put three popular plays of my early days beside any three there would be no comparison between them. The modern dramatists are infinitely more ambitious, more searching and greater in every way. I know what I am saying, for I am in touch with the past. Pish, pish! I don't like this talk of the good old days when all was well. We live in a world that is advancing very rapidly. As far as the interpreters go, some of the great sinners may have passed. But the average is incomparably better as an average, and I haven't a doubt in the world that other monumental figures will spring up to take the places of those who have gone. In every intellectual and artistic way the world has

HEALTH OF CITY MOST EXCELLENT

SERIOUS DISEASES ARE BECOMING LESS

Menace of the White Plague— Inspection of Milk—Dr. Hall's Suggestions

On Monday evening at the inaugural meeting of the new council, the medical health officer of the city, Dr. G. A. B. Hall, will present his first annual report. This document, which is in the main a gratifying one to the public, is as follows:

To the Chairman and Members of the Board of Health:

Gentlemen: I have the honor to present to your consideration my annual report for the year ending December 31, 1911.

This is the first year the city has had an health department, such having been created by law at the end of 1910. During the past year the department has seen great development, many new features have been inaugurated, and the coming year will see even greater growth and improvement. One thing that has repeatedly been brought to my attention during the past year is, in a number of instances, expenditures have been made and charged to the health department when the head of the department had absolutely no voice in such expenditure. This is not the proper way to do business, and the by-law should either be amended, enlarging the scope of the health department, or such expenditures charged to another department, which would have control of the same.

The citizens can congratulate themselves on the excellent condition of the city from a health standpoint. This year, for the first time in over five years, we could boast of not having a case at the isolation hospital. While the city has greatly increased in population both permanent and transitory, on the whole we have had fewer cases of infectious disease and a lower mortality from such. We escaped this year, with the exception of a couple of mild cases, the so-called epidemic of infantile paralysis, which caused ten deaths in 1910 and left so many cripples, and of dysentery, that was so severe last year and caused so many deaths. In January we had ten cases of smallpox, which was a legacy of last year's infection. While the greater number of cases were of a mild form, three of them were quite severe; fortunately none died.

One malady that has had an increase in deaths over 1910 is what is known as the "white plague," or tuberculosis. This is a disease, which, in my opinion, is not receiving the attention that it should. Personally, I regard tuberculosis with more fear and consider it more dangerous to the public health than smallpox, yet very little is done towards isolating those afflicted with the disease. I am of opinion that the government should deal with this malady. People taken ill naturally flock to the cities where they can receive treatment and, frequently, patients suffering from tuberculosis become a charge on the corporation, when they have been only a month or two in the place. Furthermore, this kind of personified districts are not the places for persons suffering from tuberculosis, either from the standpoint of the patient's good or that of the public, hence my reason for contending that the government should make ample provision for such cases and thus relieve the cities of that burden and danger.

The milk question is one which has received considerable attention, but we have not been able to get samples analyzed when we desired. I am convinced that there is ample work of this nature to pay the city to have their own analyst, and I strongly recommend that such an appointment be made. The question of pure milk is getting to be rather a serious problem

and one which I think deserves the attention of the government.

The contract that was let last December for remodeling and making additions to the buildings for the isolation hospital has been completed, and now the city has an isolation hospital in which patients can be made comfortable and be properly cared for, and to which parents need not hesitate to send their children. I trust the 1912 council will see its way clear to putting the sum of \$1,000, in the estimates for cleaning up and beautifying the grounds, which is badly needed. The council endorsed by recommendation in last year's annual report to put the isolation hospital on a better financial basis, but owing to the pressure of work the by-law was not prepared and it should be one of the first to receive attention this year.

Beginning with July 1, the council decided to adopt a system for caring for the indigent sick, requiring hospital treatment by paying \$1.50 per day for each and every patient admitted to the hospital by order of the medical officer in lieu of a lump sum grant. This has proved to be a wise change, working more satisfactorily in every way both to the city and the hospital. When the system came into force, it was found that patients were being treated as city cases who were not even British subjects and had no claim on either the city or the province and were deported. This system enables those in authority to keep a check on people who are in no sense entitled to receive assistance from the city treasury. During the six months that this system has been in operation there has been 182 patients treated, with a total number of 2,437 days, at a cost of \$3,655.50, a financial saving to the city of \$1,344.50, as compared with last year's and the first half of this year's grant. The hospital has benefited by having more beds for those who can and will pay.

Provision should be made for the infirm and such cases as cannot properly be admitted to any other institution in the city at present. This can best be done by the erection of a building at the old Men's Home, and the cost of maintenance would be minimized if run in conjunction with same.

During the past year the city embarked on the system of municipal collection of garbage, and while we have been working under difficulties, which always surround radical changes in a system of the whole it has been satisfactory. The present equipment is not at all adequate to the needs of the department, and I trust the council of 1912 will provide a sub-station and wharf for the receiving of garbage and will furnish the department with the requisite conveyances to collect the garbage weekly in the winter, and give a ten days' service in the summer, and in this way do much to preserve the health of the city.

The erection of a new furnace at the garbage wharf, which is now almost completed, will have two and a half or three times the capacity of the present incinerators, and will fill a long felt want.

Over 100 shacks, dilapidated and insanitary buildings were condemned and ordered pulled down, and on many of the sites new buildings are now being erected. We propose to continue the work this year.

I again wish to bring to the attention of your honorable body the advisability of appointing a police physician to look after the police cases and indigent sick. This work has grown to such proportion that it seriously encroaches on the time which should be given to health matters. The inspection of private schools, workshops, and such places has not been carried out as extensively as it should.

The health officer should be provided with a runabout automobile, which would enable him to do considerable more work than at present, as a great deal of time is wasted in getting from one place to another. Frequently calls come from widely different points which are urgent and sometimes during hours when cars are not running.

I would suggest that the extension of the sewer system should be given priority consideration as it is impossible to have a healthy city without proper sewerage.

In conclusion, I wish to thank Alderman Ockell, chairman of the health and morals committee, for the careful attention and able assistance he has given the department. I would also thank Alderman Humber for his kindly consideration of the department on the several occasions that the incinerator was out of commission in permitting us to burn refuse on his property.

I am attaching official records of

contagious disease for the past ten years, the diseases treated at the isolation hospital for 1911, also a list of deaths, with their causes, occurring in the city during the past year.

I append herewith a list of the proposed requirements of the health department, with the approximate cost of the same. All of which is respectfully submitted. I have the honor to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,
GEORGE A. B. HALL,
Medical Health Officer.

COMING WEEK IN LEGISLATURE

DEBATE ON ADDRESS MAY LAST SEVERAL DAYS

Committees Will Organize and Be Ready for Consideration of Bills at Once

The coming week in the Legislature is likely to be, as usual, a comparatively quiet one, members getting into the routine of the session by gradual degrees and slow.

The debate on the address will be resumed on Monday by the leader of the Liberal opposition, H. C. Brewster, who is expected to review the record of the government and point out where in it has failed in its duty to the people. Later in the week a speech may be looked for from the member for Ladysmith, Parker Williams, who will speak for the Socialists of the province. Mr. Williams is the raciest speaker in the House, is popular with his fellow-members, and is listened to with interest by all on matters how much they may disagree with his views. The debate is likely to last for the greater part of the week.

By Wednesday it is probable that the standing committees will have been named, and these will immediately proceed to organization and the appointment of chairmen and secretaries. The committee on private bills and standing orders will have work waiting for it under the latter half of its designation, and early the following week it will begin the hearing of applicants for and objects to private legislation. The Vancouver amendments, the debate on which will be of interest to all municipalities, are likely to be among the first matters taken up, as C. E. Tisdall introduced the city's bill yesterday afternoon. The railway committee will not have as much to do this session as last, so far as can be seen, but will have one bill at least ready for it next week.

The first government measure to be ready, as it might well be, is that respecting the revision of the statutes. This will, no doubt, be given its second reading during the week, and later on in committee any changes the commissioners, Charles Wilson, K.C., and A. P. Luxton, K.C., have made in the statutes as they stood before the revision will be explained to the House. It is too early yet to say when the budget speech will be delivered or the estimates be brought down. It is understood that the estimates are well advanced, but are not likely to be down before the end of the month at the earliest.

ACCUSED OF MURDER.

St. Valier, Que., Jan. 13.—Joseph Boycardien, who was struck on the head by a hatchet on January 5 by Octave Godbout, wood merchant, died of a gunshot wound at a hospital here from his wounds Thursday. Coroner Perrin, of St. Charles, held an inquest and a verdict of murder was returned. Boycardien leaves a widow and two young children. Godbout, who is thirty years old and a bachelor, was arrested yesterday and taken to Montreal.

REGISTRATION OF CHEMISTS.

London, Jan. 13.—The Pharmaceutical Society has approved the registration here of Dominion qualified chemists, but the privy council must also approve it before the by-law is operative.

THE CAMERA CANNOT LIE

PICTURE IS POSITIVE PROOF

While officiating, as Chief of Police, in the city of New Westminster, John W. McIntosh personally visited Graham Island, and with his own camera took the photograph reproduced herewith, which photograph shows a reef of coal extending out into the Pacific Ocean like a huge ebony pier.

Mr. McIntosh positively states that this coal is on the property of The American-Canadian Coal Company Limited, and it is but a very small fragment of the thousands of tons of out-croppings of coal which occur on the ocean exposed coast of the Company's coal lands, which are situated on Graham Island about one and one-quarter miles east of Masset Town and Harbor, and distant from Prince Rupert between seventy and seventy-two miles.

The American-Canadian Coal Company's property lies almost in a direct line west of Prince Rupert city. All trans-Pacific liners pass the property on their in and out trips and it is hoped that they will see the advantage of coaling up here instead of carrying dead weight from Vancouver city on the 400 mile trip.

In the report of Alexander Faulds on the property it is set out as follows:

"In my judgment your property, if not the best, is one of the best on Graham Island, because of its being granted under the old British Columbia laws, and of its being of adequate commercial magnitude, excellently located to a unique and proximate harbor—MASSET IN-LET."

From the straightforwardness of Engineer Faulds' report, it may be seen that he has himself great faith in the property.

He believes in its immense coal wealth as is clearly set out in the following extract from his report:

"Total coal in No. 1, 2 and 3 coal seams—22 feet. (There are six seams in the property.)

"To be conservative and for computing the production I will take a thickness of 20 feet, neglecting the dips, and an area of 1,500 acres, although the whole of the property may be coal-bearing.

"Taking the computed figures of 20 feet for the thickness of coal and 1,500 for the area, the body of coal represented is 30,000,000 tons, which at one-quarter of a million tons output per year, would give the life of the mine as 120 years."

Back of every word of Mr. Faulds' statement is 40 years of active coal mining experience in some of the greatest and most profitable coal mines of the world, for Mr. Faulds is one of the few "old school" coal miners living to-day.

Mr. Faulds enjoys a national reputation

for the fearlessness of his criticisms of a property. He always reports as he finds the property. Therefore, the shareholders in The American-Canadian Coal Company, Limited, can rely upon the statements of Engineer Faulds, as to the coal wealth and the extent of workable coal in the property owned by the company.

The American-Canadian Coal Company Limited, is a British concern, having its head office at Vancouver. The directors are well known business men, men who have made good, men whom the public may safely entrust to carry out to a successful issue the plans and business arrangements of the company.

The Trustee, Capt. Wilbur Johnston, is well and favorably known throughout British Columbia, having been a resident of the city for a number of years. He offers to the public for a few days only a limited number of shares in The American-Canadian Coal Company Limited, at the price of 25 cents

Do not delay even though you have not sufficient money to make the cash payment, call at the office of Capt. Wilbur Johnston and make your reservation, since there is every indication of the 25 cents issue being oversubscribed.

Remember, you have the guarantee of the advance on January 24 from 25 cents to 35 cents. You are, therefore, safe in buying at 25 cents, since you know you surely will have a profit to your account on the morning of the 24th of January of 100 per cent on your cash outlay.

The title of the American-Canadian Coal Company's property is by deed in the form of a Crown Grant direct from the Government. You have the assurance of one of the greatest coal mining engineers in America as to the enormous volume of coal in the property. Therefore, if you believe in the future of British Columbia, if you have faith in the destiny of the natural resources of the province, lost no time in acquiring some interest in

The American-Canadian Coal Co. at the ground floor price of 25 cents per share.

Had you purchased shares in the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company twelve or fourteen years ago, when they were selling at 10 cents per share, you would have realized a fortune on 100 shares, since the Great Northern paid \$350 per share for the same stock. Similar cases of phenomenal increase in profits from price of shares are reported by the operators of many of the big mines on Vancouver Island, and history will repeat itself in The American-Canadian Coal Co.



A Reef of Coal on American-Canadian Coal Company's Property

per share. It's a big bargain. The engineer's report would place the value at about \$3.00 per share when shipping coal.

This issue may be absorbed any day.

Capt. Wilbur Johnston, however, has issued the statement, and on the morning of January 24 the prices of shares goes to 35 cents per share. This means that those who do not place their application for shares during the sale of the 25 cent issue, so that the same shall reach the office of the Trustee on or before 10 o'clock p.m., January 23, must pay 35 cents per share for their stock on the morning of January 24.

It also means that those who buy to-day for 25 cents a share will on the morning of January 24 find themselves in possession of property (the shares) worth 10 cents per share more than this actually paid for them. In other words, a profit of \$10.00 on every 100 shares.

It is so easy to buy a block of stock since \$10 cash handles 100 shares at 25 cents. The remainder is payable in three monthly installments of \$5.00 per 100 share each month.

It is to be distinctly understood that applications will be filled in order of receiving same. All applications and cheques to be made payable to the Trustee, whose office is situated at No. 604 BROUGHTON ST. and is open daily until 9 p.m.

VAG CALLS FOR TORY ORGANIZER

WHO WILL GIVE HIM LETTER TO PREMIER

And Thus Get Him Out of Jail So He Says—Police Doubt His Respectability

"I want to get out and see Billy Price, and he'll give me a letter to Mr. McBride," said an inmate of the Johnson street saloons who is booked in the police records of this city as Jerry McLellan, and who appeared in the dock to-day charged with vagrancy.

The introduction of politics into vagrancy charges and the police court dock was something new for the police court, and broad smiles went round as the name of the Conservative party organizer was mentioned and followed up by that of the Premier.

The police say McLellan is nothing but an ordinary vagrant who will not work. They say he was thrown out of the Queen's hotel last night and has been doing nothing but hanging around the Johnson street saloons for a year and a half.

The self-confessed political pillar in the Johnson street district, however, says he is not a vagrant, but is suffering from poisoned legs and cannot sleep at night, so he waits the streets all the time in the dark hours to get the pain in his legs. As he appeared in the dock this morning he did not look like an invalid.

He seemed to have great faith in Mr. Price and kept repeating that he wanted to get out and see "Billy Price," who would pass him right along to Mr. McBride, who would fix things for him, and then he would not trouble the police court any more.

Detective O'Leary gave evidence that the man, generally half drunk, does no work, and hasn't found the saloons "bumming" drinks day and night.

McLellan's legs are to be examined before his case is proceeded with. He was remanded to the care of the city medical officer, who will be asked to ascertain the extent of the blood poisoning. McLellan also says he is an old campaigner and receives a pension from the Imperial government.

Shiloh's Cure

STOPS COUGHS PRICE 35 CENTS

OTTAWA, Jan. 13.—It is authoritatively stated that the contest for the governorship of the Yukon territory lies between A. S. Goodve, member for Kootenay; James McKinnon, of Dawson City; and David Black, also of Dawson City. Goodve's chances are

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H. P. Swain, a middle-aged man with a bearded face, pleaded guilty to passing a bad cheque for \$19 drawn on the Eastern Townships bank in favor of Z. W. Hamilton, for whom he worked some time back. There are several cheques issued by him in the hands of the police, and he will be further dealt with on Monday.

A young man named McEwan who pleaded not guilty yesterday to vagrancy and shortly afterwards pleaded guilty to the same charge, said this morning that he had \$10 in his possession when arrested, but that he had hoped yesterday on pleading guilty to get off with a small fine. Constable Foster arrested him two nights ago in a residence district where accused was watching a house in a suspicious manner. He received one month.

GOVERNMENT OF YUKON.
Ottawa, Jan. 13.—It is authoritatively stated that the contest for the governorship of the Yukon territory lies between A. S. Goodve, member for Kootenay; James McKinnon, of Dawson City; and David Black, also of Dawson City. Goodve's chances are

ACETYLENE

Lightens Housework

I guess you sometimes get pretty sick of those old oil lamps, don't you? Unevenly trimmed wicks—dirty chimneys—the oily smell that clings to your hands every time you touch a lamp—the constant danger that one will be upset—not to mention the dirty job of cleaning, trimming and filling every day—these things are enough to make any woman long for a better lighting system.

There is a light which is free from every one of these objections—a light which may be had in any home, anywhere—a light which is whiter, softer, nearer to daylight than any other—a light which actually costs only from 1/3 to 1/2 as much as coal oil for the same illumination.

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Would you like to know how to install Acetylene, how to use it, and how much it costs? Then write us—we'll be glad to tell you.

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604 POWER BLDG., MONTREAL.

Cor. McTavish and 6th Sts., Brandon, Man. — 423 Richards St., Vancouver.

securing the appointment are said to be good.

Of the passenger traffic in the London streets 92 per cent of the vehicles are motor-driven.

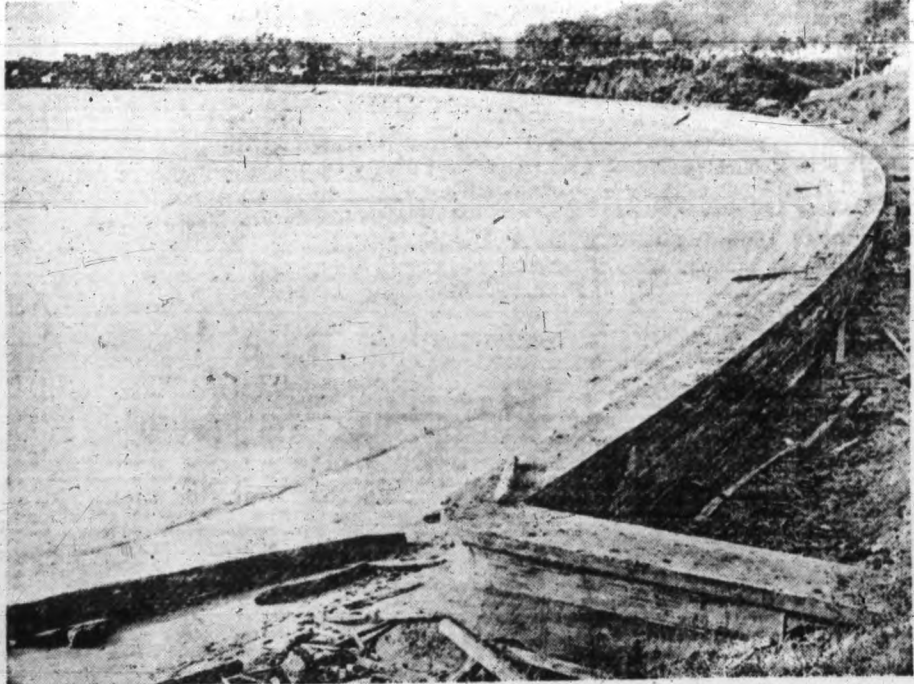
A London motor omnibus earns on the average elevenpence per mile.

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TRENCH'S REMEDIES, LIMITED, 107 St. James' Chambers, Toronto.

Dividend No. 27.
Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum has this day been declared on the Permanent Stock of the Company for the half year ending December 31, 1911, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office of the Company, 350 Pender Street, Vancouver, B. C., and at the branch offices in Halifax, St. John, Winnipeg and Victoria on and after January 15, 1912.

T. D. MACDONALD, Treasurer.
Vancouver, B. C., January 12, 1912.
Victoria Office, 1210 Government St.



RECENT PHOTOGRAPH OF ROSS BAY SEAWALL

Showing portion completed. Looking from St. Charles Street end.

OUR LETTER BOX

CITY MARKET AND ABATTOIR.

To the Editor:—Now the excitement of the elections are over, I think the mayor and aldermen of the new city government might give their attention to the above very necessary institutions.

I approached our late mayor on more than one occasion relative to the above and he thought it would be a good idea to have a public market. I also wrote to the press last June on the subject, but nothing has been done in the matter. Surely it is high time that Victoria had a market where the producer and consumer could meet and do business in agricultural produce, etc. Now with reference to the public slaughter house (abattoir) this would be a great domestic convenience, as at the present time there is absolutely no place in the vicinity of Victoria where live-stock can be slaughtered for market.

I would ask the authorities where the hundreds of pigs imported in here are killed. I have no hesitation in saying that the conditions are far from sanitary.

In conclusion let me impress on our citizens the necessity of themselves in curing both market and abattoir for the Victoria district, and in the near future we shall have a remedy for the expensive living which we have heard discussed so much the last twelve months.

JOSEPH LIST.

UNION OR DISUNION, WHICH?

To the Editor:—The vote which is soon to be given by the members and adherents of the Presbyterian, Congregational and Methodist churches, on the union of these three bodies into one great organization, directed by one great central council, animated by one great central purpose, and moving as a grand army towards the accomplishment of a great central object, will be an event of profound significance to the people of Canada—nay, even to the whole world. For in these days when distance has almost ceased to count, and the nations of the earth are being brought into such close contact with each other, no great change can take place in one without being felt more or less by all the rest. And particularly is this so when the new movement is in one of the great Anglo-Saxon communities which in the present age appear to be the chief centres of progress, both religious and political.

There should now be a practical movement looking forward to the ultimate union of Protestant Christianity in accordance with the law of modern progress, and need occasion no surprise. Its first announcement here in Canada was received with universal interest and general approbation. The three churches more immediately concerned took practical steps towards its realization. A joint committee, composed of the ablest, wisest and most trusted representatives of each, was appointed to formulate a "basis of union," on which all would intelligently and conscientiously stand. Keeping that object clearly in view, and with humble and reverent prayer for the Divine benediction and guidance, seeming difficulties melted gradually away, and a basis of doctrine and polity was evolved, which, after the most minute and careful examination by the chief governing bodies of the three churches, was by a very large majority of each declared to be satisfactory and acceptable. The same result attended its course in the lower courts—the synods and presbyteries of the Presbyterians, and the annual conference and district meetings of the Methodists.

Its next and final trial for acceptance or rejection is to be with the congregations—the great lay element of the church—intelligent citizens of our country. On them devolves a deep and far-reaching responsibility, as their decision will profoundly affect not only the church in its spiritual and other many sided activities, but also the political life and destiny of Canada for long years to come.

In view of the importance of the question and the nearness of the decision, an earnest and intelligent discussion of it by the members of the congregations is most desirable. It is a religious, a public duty on their part. So far the discussion, especially in the press, has been chiefly by ministers, and without disrespect it may be said that much of it has been on very narrow lines. It is time now for the people to speak, both as church members and as citizens. Why should not meetings for its discussion be at once arranged for in all the congregations concerned? Let it be carried on in a spirit and manner befitting its importance. We are introducing a new epoch in the religious and political life of our country—perhaps of our age. The eyes of God and man are upon us. Let our discussion and our decision be such as to justify the trust placed in our hands.

A word or two more may be said. The basis of union has been published for general circulation and study by the members of the congregations. It should be given a careful and intelligent study. It is not long or tedious, and will prove a mental and moral stimulus to its readers.

JNO. NICHOLL.

—Victoria, Jan. 11, 1912.

ISLAND RAILWAY POLICY.

To the Editor:—On the west coast of Vancouver Island, from Otter Point to Nanaimo, at the entrance to Barclay Sound, is one of the richest parts of the island. Including only the watershed draining into this part of the coast, there is contained over one thousand miles of timber lands, besides thousands of acres of land that could be brought under cultivation, land which for productiveness cannot be surpassed on this coast, which ought to be made accessible to the market of this city. Besides the timber and fish mentioned, we have in this area, and not distant more than 50 miles from Victoria, immense deposits of iron, copper, gold and silver, lime, clay, sand and gravel

and other building material in practically unlimited quantities. All this wealth, though practically at our door, is as inaccessible as though situated in Siberia under present conditions.

Some years ago quite a number of settlers located in the San Juan Valley, but for lack of communication were forced to move out, and to-day the forests have reclaimed their gardens and their houses are falling in decay. Large sums of money have been spent every year by the Dominion government in building trails, telegraph lines and other aids to navigation, but ships have gone ashore and many lives have been lost, owing to the long time required to reach any point on this coast.

Previous to the last provincial election a charter was obtained to build a railway from Victoria to Nanaimo, following the coast line, the only practical route available, and this line was surveyed as far as Port Renfrew. This road would secure to Victoria the trade of the whole west coast, making a difference of at least six hours between here and Barclay Sound over any other route, and develop the immense resources between these two points. The great aid such a road would be to navigation and the saving of life in these dangerous waters was so obvious that it was at once championed by the Colonist which ably pointed out to the people of Victoria the great benefit this road would be to the city, of the immense amount of freight that would be brought to the city, the great number of cars it would require daily to handle the traffic already waiting. It pictured the mills and factories that would be built in Esquimalt and Victoria harbors. But most of all it pointed out the great danger of some other line being built from some point on Alberni Canal to Spanish Inlet, whereby the trade of the west coast would be diverted to the Mainland, to the great loss of the city of Victoria.

The government took the matter up, as it was near election time, and they saw good election material and a chance to help the city. They refused to help the promoters of the road, who had put their money up in any way, but assured them that the road would be built, and assured them that they would be amply paid for their charter and expenditure made. It was pointed out to them that they (the government) had arranged with Mackenzie & Mann to build this road as part of their system of a transcontinental road and ferry from Point Grey to Victoria. Great were the promises made the people of Victoria and Esquimalt of what would be done for them and the great advantages it would bring these two ports to have this road constructed and operated by this powerful company. This is what happened. The promoters of the road, after waiting for an unreasonably long time barely received back the money they had expended in surveying and other legal expenses, and the people of the cities of Victoria and Esquimalt have been humiliated.

Instead of building down the west coast as was promised, after reaching Sooke this new road turns off at right angles and goes up past Sooke and Shawnigan lakes as far as the Cowichan river, paralleling the Esquimalt & Nanaimo and traversing a part of the country already served by that line. After reaching the Cowichan river, it again turns at right angles and again parallels the C.P.R. line now being built to serve this district. Passing on, it follows the shore of Cowichan Lake, a beautiful stretch of inland sheltered water, crosses over a summit and down to Alberni Canal, where it once more turns a right angle, follows the canal to Port Alberni, already supplied by rail and water.

Thus we have two lines where one would serve, and none where most required. We are told this remarkable road is heading for the north end of the island by way of Alberni. Now this is a fact: there is no practical route to the north end of the island from any point on Alberni Canal. Witness the C.P.R. after building to Alberni, coming east and building north along the east coast. Now, why was this road down the west coast not built as promised, and the line swung round to Mill Bay, the danger point as pointed out by the Colonist? We are told the reason was because the coast road was too expensive to build, and that the other route would serve the purpose.

Neither of which are facts. The present line after leaving Sooke opens up a new territory, is an expensive road to build, is an entirely different proposition from the coast road as was promised, costs the country \$35,000 per mile and is of little or no benefit to this city nor the island. The coast road from Otter Point to Nanaimo is almost a straight line, following a bench of soft sandstone and slates, providing an excellent roadbed, without grades or expensive tunnels. The road has been surveyed half the distance, and these facts can be verified. The building of this road will open up a part of the island directly tributary to the city of Victoria, that

can be served in no other way. If this city is to hold its own in competition with the other coast cities. And from the great public works carried on we expect cheaper building material must be available. Trade that naturally belongs to it must be retained. No automobile road or bicycle track will serve this part of the island. Victoria needs the immense natural resources now lying idle along this route, as well as speedy and direct communication with the whole west coast, both of which would be supplied by the building of this short piece of railway.

Much more could be said of the necessity for building this road, but the fact that it means the securing of the west coast trade and the supplying of the city with cheaper building material should appeal to every business man in Victoria. The original promoters of the road were practically forced to surrender their charter by the government in favor of Mackenzie & Mann. The people of Victoria and Esquimalt were promised the road, and should see that they get it. Now is the time to go after it. The House is about to meet and an aggressive railway policy is hinted at on the part of the government. Let us demand that they keep their promise and build this road without delay. If they wish to go into the railway business here is an opportunity where they can make no mistake. We need this road, and we want it right now.

By a short car ferry across the entrance to Barclay Sound it can be extended past long beach as far north as Clayoquot. It can be operated by electric power, developed along the route. From Sooke it should have no perceptible grades. Freedom from snow relieves the expense of keeping up trails and telephone lines, afford speedy and effective aid in case of shipwreck, bring the raw material to Victoria to be manufactured, cheapen the present cost of building material and promote industries. Between Otter Point and Nanaimo over one thousand miles of hinterland slopes towards the coast, where there are no harbors, and the land affords no approach from the water, as the mountains rise to a considerable height. In the interior of this watershed all the natural resources of this area must come to the coast, thence by rail to Esquimalt and Victoria.

The "British Medical Journal" says:

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Benger's Food is soothing and satisfying. It contains all the elements of a natural food in a condition suitable for immediate absorption.

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for healthy development in infancy, for rebuilding strength in weakened systems, and for the preservation of old age in usefulness and vigour.

Readers can obtain a 24-page booklet, "Benger's Food and How to Use It," which contains a "Concise Guide to the Rearing of Infants," and practical information on the care of invalids, etc., on application to Benger's Food Ltd., One-Works, Manchester, England.

Benger's Food is sold in tins by Druggists, etc., everywhere.

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OBSERVER.

COAL SHORTAGE AT NOME.

Nome, Alaska, Jan. 12.—The coal shortage is becoming serious and in addition a meat shortage is threatened. Coal dealers say the supply of fuel will last only two months, and new supplies of coal and beef cannot be brought from Seattle until the opening of navigation in Behring sea in June. Most of the gold mines have shut down because of the coal shortage. Some of the larger companies are installing oil burners to enable them to run through the season, there being a plentiful supply of fuel oil in the camp. All saloons and the government buildings are using oil, and have given their coal to the city for distribution amongst the people to warm their homes.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT ASSESSMENT

TAKE NOTICE that the Corporation of the City of Victoria intend to pass a local improvement assessment by-law for each of the undermentioned streets, assessing upon the properties in the schedules hereinafter mentioned the sums of money for the length of time set opposite each said lot as follows:

Grading, rock surfacing and draining McKenzie Street from Cook Street easterly, constructing permanent sidewalks on both side of said street with curbs, gutters and boulevards and constructing lateral sewer connections.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT BY-LAW NO. 40

NAME OF OWNER.	Sub-division.	Lot.	Block.	Section.	Feet Front.	Rate per Foot Front.	General Improvements.	Sewer Connections.	Total.	Ten Years' Annual Payment.	Total Ten Years' Annual Payment.
McKenzie, Donald C.	1	2 & 3	H	Fairfield	50 0	\$8 74	\$437 00		\$437 00	\$53 90	\$539 00
Stinson, J. O.	2	"	"	"	50 0	"	437 00		437 00	53 90	539 00
Nasse, Mrs. J. L.	3	"	"	"	50 0	"	437 00	14 77	451 77	55 70	557 00
Park, David J.	4	"	"	"	50 0	"	437 00	14 77	451 77	55 70	557 00
Taylor, Miss Rowena J.	5	"	"	"	50 0	"	437 00	14 77	451 77	55 70	557 00
McGregor, William D.	7	"	"	"	120 9	"	1055 40	14 77	1070 17	132 00	1230 00
Plitton, R. C.	8	"	"	"	90 4	"	785 55	14 77	800 32	99 20	992 00
McGregor, William D.	9a	"	"	"	40 0	"	349 60		349 60	43 10	431 00
McGregor, William D.	10	"	"	"	50 0	"	437 00	14 77	451 77	55 70	557 00
McGregor, William D.	11	"	"	"	50 0	"	437 00	14 77	451 77	55 70	557 00
Bas, Georgina Caroline	12	"	"	"	50 0	"	437 00	14 76	451 76	55 70	557 00
Bas, Georgina Caroline	13	"	"	"	50 0	"	437 00		437 00	53 90	539 00
Bas, Georgina Caroline	14	"	"	"	50 0	"	437 00	14 76	451 76	55 70	557 00
					761 1		\$4564 55	132 91	4697 46	\$25 90	\$250 00

Grading, draining and tar macadamizing Princess Avenue between Blanchard Street and Quadra Street, constructing permanent sidewalks on both sides of said street, also boulevards, curbs and gutters, and constructing lateral sewer connections.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT BY-LAW NO. 40

NAME OF OWNER.	Lot.	Block.	Section.	Feet Front.	Rate per Foot Front.	General Improvements.	Sewer Connections.	Total.	Ten Years' Annual Payment.	Total Ten Years' Annual Payment.
Hunt, Edward L.	1	8	Finlayson	60 0	\$3 92	\$235 20	\$12 97	\$248 17	\$30 60	\$306 00
Hunt, Edward L.	2	"	"	60 0	"	235 20	12 97	248 17	30 60	306 00
Peden, W.	3	"	"	60 0	"	235 20		235 20	29 00	290 00
Kinsman, John E.	4	"	"	60 0	"	235 20	12 97	248 17	30 60	306 00
Moore & Whittington	w.pt. 5	"	"	30 0	"	117 60		117 60	14 50	145 00
Hiles, G. S.	w.pt. 6	"	"	30 0	"	117 60		117 60	14 50	145 00
Moore & Whittington	w.pt. 6	"	"	30 0	"	117 60		117 60	14 50	145 00
Townley, Mary	w.pt. 6	"	"	30 0	"	117 60		117 60	14 50	145 00
Gibson, Henry	w.pt. 7	"	"	60 0	"	196 00		196 00	24 15	241 50
Clayton, George L.	w.pt. 7	"	"	10 0	"	39 20		39 20	4 85	48 50
Clayton, George L.	8	"	"	60 0	"	235 20		235 20	29 00	290 00
Harris, A. B.	9	"	"	60 0	"	235 20		235 20	29 00	290 00
Harnley, John	10	"	"	60 0	"	235 20	12 97	248 17	30 60	306 00
Harnley, John	11	"	"	60 0	"	235 20		235 20	29 00	290 00
Watt, Walter L.	12	1	"	60 0	"	235 20		235 20	29 00	290 00
Watt, Walter L.	13	"	"	60 0	"	235 20	12 97	248 17	30 60	306 00
Little, S.	w.pt. 14	"	"	40 0	"	158 80	12 97	169 77	20 95	209 50
Roy, Joseph	w.pt. 14	"	"	20 0	"	78 40		78 40	9 70	97 00
Roy, Joseph	15	"	"	60 0	"	235 20	12 97	248 17	30 60	306 00
Smith, E. J. C.	16	"	"	60 0	"	235 20	12 97	248 17	30 60	306 00
Lewis, Dr.	17	"	"	60 0	"	235 20		235 20	29 00	290 00
Mitchell, Mrs. Sigrid	18	"	"	60 0	"	235 20		235 20	29 00	290 00
Hawkins, T. W. C.	19	"	"	60 0	"	235 20	12 97	248 17	30 60	306 00
Dillabough, E. C.	20	"	"	60 0	"	235 20		235 20	29 00	290 00
Grice, John E.	21	"	"	60 0	"	235 20	12 97	248 17	30 60	306 00
Grice, John E.	22	"	"	60 0	"	235 20	12 97	248 17	30 60	306 00
				1320 0		\$5,174 40	\$112 67	\$5317 07	\$655 65	\$6556 60
						Amount payable by the City		1291 93		
						Total		\$6609 00		

Constructing boulevards on the south side of Belleville Street, from Menzies Street to St. John Street.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT BY-LAW NO. 40

NAME OF OWNER.	Lot.	Block.	Section.	Feet Front.	Rate per Foot Front.	General Improvements.	Sewer Connections.	Total.	Ten Years' Annual Payment.	Total Ten Years' Annual Payment.
Hooper, Thomas	890	38	"	60 0	\$0 24 1/2			\$14 70	\$1 80	\$18 00
Coffey, Miss E.	891	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Morrison, R. C.	892	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Bailey, S. O.	893	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Hartley, Mary E.	894	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Mowat, Wm. Alexander (Estate of)	895	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Mowat, Wm. Alexander (Estate of)	896	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Galbraith, Angus (Estate of)	897	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Raymond, John	898	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Raymond, John	899	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Lawson, Jas. H., et al (Spring Estate)	900	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Lawson, Jas. H., et al (Spring Estate)	901	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Spring, Agnes L.	902	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Hunter, Hon. Gordon	903	40	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Clarke, Mrs. S. A.	904	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Pendray, Mrs. A. J.	905	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Pendray, Mrs. A. J.	906	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
Pendray, Mrs. A. J.	907	"	"	60 0	"			14 70	1 80	18 00
				1075 0				263 25	\$32 25	\$322 50
						Amount payable by the City		\$ 65 89		
						Total		\$329 24		

Constructing boulevards on both sides of Government Street from Michigan Street to Toronto Street.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT BY-LAW NO. 40

NAME OF OWNER.	Sub-division.	Lot.	Block.	Section.	Feet Front.	Rate per Foot Front.	Total.	Ten Years' Annual Payment.	Total Ten Years' Annual Payment.
Palmer, Tom		pt. 1767	61	"	128.4	\$0.25 1/2	\$45.55	\$5.60	\$56.00
Hamilton, Wm.		pt. 1767	"	"	123.0	"	42.65	5.40	54.00
		1763-5	"	"					
Cameron, W. G. & C. N.	14	1801-5	"	"	55.0	"	19.55	2.40	24.00
Cameron, W. G. & C. N.	13	"	"	"	55.0	"	19.55	2.40	24.00
Cameron, W. G. & C. N.	12	"	"	"	130.0	"	45.00	5.60	60.50
Cameron, W. H. G.		pt. 1768	"	"	248.0	"	89.05	10.55	108.50
Cameron, W. B. G.		pt. 1800	"	"	248.0	"	89.05	10.55	108.50
					996.4		\$353.40	\$43.55	\$425.50
							85.78		
							\$439.18		

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Ernest Kennedy, Mang. Director.

CHINESE REVOLUTION SPELLING PROGRESS

A Harvard Chinese Student
Throws More Light on First
Causes of War

Y. S. Tsao, a Chinese Christian, now a student at Harvard University, who is editor-in-chief of The Chinese Student's Monthly, writes as follows in the Missionary Review of the World.

On October 11th the world woke up to be surprised by the news that China is facing an intelligently directed revolution. Prior to this, speculations upon the political situation of China made by observant students had declared the obstacles to a revolution to be insurmountable. On account of past experiences, uprisings in China are associated in men's minds only with imminent danger to foreign lives and property. Thus far, however, the contrary has been the case in the present revolution, and the world is all the more surprised. The rapid succession of events within the past fortnight have repeated in the Far East great political events that have required centuries for their accomplishment in European history. This makes it impossible for a leader to follow closely the course of development. It is evident, however, that the revolutionary movement has been supported by public sentiment, and has gained at least a strong foothold in no less than ten provinces.

At Wu Chang, the public execution of four rebel leaders was given as the immediate cause of the uprising, and in the Sze-chuen riot, the conclusion of the foreign loan was the pretext. Though the loan from the four powers was really a diplomatic achievement and should be welcomed, yet this measure was conveniently adopted by the government to forget its obligations to the people of the four provinces, who have been paying specially heavy taxes in order to finance the roads, was too glaring a breach of trust for them to tolerate. The real causes, however, are still deeper. The anti-Manchurian feeling has been strong, but after a review of the deeper-rooted causes, we can see that even if the government were not Manchurian, under similar circumstances the same popular resentment would have resulted.

The fundamental keynote was misgovernment. The rulers have been not only inefficient and autocratic, but absolutely selfish and untrustworthy. They have been selfish in practicing nepotism with the abrupt dismissal of able and public-spirited leaders, selfish in peculating additional taxes levied specially for reform measures. Even more intolerable have been the business promises made to the people similar to those made by King John. While the high-handed action of the government in imprisoning or exiling the provincial representatives for demanding an immediate convocation of a national parliament was remembered by the provincial assemblies.

"The opening of new schools, the increasing number of returned students, the publication of radical papers and magazines, have inspired a national feeling. Nationalism naturally breeds impatience, self-assertion and pro-Chinese inclination. The people were ready to dictate better measures for the government if the national parliament had been granted. The desire for a more aggressive action was most keen and intense when Japan, Russia and England were making military demonstrations last year. The bubbling caldron of discontent and impatience had been ready to boil over at any moment since last year. It was only prevented by the lack of some eminent leader, and some plausible pretext.

For a time the country silently bowed its head in sorrow when the three spectres—plague, famine and flood—stalked over the land. These calamities came to a population already suffering from the results of industrial invasion and non-employment. The economic factor was the last straw that broke the camel's back. That is why in two short weeks so much could be accomplished by the revolutionists.

There is a law that has been in evident operation in the land of Sinim. Ever since the China-Japan war the country has been in a state of unrest. According to the law of the pendulum, action is equal to reaction in the contrary direction, so the course of progress in China has been twice set back by conservative and reactionary influences. Nevertheless, the progressive party is ever gaining strength in each sweep of the pendulum.

The reverses of the war with Japan caused a rude awakening, and the late Emperor, with the assistance of the reform party, headed by Kang Yu Wei and Liang Chi Chiao, decreed a series of radical reforms that led to the coup d'etat. The reaction blindly led to the painful experience of 1900, and when the Manchurian leaders of the Boxers, Tung Fuh Hsian and Prince Tuan were banished, the cause of reform again developed a brighter prospect. The late Empress Dowager

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Terms on any of the above.

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was convinced of the necessity of reform, and she had the man to direct her. Yuan must successfully organize a new army, a police system, an educational system, a judicial court at Peking, he systematized the railway management, improved foreign relations, reconstituted a constitution, and other similar reforms. The pendulum reached the limit at the death of the Empress Dowager and the Emperor, when Yuan and Tung Fuh, the two most prominent statesmen of the day, fell, since then the retrogression has been rapid. The people agitated for an immediate parliament; but the government resisted the demand stubbornly. With this public disappointment, with the vacillating and weak policy of the government, plague, famine, flood, financial stringency, and foreign aggressions, the people do not deem it advisable to wait any longer. Thus using the foreign loan as a pretext, the revolution was precipitated.

Whenever the conservative element of the government gains control there is retrogression and chaos. It is highly significant that now the entire public demands a better order of things and the people shall rule.

Before proceeding to generalizations, let us make a bird's-eye view study of the personalities involved since the war with Japan in the alternating landmarks of progress and retrogression. During the war Marquis Li Hung Chang was the only one who realized the absurdity of fighting with modernized Japan. He appreciated his solitary position, and he could only serve in negotiating the peace treaty. Then the reform party appeared with Kang Yu Wei and Liang Chi Chiao at the head, but the conservative element was so strong at the court that before long the Emperor was imprisoned, and they had to flee for life. When the invulnerable Boxers exercised their magic, the Manchuria leaders, Prince Tuan, Tung Fuh Hsian, Jung Lu and Li Lien Ying (the chief eunuch) were in power. Upon the return of the court from Shenai, it was purified considerably, and Yuan Shih Kai, backed by the late Empress Dowager, achieved numerous reforms. Then the Manchuria progressive princes sought for power, but while progressive, they lacked real knowledge of modern world conditions and experience, thus, when the best men were dismissed through their jealousy, the government became inefficient and inert. This brief resume points out convincingly the gradual process of eliminating the conservative and the inadequate.

Henceforth, there will not be the opposing parties of radicals and conservatives of the old school or the progressives of the new and the radicals of the old, but primarily the rivalry of two modern co-operating parties. These might be typified by the constitutional Yuan and the Republican Li. Therefore, in order to depict the prospects of general progress, socially, politically and religiously, we should not judge from the actual results achieved within the past five years, but it should be interpreted in the dominant progressive spirit when Yuan Shih Kai was at the height of his power, and with the retarding influences that caused his downfall removed. Progress, observed Lord Macartney, should not be judged by short periods of time, but by the general trend of affairs. Henceforth China's reform has been sporadic and spasmodic, but henceforth, with the air-purified of existing reactionary influences, the spirit made homogeneous and a national ideal unified, the path of progress would naturally be smoother and broader.

We realize at the same time there are other difficulties to be contended with, notably the problem of foreign relations, the indebtedness to the powers, the financial stringency, the hardships of industrial revolution, the elimination of self-seeking men, the development of a new moral ideal, the solution of the religious problem. But if China is more capable of facing these questions, it is China unified and purified. Bitter experiences have taught that the mere acknowledgment of the necessity of reform has proved insufficient. People are emphasizing co-operation, self-sacrifice, and social service. They are asking why can not men organize more successfully, why is there a lack of co-operative spirit, and why is the sense of public service weak and the desire for selfish gains strong. In this inquiry, what will be the answer and the only natural answer. Indeed, the advanced guards have already realized that while knowledge is important, and patriotism necessary, only religious conviction is vital. True religion is not fanaticism or ethics, but the strict adherence to the fundamental divine principles of righteousness and justice. This ideal widens one's horizon, deepens one's convictions, and strengthens the whole being.

Of the thousands of students in Japan, Europe and America, large numbers are annually being convinced of this truth. Many have become professing Christians, while others are only following in the distance. Last year in China no less than 600 young men volunteered to be Christian workers, in spite of the tempting and remunerative positions offered to them. Such examples could not fail to produce a salutary influence upon their elders and fellow-students, who admire their personal ability and the zeal for service. The day is approaching when young men of strength and

moral courage will feel proud to stand before the public and declare their convictions. The period of suspicion and misconception of the missionary ideal can be safely said to be over, the period of indifference and antagonism shown to Christianity as a foreign religion is rapidly passing, and the conception of the Gospel as having no higher significance than mere ethical teachings is vanishing. In their stead there is a nation-wide, open-mindedness to inquire and accept strong, native Christians, leaders of deep convictions are rapidly developing, and the enterprise of organizing a native church has been attempted. When Yuan Shih Kai was in power

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This splendid house stands on a 60 ft. lot, only half a block south of the end of the Oak Bay car line. Just one block back from Oak Bay's magnificent harbor and one block from hotel.

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CONFLICTING OMENS PREDICTING WEATHER

Science Versus Tradition in
Forecasting Climatic
Probabilities

Scientists who spend their lives in studying meteorological conditions admit that they are unable to precisely foretell the weather for more than a couple of days in advance, and newspaper readers will admit that even at this range they frequently foretell it wrong. The "oldest inhabitant," however, has a great advantage in this respect, and considers it not beyond his powers to announce in November what sort of weather we are likely to have in March. Probably the oldest inhabitant writes the patent medicine almanacs, which undertake to forecast weather months in advance. In the almanacs, however, the forecasts are apt to be somewhat ambiguous, and no matter how the weather turns out, the upholders of the prognostications are usually able to find some intimation of it in the prophecy. It must be said, too, that some very intelligent people have considerable faith in the accuracy of the meteorological science as contained in the almanacs, and place more reliance in it than in the newspaper forecasts.

The weather man in competition with the amateur wisacre, whose rheumatism gives him some admiration of what is likely to happen in the course of the next twenty-four hours, is under a serious handicap. If the weather man is wrong, everybody notices it, if he is right, nobody pays any attention, but assurance he is doing merely what he is paid for. His rival makes so many mistakes, however, that no one keeps track of them, whereas his occasional "bull's eye" are made the subject of conversation, and if, as will happen every six months or so, he is right when the meteorological office is wrong his reputation is made for years to come. It is usually in unseasonable weather that the amateur comes to the fore. If he is an ancient man, his memory will rarely fail to supply an instance of just that weather some time in the past half-century, and he will assume because the December of 1911 is like the December of 1875, for instance, that the succeeding months of the year will be like the corresponding months thirty-six years ago.

One of the most certain things about weather, as interpreted by scientists, is that one wet day is likely to be followed by another; one "soft" month by another. That is to say, weather has a tendency to perpetuate itself. Of course, this law is subject to certain limitations, or there would be no change in the weather at all, but generally speaking, Tuesday might be the father of Wednesday and the son of Monday. Saturdays and Sundays are more apt to be alike than Saturdays and Saturdays. It is at this point that meteorological science differs most sharply from the sort of forecasting that old inhabitants and unscientific observers of nature indulge in. For example, the signs as they present themselves to the amateur prophet are that we are in for a hard winter. The Bangor Commercial says that the goose bone prophet has rubbed his finger over the breast bone of a wild goose, and has found there a ridge of osseous tissue that is said to be a sure sign of rough weather. Why the wild goose should grow an extra supply of bone for severe weather is not explained; nor is it explained how long it takes the goose to, thus, by taking thought, add to his stature.

The "corn husk" prophet is also busy. He has examined the thickness of the corn husk, and finds it heavier than usual. He asserts that this is nature's way of trying to protect the grain against unusually biting winds. A Missouri farmer notes that the quail are already making friends with his chickens, and the prophet says that their instinct is warning them that they are due for a food shortage. Instant might have gone a step further and advised them not to make demands on the poultry food until their own supplies had been exhausted, and that supply can hardly be affected so much by this winter as last summer. Even the apples have a thicker skin, and this, too, is said to foretell heavy weather. The intelligent natives desiring to make themselves as toothsome as possible for the consumer. It is said that the nuts show the same tendency as that of the apples and the corn. In fact, many signs point in the same direction.

There are some signs pointing the other way, however. The grass is still green in many places. In Ontario, it is feared that there will be great damage, owing to the fruit trees' untimely budding. Bartenders have been pickled, but alas! they will probably be on hand to pluck again from the lawn five months from now. These trees and plants, therefore, offer testimony at variance with that of the sagacious corn husk, and the sophisticated apples. Moreover, we might also cancel the testimony of the quail and the wild geese by that of our domestic poultry. Readers who keep chickens may be noticed that the result in their birds, which comes to a standstill in severe weather, is still going on, and that they are showing their feathers as though they felt they had no need of them. In short, nature's signs are always right, for they point in so many directions that all of them can never be wrong. Toronto Mail and Empire.

The Spanish Premier is about to introduce a bill for the abolition of capital punishment.

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Oak Bay Ave., near the Junction, cottage and two lots; 14 cash, balance at 7 per cent. Price \$4,300

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Oak Bay Ave., close to beach, 60 x 112, and 8-room modern house in first class condition. Terms to suit purchaser. Price \$5,250

Hollywood Park, 5-room new bungalow with a 50-foot lot, close to car line and sea. Terms. Price \$4,500

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Fairfield Estate—New modern 8-room dwelling, furnace, gas, large basement. Lot 50 x 120, \$2,000 cash. Price \$6,000

Empress Avenue—New modern 6-roomed bungalow, large basement, piped for furnace, full-sized lot, \$1,500 cash, balance \$25 per month including interest. Price \$5,000

Shawnigan District—100 acres 10 minutes for Kootenai Station on Mill Bay road, 40 acres older bottom, \$1,000 cash, balance arranged. Price per acre \$55

Agreements for sale purchased. Money to loan at current rates.

THE CITY BROKERAGE

1319 DOUGLAS STREET.

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

Phone 815. Residence Y2403

Corner of South Turner and Dallas Road \$5,500

Dallas Avenue—With the announcement in the papers to-day, Dallas Road property is advancing, and will advance. We have 100 feet frontage on Dallas Road by 120 feet in depth with a beautiful 8-room residence on it, heated by hot water, etc., in fact this is one of the most beautiful residences in Victoria for exactly the same price as it has been listed with us before this announcement. Terms can be arranged on this property to suit for a short time. Price \$15,000

Corner of South Turner and Dallas Road \$5,500

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Corner of South Turner and Dallas Road \$5,500

LEE & FRASER

Money to Loan, Life Insurance, Fire Insurance.

Members of the Victoria Real Estate Exchange.

1222 Broad St., Victoria, B. C.

Grant Street, 7 room house, and lot 13 x 145. Easy terms \$4,000

Chapman Street, one and a half story 6 room house; modern \$3,750

We also have the following lots for sale:

Parkdale, Regina avenue, 60x120. Price \$500

Joseph Street, good lot, cheap. Price only \$900

Huliten Road, lot 53x113. Price \$1,000

Hampshire Road. We have several at each \$1,500

Fourth Street, lot 50x150, level, cleared \$800

Cowichan Street, lot 51x134 \$850

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Cowichan Street, lot 51x134 \$850

Waterfront Mill Bay

30 acres on Malahat Drive, with 132 feet waterfront and good beach. About two acres cleared, with small house. Good stream of water on property.

NO ROCK

Price
\$3,000

Terms one-third cash, balance 6 per cent

Currie & Power

Members Victoria Real Estate Exchange.

Money to Loan. Fire Insurance

1214 Douglas St. Phone 1466

Waterfrontage

Willow's Beach, 50 by 110, level and grassy, on good terms. Price \$1,500

Sheal Bay, on Beach Drive, lots 50 feet by 200 feet, on easy terms, up from \$500

R. B. PUNNETT

Phone 1112. P. O. Drawer 785.

Station 13, Mahon Block, Victoria.

A Real Good Snap

Choice lot of one and one-sixth acres close to the end of the Douglas street car line. Only \$2,525

WELCH BROS. & CO.

1006 Government Street

Prices from

\$600

And Easy Terms

The activity in our

McRae Heights Subdivision

has created several sales this week. There is really no wonder at this when location and price is considered.

Every lot a view lot. Low taxes. Call or write for plan.

HEISTERMAN

FORMAN

& Co.

1212 Broad Street

Phone 55

HOUSES BUILT

On Instalment Plan

D. H. BALE

Contractor & Builder

Boys' Sailor, Serge and Buster Suits

Grand new shipment of these just unpacked. All sizes.

Prices from \$7 to \$4.75

Honestly, they're the smartest little suits you ever saw; every one of which further evidences Peden's good values and low prices.



Gents' Tailors

PEDEN'S

Boys' Outfitters

Sayward Building, Douglas Street.

City of Victoria

A complete list of Local Improvement Works, authorized by By-Law, from time to time, will be found posted on the Bulletin Board at the main entrance to the City Hall.

Municipal Notice

That the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, having determined that it is desirable:

1. To construct permanent sidewalks on the south side of Garbally Road from Douglas Street to Selkirk Waters, and on the north side of Garbally Road from Selkirk Road to Selkirk Waters;
2. To construct permanent sidewalks of concrete on both sides of Prior Street from Hillside Avenue to Bay Street;
3. To grade, drain and pave with an asphaltic pavement Kenway Avenue from Fifth Street to Higgins Street, and construct curbs and gutters on both sides of said street, also lateral connections to sewers, surface drains and water mains, and remove poles, if necessary;
4. To grade, drain and pave with an asphaltic pavement Duchess Street between Leighton Road and Fort Street, and construct curbs and gutters on both sides of said street, also lateral connections to sewers, surface drains and water mains, and remove poles, if necessary;
5. To construct boulevards on both sides of Quebec Street from Menzies Street to Montreal Street;
6. To grade, drain and pave with an asphaltic pavement Mears Street from Quadra Street to Cook Street, and construct lateral connections to sewers, surface drains and water mains, and remove poles, if necessary;
7. To construct boulevards on both

sides of Rithet Street from Menzies Street to South Turner Street.

And that all of said works shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Local Improvement General By-law and amendments thereto, and the City Engineer and City Assessor having reported to the Council in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 of this by-law upon each and every of said works of local improvement, giving statements showing the amounts estimated to be chargeable in each case against the various portions of real property to be benefited by the said work, and the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor as aforesaid having been adopted by the Council:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the said reports are open for inspection at the office of the City Assessor, City Hall, Douglas Street, and that unless a petition against any proposed work of local improvement above mentioned, signed by a majority of the owners of the land or real property to be assessed for such improvement and representing at least one-half of the value of the said land or real property is presented to the Council within fifteen days from the date of the first publication of this notice, the Council will proceed with the proposed improvement upon such terms and conditions as to the payment of the cost of such improvement as the Council may by-law in that behalf regulate and determine.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, Jan. 9th, 1912

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT ASSESSMENT

Constructing a permanent sidewalk on the north side of Michigan Street from Beacon Hill Park to Government Street, also boulevards, with curbs and gutters on south side of said street from Government Street to Menzies Street, and on the north side from Beacon Hill Park to Menzies Street, also of grading, draining and rock surfacing said street from Beacon Hill Park to Menzies Street.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT BY-LAW NO. 40

NAME OF OWNER	Sub-division	Lot	Block	Section	Front Foot	Rate per Foot Front	Total	Ten Years' Annual Payment	Ten Years' Total Payment
Finlayson, R. D. et al.	5	1791-11	60		50.0	\$3.45	\$207.00	\$207.00	\$207.00
Finlayson, R. D. et al.	5	"	"		49.9	"	207.00	205.55	205.55
Alban, Mrs. Marion	4	"	"		60.0	"	207.00	21.15	211.50
City of Victoria	3	"	"		49.9	"	171.64	21.15	211.50
City of Victoria	2	"	"		49.9	"	171.64	21.15	211.50
Munro, A. (Estate of)	Pl. 1757	61			66.0	\$1.30	85.80	10.55	105.50
Munro, A. (Estate of)	1758	"			66.0	"	85.80	10.55	105.50
Munro, A. (Estate of)	1759	"			66.0	"	85.80	10.55	105.50
Munro, A. (Estate of)	1760	"			66.0	"	85.80	10.55	105.50
Munro, A. (Estate of)	E Pl. 1761	"			41.0	"	57.20	7.05	70.50
Munro, A. (Estate of)	W Pl. 1761	"			22.9	"	29.60	3.65	36.50
Jones, H. H.	1762	"			66.0	"	85.80	10.55	105.50
Jones, H. H.	1763-5	"			53.0	"	68.90	8.50	85.00
Anderson, Amanda	E Pl. 2	"			26.9	"	34.80	4.30	43.00
Anderson, Amanda	W Pl. 2	"			26.9	"	34.80	4.30	43.00
Rowe, Mrs. E. S.	1	"			53.0	"	68.90	8.50	85.00
Rowe, Mrs. E. S.	Pl. 1766-7	"			72.10	"	94.70	11.65	116.50
Palmer, Tom	1766-7	"			27.6	"	35.75	4.40	44.00
Palmer, Tom	Pl. 1769	"			37.4	\$2.26	84.39	10.40	104.00
Naylor, W. B. G.	1770-1	"			66.0	"	119.16	18.40	184.00
Naylor, W. B. G.	1771-8	"			60.0	"	125.60	16.70	167.00
Law, A. Yam	1777-8	"			60.0	"	125.60	16.70	167.00
Le Fevre, John	1772	"			28.0	"	63.28	7.80	78.00
Le Fevre, John	1772	"			28.0	"	63.28	7.80	78.00
Barden, Thomas	1773-6	"			56.0	"	126.56	15.60	156.00
Gladstone, Rev. Thomas W.	1792-6	"			46.0	"	103.96	12.80	128.00
Cameron, W. G. & C. N.	9	"			50.0	"	103.96	12.80	128.00
Williams, Alfred (Estate of)	20	1777-91	"		63.0	"	113.00	13.95	139.50
Spencer, David	E Pl. 19	"			10.0	"	12.56	1.56	15.60
Armstrong, Frank	W Pl. 19	"			35.6	"	44.60	5.56	55.60
Armstrong, Frank	E Pl. 18	"			42.6	"	52.20	6.52	65.20
Edwards, Samuel W.	W Pl. 18	"			155.0	"	196.05	24.50	245.00
Trustees Methodist Church	1	"			350.30	"	432.00	54.00	542.00
							\$7318.96	\$902.50	\$9025.00
City's Share							1823.25		
							\$9142.21		

AND FURTHER take notice that the Court of Revision for the trial of complaints and appeals against the assessment so proposed be made, will be held Wednesday, January 31st, 1912, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the Council Chamber in the City Hall, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets, in the City of Victoria, B. C., and any notice of appeal from each intended assessment must be served upon the undersigned at least eight days prior to such sitting.

January 11th, 1912.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

LICENSES OF FOUR HOTELS CANCELLED

Holders at Roseland Did Not Comply With Liquor By-law

Roseland, Jan. 12.—The license commissioners refused to renew the licenses of four hotels in the city for non-compliance with the provisions of the liquor license by-law. This leaves 14 licensed premises, 12 of which are hotels and two retail. Hotel license holders are to be notified that they must comply with the provisions of the fire escape act, or they will be prosecuted. A special meeting will be held to consider the matter of raising the hotel licenses.

KOOTENAY CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Cranbrook, Jan. 12.—Humberford Pollock, of this city, a former president of the Kootenay Central railway, is corresponding with Sir Thomas Shaughnessy with a view to securing the services of the Duke of Connaught to assist at the opening ceremonies of the Kootenay Central railway at Fort Steele.

FIRE AT FERNIE.

Fernie, Jan. 12.—Two fires occurred here the other morning. The first was at Cady's stable in the north end of the town. The fire brigade had just got that one out and were turning the hose when a second alarm was turned in from the fire hall. They rushed back toward the hall and saw the fire was a building known as the Gill boarding house. Adjoining the "Gill" is Bruce's hall, which suffered only a small amount of damage, but the Gill boarding house is a total wreck.

FERNIE'S NEW ARMORY.

Fernie, Jan. 12.—Ferne is to have a new armory. Tenders for the new building are to be submitted on January 24, when the contract will be let. The building will be 40 by 80 feet with basement and two upper stories. The armory will be located on Victoria Avenue north upon a block secured some time ago.

A shooting gallery will be located in the basement and lecture rooms, and officers' quarters will be located on the other floors. When completed, the building will cost approximately \$40,000.

PHEASANTS PERISH.

New Westminster, Jan. 12.—Reports have been received from several points in vicinity of the city that the continued snow has resulted in the death of a number of the game pheasants which abound in the district. A number of head pheasants found by one man were found to have nothing but bark and twigs in their crops, death being due to starvation.

Leaky Roofs Repaired by Newton & Greer Co., 1326 Wharf street, makers of "Nag" composition.

NEW WESTMINSTER BUILDING.

New Westminster, Jan. 12.—Buildings to the value of over a million and a half were planned and mainly constructed in New Westminster during the year 1911, according to the building inspector's report. Previously to this year no record was kept, so that comparisons are impossible, but it is believed that this total is well in excess of any reached in earlier years. A satisfactory feature of the report is that it shows that this department is apparently self-sustaining. A total of \$1,366.40 was collected in fees during the eleven months, and as the value of permits granted last January is estimated at \$200,000, the sum for the twelve months would have reached over \$1,600, which would have been sufficient to pay the single salary and the office expenses. The figures for the eleven months are as follows: Value of buildings, \$1,126,355; fees for building permits, \$1,174.40; fees for street permits, \$190; total fees, \$1,366.40.

FREE LIGHT AND FUEL.

Kamloops, Jan. 12.—At the final meeting of the old council Rev. Mr. Ladner and Mr. Dalgleish, as a deputation, waited on the council on the subject of the free reading room movement. Mr. Ladner in a few words explained that a room had been secured in the old court house for this purpose, and that it had been fitted up and was now in daily use. He asked the city to co-operate by granting free light and fuel and to have permission for the room to be kept open on Sundays. The reading room filled a long felt want in the city.

FACE PEELING AT HOME

(From Ladies' Favorite Magazine.) Any woman nowadays may quickly rejuvenate her complexion at home by a safe and painless process of gentle absorption. The days of expensive and dangerous "operations" are past and each woman can be her own beauty doctor. It has been discovered that ordinary macerated wax, applied like cold cream at night, will cause the thin veil of lifeless, sallow or blotchy cuticle to gently flake off in invisible, flour-like particles, revealing the fresh, vigorous and beautiful young skin underneath. The wax absorbs only the unhealthy and unsightly outer film and does not affect the healthy tissue at all.

The process defies detection and unweaves a lasting and beautiful complexion which is, of course, a perfectly natural one. For this purpose thousands of women are now using macerated wax, which may be obtained at any drug store. Naturally the process also removes all such surface blemishes as freckles, blotches, pimples, tan, liver spots, etc. It makes the face look years younger and prettier and renders the use of face creams unnecessary.

If a cyclist were to ride round the coast of England and Wales he would cover a distance of nearly 2,500 miles.

BUILDING OF NEW FIRE HALL URGED

Nelson Civic Officials Submit Reports for the Past Year

Nelson, Jan. 12.—That the death rate in the city of Nelson and its suburbs during the past year did not exceed .87 of 1 per cent, was shown by the report of J. K. Smith, caretaker at the city cemetery, which was read at the last meeting of the old council. According to a list submitted by Mr. Smith there were 61 burials during the year. As these burials included several deaths from outside points and as very few bodies were shipped from Nelson or the suburbs to other places, the percentage of deaths to every hundred population, figuring the population on the basis of 7,000 given by A. B. Bockstader, census commissioner, the figure of .87 per cent is well within the mark. This makes the death rate per thousand 8.71.

Donald Guthrie, chief of the fire department, reported that during the past year the brigade had responded to 48 alarms. The loss, apart from the brewery fire, said the chief, was small. The total was \$24,875, and the fire occasioning this loss were in buildings upon which a total insurance of \$145,000 was carried. A large number of the fires were during the epidemic of incendiarism in August.

A recommendation for a new hall were made by the chief. He described the present hall as poorly located, unsanitary and dilapidated. Following the report of the city engineer, G. C. Mackay, in answer to some questions by Ald. Gallagher, chairman of the board of works, gave the following comparative figures, of the work carried out and its cost in 1910 and 1911: In 1910 no new sewers were built, the cost of maintenance being \$529; last year 4,062 feet were built at a cost of \$5,243. The expenditure on waterworks in 1910 was \$2,318, and in 1911, \$3,559. In 1910, 8,384 feet of new plank sidewalks cost \$2,254, and last year 12,196 feet cost \$2,502. Last year 2,045 feet of cement sidewalks were built at a cost of \$7,253, and in 1910 50 feet were constructed at a cost of \$180. Last year six new cement crossings were built, compared with one in the previous year. The expenditure on streets in 1910 was \$9,211, and last year it was \$9,502. All reports were referred to the incoming council.

RESIDENT GUN LICENSE.

Cranbrook, Jan. 12.—At a meeting of the Cranbrook District Fish and Game Protective Association the following resolutions were passed: That the trout fishing season extend from May 1 to October 15 in each year; that a resident gun license of \$2 for Cranbrook district be enforced; that the number of deer allowed each hunter be reduced from five to two; that the season for deer open September 1 and close November 30 in each year; that Thomas Gaven, M. L. A., be requested to ascertain the views of the government in regard to prohibiting the sale of deer meat and report the result to a subsequent meeting.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session for an Act granting to The Victoria Harbor Railway Company an extension of time within which to commence and continuously and effectually proceed with the construction of its railway, and also an extension of time within which to spend fifteen per cent. of its authorized capital upon the construction of its railway.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 4th day of December, 1911.

ROBERTSON & HEISTERMAN, Solicitors for the Applicants.

Y. M. C. A. Night School

See the educational secretary at the Y. M. C. A. this week.

HOLLAND HOUSE NEW YORK CITY

Offers, at moderate rates, substantial comforts with the elegance, luxury and entertainment demanded by connoisseurs as the best in Hotel-life. Holland House, Fifth Ave. and 30th St.

THE MOST MAGNIFICENT WINTER RESORT HOTEL.

Situated in the most picturesque middle-south Accessible from New York via Railroad and Steamship Lines.

Opens January 12th

18-HOLE GOLF COURSE. MILES OF AUTOMOBILE ROADS.

Unexcelled Cuisine and Service. Booklets and reservations address HOLLAND HOUSE, 8th Ave. and 30th St. New York City

Hampton Terrace

AUGUSTA, GA.



Harrison Hot Springs, B.C.

The most noted summer and winter resort in the Pacific Northwest. Open all the year. Steam heated, electric lighted. Long distance telephone service. A PLACE FOR THE CONVALESCENT. Situated only 70 miles from the Coast amid unsurpassed scenery. Write for descriptive booklet and dates.

ST. ALICE HOTEL

Harrison Hot Springs, B. C.

KNICKERBOCKER HOTEL

Cor. Madison Street and Seventh Ave., Seattle.

A first-class family hotel. Steam heat and private phone in every room. Transient rate, \$1.00 per day up.

D. A. GALEY, Proprietor.

TRY A TIMES WANT AD

NOTICE

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the Matter of James Faulds, Deceased, Intestate, and in the Matter of the Official Administrators' Act.

Notice is hereby given, at and under an order granted by the Honorable Mr. Justice Clement, dated the 21st day of December, 1911, the undersigned, was appointed administrator of the estate of the above deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are requested to send particulars of same to me on or before the 22nd day of January, 1912, and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 20th day of December, 1911.

WM. MONTEITH, Official Administrator.

NOTICE

"Navigable Waters Protection Act."

Notice is hereby given that Ludwig Hermann Leonholm and John Barnaley of Victoria, British Columbia, are applying to His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada in Council for approval of the area plans, site and description of a proposed extension to be constructed in Selkirk Waters, Victoria Arm, Victoria, B. C., being on the lands situated lying and being in the city of Victoria aforesaid, and known, numbered and described as lots thirty-four (34), thirty-five (35) and thirty-six (36) Burnside Extension of the Work Estate as shown on the map or plan filed in the Land Registry Office at the City of Victoria, British Columbia, and numbered one hundred and eleven (111) and has deposited the area and site plans of the proposed works and a description thereof with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and a duplicate thereof with the Registrar General of Titles in the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, and that the matter of the said application will be proceeded with at the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice in the "Canada Gazette." Dated this 11th day of December, A. D. 1911.

LUDWIG HERMANN LOENHOLM, JOHN BARNLEY, Petitioners.

RE CHARLES M'KEIVERS SMITH, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of Charles M'Keivers Smith, late of Victoria, British Columbia, who died on 24th November, 1911, and whose will has been proved in the Supreme Court of British Columbia by Robert Charles Smith, the executor thereof named, are hereby required to send particulars of their claims to the undersigned on or before the 20th April, 1912, after which date the executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice, and all persons indebted to the deceased are requested to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the undersigned forthwith.

Dated 26th January, 1912.

CREASE & CREASE, Victoria, B. C.



Holland House, Fifth Ave. and 30th St.

THE MOST MAGNIFICENT WINTER RESORT HOTEL.

Situated in the most picturesque middle-south Accessible from New York via Railroad and Steamship Lines.

Opens January 12th

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Cor. Madison Street and Seventh Ave., Seattle.

A first-class family hotel. Steam heat and private phone in every room. Transient rate, \$1.00 per day up.

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NOTICE

"Navigable Waters Protection Act."

Notice is hereby given that Ludwig Hermann Leonholm and John Barnaley of Victoria, British Columbia, are applying to His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada in Council for approval of the area plans, site and description of a proposed extension to be constructed in Selkirk Waters, Victoria Arm, Victoria, B. C., being on the lands situated lying and being in the city of Victoria aforesaid, and known, numbered and described as lots thirty-four (34), thirty-five (35) and thirty-six (36) Burnside Extension of the Work Estate as shown on the map or plan filed in the Land Registry Office at the City of Victoria, British Columbia, and numbered one hundred and eleven (111) and has deposited the area and site plans of the proposed works and a description thereof with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and a duplicate thereof with the Registrar General of Titles in the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, and that the matter of the said application will be proceeded with at the expiration of one month from the time of the first publication of this notice in the "Canada Gazette." Dated this 11th day of December

F. W. STEVENSON & CO.

Stock and Bond Brokers.

104-106 Pemberton Building. Cor. Fort and Broad Streets.

FUNDS INVESTED FOR CLIENTS.Orders Executed on all Exchanges on Commission.
Private Wires to Vancouver, Winnipeg, Toronto, Montreal.**BANK OF MONTREAL**

Established 1817.

Capital, all paid up. \$14,400,000.00. Rest. \$12,000,000.00. Undivided Profits. \$881,561.44.
Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, G.C.M.G., and G.C.V.O., Hon. President.

Richard B. Angus, President.

Sir Edward S. Clouston, Bart., Vice-President and General Manager.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

SAVINGS BANK.Interest Allowed on Deposits at Highest Current Rates.
Correspondents in all Parts of the World.

A. J. C. GALLETTY - - - - - Manager, Victoria

Pioneer Bank of British Columbia

The Bank of British North America

Started business in Canada, 1850. Opened in Victoria, 1858. 76 years in business. Capital and reserve over \$7,500,000.

Over Three-Quarters of a Century,

of sound banking, and steady progress has demonstrated the strength and security of the Bank of British North America. Your savings could not be safer than with us. Interest at highest current rates is added twice a year. Money may be withdrawn at any time.

Drafts, Telegraphic Transfers and letters of credit issued on Hong Kong, Shanghai, Indian and all parts of the world. A general banking business conducted.

D. S. DOIG - - - - - VICTORIA BRANCH - - - - - Manager

BANKERS' MONEY ORDERS

We issue both Canadian and American Bankers' Orders.

SAVING DEPARTMENT

Deposits of One Dollar received. No delay in withdrawals.

THE Merchants Bank of Canada

Established 1864

Capital Paid Up

\$6,000,000

Reserve Funds

\$4,600,000

Victoria Branch

R. F. TAYLOR

Manager

JOINT ACCOUNTS

Two or more persons may open a joint account and withdraw individually.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES TO RENT

A secure place for valuables.

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

HEAD OFFICE WINNIPEG.

Capital (authorized) \$6,000,000 - Capital (paid up) \$2,200,000

DIRECTORS

President - - - - - Sir D. H. McMillan, K. C. M. G.

Vice-President - - - - - Capt. Wm. Robinson

Jas. H. Ashdown - - - - - H. T. Champion

Hon. D. C. Cameron - - - - - W. C. Leistikow

Hon. R. P. Roblin

General Manager - - - - - Robt. Campbell

Supt. of B. C. Branches - - - - - J. P. Roberts

A General Banking Business Transacted

Godfrey Booth, Manager - - - - - Victoria Branch

European CapitalFurnished for attractive enterprises in all substantial lines of business.
Railroads, Tractions, Water and Electric Powers, Irrigations, Timber, Mining, Agricultural and Industrial.Bond, Debenture and Stock Issues Underwritten. Purchased or Sold.
Properties purchased for European exploitation and investment.
Financial Undertakings of all sorts handled.
Miscellaneous commissions and orders of all characters accepted for execution in any European country.

Correspondence enclosing full details at first writing invited.

The International Bankers Alliance

45 Mark Lane, London, England.

MINERAL PRODUCTION.

Ottawa, Jan. 13.—Canadian mineral production last year totalled \$105,000,000, an increase of 11 per cent. Gold production amounted to more than \$10,000,000, silver \$17,000,000, nickel \$11,000,000, and pig iron \$11,000,000.

AUTHOR ENDS LIFE.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 13.—Luigi Delano Ventura, an Italian of noble birth and of great ability as a writer and linguist, committed suicide here by shooting himself through the heart in a fit of despondency due to family troubles and poor luck as a teacher of languages. His complete surname was Ventura de Lecce Baria, and his family line traces back as far as 1299.

Prof. Ventura began his career as a page in the court of King Humbert. While a young man he came to this country and made considerable reputation through "Peppino," the story of an Italian newsboy in New York. In the room in which he took his life lay a letter from Interstate Commerce Commissioner Franklin K. Lane, who wrote: "I hope that with the dawn of a new year you will appreciate life is not a dreary blank for you."

But in a note left for his daughter Lillian Ventura he said: "Life is too hard now, I have no brains, no ideas, and you will be happier after this ordeal."

Shiloh's Cure
STOPS COUGHS HEALS THE LUNGS
PRICE 25 CENTS**TRADING QUIET ON NEW YORK MARKET**

World Politics Important Factor—Expansion of Short Interests

New York, Jan. 13.—Not much trading was in evidence in the New York stock market for the short session today. The action of the Lehigh Valley directors in declaring a 10 per cent. cash dividend at the same time offering stockholders the privilege of subscribing to the extent of ten per cent. of their holdings of old stock in new stock of a corporation to be formed and which will be designed to act as a selling agency for the output of the company's coal properties, was seemingly a disappointment to many, but it is now realized that there is a prospect of a company segregating its coal properties at a later date. The foreign news of late has been rather disturbing, as international politics show a disposition to again become a world factor owing to recent changes in France, and this has had the influence of causing some liquidation of American issues by foreigners in order that the financial position of the latter might be improved. Discussion relative to the recent disaster in this city, has subsided greatly owing to the fact that bulk of securities have been found to be intact. The short interest has expended materially during the past ten days and many weak accounts eliminated, and as a result the list has been placed in a much stronger position.

(By Courtesy F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

	High	Low	Bid
Amal. Copper	63	63	63
Am. Beet Sugar	56	56	56
Am. Can. pref.	92	92	92
Am. Smelting	71	70	70
Am. Tel. & Tel.	141	140	140
Am. Tobacco pref.	102	102	102
Atchafalpa	102	102	102
B. & O.	102	102	102
B. R. T.	77	77	77
C. & P. R.	222	222	222
C. & O.	73	72	72
C. M. & St. P.	107	107	107
Con. Gas	112	112	112
Erie	31	31	31
Do. lat. pref.	52	52	52
Goldfield Cons.	41	41	41
G. N. pref.	125	125	125
G. N. Ore. effs.	89	89	89
Inter-Metro	172	171	171
Do. pref.	561	561	561
L. & N.	182	182	182
Lehigh Valley	182	182	182
Atlantic Coast	134	134	134
Mo. Pacific	32	32	32
Nat. Lead	332	331	331
Nev. Cons.	128	128	128
N. Y. C. & St. L.	102	102	102
N. Y. C. pref.	116	116	116
Pacific Mail	32	32	32
Pennsy.	122	122	122
Reading	122	122	122
Rep. Iron & Steel	32	32	32
Do. pref.	85	84	84
S. P.	110	109	109
Sou. Railway	24	24	24
Tenn. Copper	37	37	37
U. P.	102	102	102
Do. pref.	32	32	32
U. S. Rubber	41	41	41
U. S. Steel	67	67	67
Do. pref.	111	110	110
Utah Copper	56	56	56
Western Union	82	82	82
Westinghouse	74	73	73
Total sales	27,300 shares.		

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Jan. 13.—Money on call domestic at 100 days, 30 days, 6 months, 1 year, 2 years, 3 years, 4 years, 5 years, 6 years, 7 years, 8 years, 9 years, 10 years, 11 years, 12 years, 13 years, 14 years, 15 years, 16 years, 17 years, 18 years, 19 years, 20 years, 21 years, 22 years, 23 years, 24 years, 25 years, 26 years, 27 years, 28 years, 29 years, 30 years, 31 years, 32 years, 33 years, 34 years, 35 years, 36 years, 37 years, 38 years, 39 years, 40 years, 41 years, 42 years, 43 years, 44 years, 45 years, 46 years, 47 years, 48 years, 49 years, 50 years, 51 years, 52 years, 53 years, 54 years, 55 years, 56 years, 57 years, 58 years, 59 years, 60 years, 61 years, 62 years, 63 years, 64 years, 65 years, 66 years, 67 years, 68 years, 69 years, 70 years, 71 years, 72 years, 73 years, 74 years, 75 years, 76 years, 77 years, 78 years, 79 years, 80 years, 81 years, 82 years, 83 years, 84 years, 85 years, 86 years, 87 years, 88 years, 89 years, 90 years, 91 years, 92 years, 93 years, 94 years, 95 years, 96 years, 97 years, 98 years, 99 years, 100 years.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

(By Courtesy F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

	Open	High	Low	Close
Jan.	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40
Feb.	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40
March	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40
April	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40
May	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40
June	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40
July	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40
Aug.	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40
Sept.	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40
Oct.	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40
Nov.	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40
Dec.	9.30	9.40	9.30	9.40

NEW YORK SUGAR.

New York, Jan. 13.—Raw sugar quiet. Muscovado, 89 test, \$2.22; centrifugal, 96 test, \$2.32; molasses sugar, 99 test, \$2.47; refined sugar easy, cubes, \$5.75; granulated, fine, \$5.95; powdered, \$5.60.

TORONTO STOCKS

(By Courtesy F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

	Bid	Ask
Amal. Asbestos	4	4
Do. pref.	95	95
B. C. Packers	95	95
Do. "B"	98	98
Bell Telephone	73	73
Canada Cement	29	29
Do. pref.	112	112
Can. Gen. Electric	113	113
Canadian Salt	104	104
Consumers Gas	102	102
Crow's Nest	10	10
Dom. Iron, pref.	89	89
Dom. Steel Works	57	57
Dom. Telegraph	104	104
Duluth Superior	89	89
Elec. Dev. Co. pref.	60	60
Maple Leaf	91	91
Do. pref.	95	95
Mex. L. & P.	85	85
Mex. Railway	121	121
Montreal Power	79	79
Northern Nav. Co.	112	112
N. S. Steel	59	59
Pennam's	59	59
Do. pref.	84	84
Porto Rico Railway	75	75
R. & O. Nav. Co.	124	124
Rio Janeiro Tram	112	112
Sa. L. & S. Nav. Co.	90	90
Sao Paulo Tram	104	104
Shredded Wheat	78	78
Toronto Railway	137	137
Winnipeg Railway	80	80

VICTORIA STOCK EXCHANGE

Victoria, Jan. 13.—There has been for the last week much activity on the local stock market. Red Cliff and Nugget Gold advanced several points. Portland Canal and Maricopa Oil were in strong demand, while other stocks remained firm. The whole of the market looks strong.

	Bid	Ask
American Canadian Oil	50	50
Canadian Northwest Oil	30	30
Can. Pac. Oil	30	30
Maricopa Oil	50	50
International Coal & Coke	50	50
Nicola Valley Coal & Coke	50	50
Royal Collieries	50	50
Western Coal & Coke	50	50
B. C. Packers, cont.	70	70
C. N. P. Fisheries	2.25	4.00
R. C. Permanent Loan	120	120
Cominor Trust	120	120
Great West Permanent	120	120
Pacific Loan	25	30
Stewart Land	7.00	7.00
R. C. Copper	4.25	4.25
Can. Cons. & R.	40	40
Granby	30	30
Coronation Gold	30	40
Kootenay Gold	45	45
Lucky Jim Zinc	22	22
Red Cliff	45	45
Rambler Carbon	50	50
Standard Lead	1.75	1.75
Gleicher Creek	60	60
Portland Canal	90	90
Red Cliff	50	50
Stewart M. & D.	25	25
Klaskino Gold	100	100
Snowstorm	18	18

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Bid	Ask
Amalgamated Development	1.50	1.50
Balfour's Patents	1.50	1.50
British Pacific Coal	15	21
R. C. Pulp & Paper	20	20
Capital Finance	50	50
Island Investment	50	50
Kootenay Jam	20	100
Lasqueti	100	100
Main Reef	35	35
Portland Cement	75	75
Quaisno Land	25	25
S. A. Scrip	750	750
Salt Spring Island Creamery	7.00	9.50
Stewart Light, W. & P.	15	23
Vancouver Valley	15	15
Vic. Phoenix Brewery	110	110
Vic. Transfer	40	40
McGillivray Coal	23	23
Snowshoe	10	10

BANK STATEMENT.New York, Jan. 13.—The statement of clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks hold \$29,658,250 reserve in excess of the legal requirements. This is an increase of \$5,322,000 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week. The statement follows:
Actual condition—Loans, \$1,931,847,000; increase, \$38,125,000. Specie, \$38,380,000; increase, \$1,762,000. Legal tenders, \$2,552,000; increase, \$5,508,000. Net deposits, \$1,826,622,000; increase, \$60,314,000. Circulation, \$2,924,000; decrease, \$228,000. Banks' cash reserve in vaults, \$38,380,000. Trust companies' cash reserve in vaults, \$5,512,000. Aggregate cash reserve, \$43,892,000. Excess lawful reserve, \$4,860,000; increase, \$1,711,300. Trust companies' reserve with clearing house members carrying twenty-five per cent. cash reserve, \$7,325,000. Summary of state banks and trust companies in Greater New York not reporting to the New York clearing house: Loans, \$1,145,000; decrease, \$385,000. Specie, \$1,338,000; decrease, \$117,500. Legal tenders, \$11,938,000; increase, \$67,100. Total deposits, \$887,182,200; decrease, \$1,082,300.**FINANCIAL NOTES.**

J. P. Morgan & Co. will in a few days make formal announcement of its purchase of 20,000,000 three-year 5 per cent. notes of International Harvester Co.

CHECKING UP ACCOUNTS.

Reply to Election Officials Who Complain of Delay in Payment.

SOUTH RENFREW ELECTION.

Conservatives Will Hold Convention to Select Candidates.

Ottawa, Jan. 13.—Circulars have been issued calling for a convention of South Renfrew Conservatives for selection of a candidate to oppose Hon. George P. Graham at the approaching bye-election. The convention will be held on Friday at Renfrew. Dr. Macdonald, who ran as a conservative candidate in the general election against A. Low, is still considered the probable choice for the coming fight.

TWO FIRES.

Sydney, N. S., Jan. 13.—The Unique theatre was destroyed by fire and with great difficulty the Sydney hotel was saved. Only a few people were in the theatre at the time, and all left the building safely. The fire was caused by the explosion of a film. In five minutes the building was all in flames, and fifteen minutes afterwards the theatre was in ruins. The Belmont hotel in North Sydney was gutted by fire and the loss will be heavy. A defective chimney caused the fire, which for a time threatened the whole town.

CHICAGO WHEAT MARKET WEAKER

Conditions Are Bearish—Easier Feeling in the Northwest

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Wheat opened heavy with local bears selling a little May. There was also some selling by outside longs on stop orders, but commission houses were fair buyers on the break to 98. Trade features were not very clear. Argentine news was doubtful, the worst reports from that quarter probably being exaggerated. The cash wheat demand was disappointing, and Northwest markets showed less snap. Altogether the local feeling was little bearish, but the market is sure to get active support on any good break under the dollar. A group of bull leaders in corn took a big line sold out yesterday. Belief in larger receipts with milder weather may give a little natural reaction, and oats followed the same course, as shorts largely covered.

(By Courtesy F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

	Open	High	Low	Close
Wheat—				
May	99	99	99	99
July	94	94	94	94
Sept.	93	93	93	93
Corn—				
May	64	64	64	64
July	63	64	64	64
Sept.	65	65	65	65
Oats—				
May	49	49	49	49
July	49	49	49	49
Sept.	49	49	49	49
Pork—				
May	16.22	16.35	16.27	16.27

**Savings Department**Will receive your money on deposit and pay interest at 4 per cent. thereon.
Will pay cheques drawn against your deposits.**Trust Department**Will bear the cost of drawing your will.
Will administer your estate.
Will act as a guardian for your children or for persons of unsound mind.
Will execute every trust with fidelity.**Insurance Department**Will insure your buildings or their contents against fire.
Will insure your plate glass against breakage.
Will insure you against defalcations by your employees.
Will insure you against accident to your workmen.**Rent Department**Will procure tenants for your vacant houses.
Will collect your rents.
Will attend to the payment of your taxes.
Will care for your property and give it personal attention.**Dominion Trust Co., Ltd.**

909 Government Street

VICTORIA STOCK EXCHANGE

Board Room, Pemb

